THE WEATHER
Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

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WILMINGTON

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ONE SECTION

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FATIGUE AND PRIVATIONS HAVE OVERPOWERED BOTH GREAT ARMIES

Stillness So Intense That Presence of Two Armies, Composed Probably of a Million or More Men, Within Touch of an Uneven Line and Ready to Spring to Fatal Grip, Scarcely Can be Conceived—Both Sides Now Snatching a Little, Needed, Rest.

ALLIES LIKE THE GERMANS HAVE ENTRENCHED

All Settled Down for the Stern Fight Which Threatens to be Even Longer and More Sanguinary Than the Battle of the Marne—Both Sides Appear to Have Abandoned Rash Movements Across the Open, the Machine Guns Having Taught Lesson.

On the Battle Front—Via Paris—Sept. 19.—Overpowering fatigue and privations resulting from five days of unrelenting struggle, brought about last night a temporary lull in the combat of the powerful armies that are face to face along the rivers Oise, Aisne and Woevre.

The roar of cannon, machine guns and rifles died down early last evening, and the presence of two armies composing probably altogether 1,000,000 or more men, within touch of an uneven line, and ready to spring to a fatal grip, scarcely could be conceived, so intense was the stillness, broken only by an occasional vagrant report.

The soldiers of the allies and the Germans alike were snatching a little rest, huddled up in the strong entrenchments —in some places the trenches were half filled with water, as equinoctial storms continue.

The French and British, like the Germans, have entrenched and settled down for the stern fight which threatens to be even longer and more sanguinary than the battle of the Marne.

Progress is being made at some points by the allies, but very slowly, and the developments of the past 24 hours are not important, except that it is officially confirmed that the Germans have received reinforcements from Lorraine.

There were a few isolated encounters today, but both sides appear to have abandoned the rash movements across the open which marked the early stages of the war. Obviously, the deadly machine guns have taught a lesson.

One of the incidents of yesterday, when fierce fighting was awful in its sarcifices, was widely recounted today:

A British infantry regiment, upon receiving an order to advance and take a German position, knelt for a moment in prayer. Then the men, knowing their charge was to be terrible in cost, sprang to their feet and with fixed bayonets clambered out of the shelter of the trench. In short and rapid rushes they advanced in wide open order, alternately lying down and then making another dash of fifteen yards. From the German position came the thick hail of the machine guns. The attacking soldiers hurrahed and sang as they pressed forward. Many fell with cries of determination on their lips.

Finally, those who remained of the regiment reached and took the German position, after a desperate hand to hand encounter.

This was only one among many similar acts of courage and discipline on the part of the French, British and Germans alike at various points along the line.

AS SEEN FROM BERLIN.

Developments Summarized in German Official Statement.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—by wireless via Sayville, L. I.—The following official statement from the German headquarters was issued today:

"It is learned that an attack is being made by the 13th and 4th army corps and parts of other German divisions south of the Noyon, with loss.

"Beaumont has been stormed and 2,500 French prisoners captured. Attacks along the entire battle front are being easily repulsed.

"Many guns and prisoners have been captured, though the number is not yet available.

"The invasion of the Alpine Riflemen over the Voges into the Breisach Valley has been repulsed.

"The German eastern army continues its operations in Suwalki province and is advancing against the Russian forces.

"Despatches from Agram report that the victory over the Servians was far greater than at first expected.

"The Servians were routed and driven in flight across the Save river. Many were drowned."

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

French Say Germans Have Gained No Ground.

Paris, Sept. 19.—The French official communication issued tonight says that in a serious encounter near Craonne the allies have captured numbers of prisoners and a standard.

The Germans are reported to have gained no g round, notwithstanding their violent counter attacks.

The situation on the whole is described as unchanged.

The statement follows:

(Continued on Page Two.)

SUMMARY OF DEVELOPMENTS IN WAR ZONE

In the midst of heavy gales, the battle between the allied forces and the Germans in Northern France continues, apparently with unabated fury, after six days of fighting. Seemingly the most serious engagements have occurred around Rheims, on the plateau of Craonne and near Noyon.

The French official statement announces the capture of prisoners near Craonne, in what is termed a "rather serious engagement" with the Twelfth and Fifteenth German corps. The Germans in this vicinity have carried out a number of violent attacks, which, however, are reported to have been repulsed.

The town of Rheims has been under bombardment for three days, the Germans using their heavy guns from a distance of three miles, and pouring a veritable rain of shells on the place, which is one of the most historically interesting cities in France.

It was from this town that Joan of Arc expelled the English in 1429. The former Cathedral of Notre Dame, dating from the Thirteenth century, is reported to have been struck by German shells.

British authorities give out no statement as to the progress of the battle, but have issued a list of officers killed in action during recent days. The list contains the names of Captain R. N. Grenfel, the polo player; Captain Lord Guernsey, eldest son of the Earl of Aylesford, and Col. F. R. F. Boileau, of the general staff.

From Petrograd it is announced officially that the Russian troops have captured the fortified positions of Seniava and Sambor, in Galicia. The Austrian rear guard has been repulsed beyond the San river, and the Russians have taken 3,000 prisoners, 3,000 cases of ammunition and some guns.

Russian official reports also say there has been no fighting on the German frontiers.

A report from the Austro-Italian frontier from Rome says that 300,000 Austrian troops are watching the Italian border.

The Austrian dreadnought Viribus Unitis, one of the largest ships in the navy, is reported to have been badly damaged in an engagement in the Adriatic, but escaped her pursuers.

WARNING SENT TO MARCONI COMPANY

Must Strictly Observe Rules of Navy Department.

IN OPERATING WIRELESS

Otherwise, Says Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Wireless Station at Siasconsett, Mass., Will be Closed—Complaints.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Secretary Daniels sent warning to the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Co., tonight that unless it strictly observed rules regarding the operation of the wireless, it would be necessary to close the wireless station at Siasconsett, Mass.

Unless a prompt and satisfactory explanation is forthcoming of the action of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America in receiving and forwarding a message from the British cruiser Suffolk to a British admiralty agent in New York regarding supplies for the warship, the company's station at Siasconset, Mass., will be closed for all communication.

This was the reply of Secretary Daniels tonight to protests of the company against the right of the United States to establish censorship over its stations.

The warning was contained in a letter, addressed to John W. Griggs, of New York, president of the company.

"The President is advised by his Attorney General," Secretary Daniels said, "that he has full authority to close down or take charge of and operate the plant of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America should it be deemed necessary to insure obedience of his position of neutrality, and that acting under executive orders by which I am authorized by the President to prevent transmission of unneutral messages, my department will continue to retain its censors at the plants of your company, in order to enforce the neutrality of the United States.

"Unless a prompt reply to this letter is received giving a satisfactory explanation or an expression of intention on the part of your company to observe carefully the rules for the control of radio communication and to co-operate freely with this department in the enforcement of those rules, it will be necessary for me to issue orders for the closing of the Siasconset station for all communication."

NEUTRALITY OF SWITZERLAND.

Will be Respected by Austria, France and Italy—Agreement.

Paris, Sept. 20.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency says that in respect to Switzerland's neutrality, Switzerland, France and Austria have affirmed their intention scrupulously to respect Swiss neutrality.

The dispatch adds that Italy, though not a signer of the act of recognition of 1815, has made a similar declaration.

SCHOONER POUNDED TO PIECES BY GALE

Between 70 and 80 Persons Drowned at Sea.

PASSENGERS AND CREW

Men, Women and Children Lost Their Lives When Three Masted Schooner Leggett Went Down. Off Portland, Ore.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 19.—Between 70 and 80 men, women and children, coastwise passengers and crew, were drowned late yesterday when the three masted steam schooner Francis H. Leggett was pounded to pieces in a gale 60 miles from the mouth of the Columbia river.

Two men rescued by passing steamer and carried to Astoria and Portland told how the sea tore the vessel to pieces, and how the passengers were drowned a boat load at a time, as the life boats put off, or met their fate a little later when the vessel overturned.

Alexander Farrell, a survivor, said that at the height of the storm, Capt. J. Jensen, of San Francisco, a passenger who lost his own ship six months ago, went to the aid of Capt. Moro, of the Leggett, took command of the passengers and controlled them until he sank with the schooner.

The schooner's wireless raised only the Japanese cruiser Idzumo and sank hours before any craft reached her position. The steamer Beaver, which caught the Idzumo's report of the Leggett's distress, said the Idzumo gave no position for the distressed vessel.

Plunging on her course for the Columbia river, the Beaver ran upon the oil tanker Buck, standing by a swirl of wreckage and timber that indicated where the Leggett had sunk. The Buck transferred Farrell to the Beaver for treatment. She remained for some time searching for bodies afloat.

The other rescued passenger, Geo. H. Pullman, of Winnipeg, Canada, is on board the Buck.

RUSSIANS SUCCEED IN GALICIA.

Officially Announced by Headquarters at Petrograd.

Paris, Sept. 19.—An official announcement by Russian headquarters sent by the Petrograd correspondent of the Havas Agency, says:

"The Russian troops have captured the fortified positions of Siniava and Sambor (In Galicia). The Austrian rear guard has been thrown back beyond the San river in the region of Radymno and Medyka.

The Austrians destroyed the bridges in the region of Sandomir and Radomysl. The Russians captured 3,000 prisoners and 22 cannon in the region of Memirou and have taken 3,000 cases of ammunition."

SENATE RECESSES AFTER 30 HOURS

Fight to Break Down Filibuster is Given Up.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL

By Monday the Democrats Will Have Held Conferences and Possibly Have Agreed to Compromise With Opposition.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Democratic champions of the rivers and harbors appropriation bill gave up their fight to break down the filibuster of Senators Burton and Kenyon against the measure at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon after a session which had been continuous since 11 o'clock Friday morning.

The senators from Ohio and Iowa had reinforcements coming for the filibusterers Monday. In the meantime the Democrats will hold conferences, and possibly agree to a compromise with the opposition.

One force that influenced the Democrats to give up their entrenched position against the filibuster was declared tonight to be the President's attitude. Mr. Wilson has advocated strict economy of government expenditures in view of the financial stringency and the forthcoming war tax. Several Democrats have proposed that the bill be deferred until next session.

The committee substitute for section 1 of the bill, cutting $18,000,000 from the original $53,000,000 was introduced today, after which Senator Burton offered an amendment requiring the total to be about $28,000,000. This, it is said, will form the basis for the compromise.

Senator Borah will return to aid the Republicans Monday. He was ready to help tonight had the Democrats insisted upon a night session.

Senator Burton talked all night Friday but remained at his post until relieved by Senator Kenyon this morning. At 2 o'clock this afternoon he again took up the struggle. Occasionally he was compelled to sit on the arm of a chair, talking from that position. Though this was unprecedented, none of his colleagues demanded that the senator be in order by rising when addressing the Senate.

CATHEDRAL OF NOTRE DAME HIT EIGHT TIME

During Three Days Bombardment of Rheims by Germans.

London, Sept. 19.—The famous cathedral of Notre Dame at Rheims has been hit eight times by Germans shells during the three days bombardment of the town, according to the Evening News correspondent, who viewed the fighting from the cathedral tower Friday.

NO DECISIVE RESULT YET ACHIEVED BY EITHER ARMY

From French Official Reports, However, it Would Appear that Allied Forces Are Beginning to Make Their Continued Pressure Felt in Northern France—Troops Handicapped Greatly by Heavy Rains, Which Caused Swollen Streams and Mire.

THE TWO ARMIES ARE ABOUT EVENLY PLACED

Outcome Depends Largely Upon Which Can Bring Up Most Quickly Strongest Reinforcements—Russian Offensive Against Austria Slow—Claim Successes in East Prussia Against Germans—Peace Talk Finds No Encouragement.

London, Sept. 19.—Although no decisive result has been achieved by either of the great armies facing each other in Northern France, it would appear from the French official report issued today that the allied forces are beginning to make their continued pressure felt.

The French army, operating on the right bank of the river Oise in the region of Noyon, according to this report, has made some progress, while the Anglo-French forces, which a week ago crossed the river Aisne in the face of a withering fire from the German guns, now holds the heights to the north of that point. In the center the Germans have not moved from the trenches they dug when compelled to fall back, while the Crown Prince's army, which holds the German left, again has retired.

From this it is gathered that the main French attack is directed against the German left, with the object of driving it back towards Stenay and Sedan, thus cutting its line of communication to Metz. This would account for the strong reinforcements estimated at 50,000, that have been sent to support Gen. Von Kluck, who is making such a stubborn stand on the German right. As long as he can keep the allies busy there it would be impossible for them to despatch forces to assist in the main attack on the Crown Prince.

It was apparent from French accounts that the German right is in no small danger, particularly if it is true that a French turning movement is in progress from Amiens, in the direction of St. Quentin. Of this there is some evidence, because of the presence in that district of British airmen.

The troops, however, are handicapped greatly by heavy rains, which have caused swollen rivers and miry roads. They must fight for some days yet before a decisive result is reached. The outcome depends largely on which side can bring up most quickly the strongest reinforcements. The two armies are about evenly placed. The Germans have behind them the railways stretching into Belgium and Luxemburg, and Germany itself, while the allies have all France behind them in addition to the sea, which the British navy has kept open.

While the French railways have suffered greatly in the German advance on Paris and the retreat from that district, the French were long ago prepared for such a contingency. Army engineers and builders who have followed the fighting men, have relaid tracks and reconstructed bridges. The government had reserve material, already prepared, to duplicate every bridge likely to be destroyed by the enemy. This was taken to the appointed places in sections.

Germans Receive Re-Inforcements.

The Germans, it is said, have received 50,000 new men for the right wing, but, with the necessity of sending troops to the East, it is unlikely they are any stronger on the center and left than they were at the beginning of the battle.

The allies, with fewer men to draw on, are keeping their armies up to full strength and probably are increasing them. They soon will have many trained men from the British garrisons in Egypt, and later from India. The battle, however, may be over before the troops reach the front, so the allies must make the fight with what they have.

In Lorraine and Alsace the situation seems unchanged. None of the reports refers to fighting there.

Russians Vs. Austrians.

The Russian offensive against Austria is developing slowly. There are great stretches of country to cover and enormous numbers of men to move. Austria, it is computed, has not more than a half million ment left to guard her northern frontier against the Russian millions, but if she can withdraw them to Cracow in some sort of order she can rely on the help of a well trained German army corps.

It is to prevent this that Russia is beginning her energy. She at present has an army drawn across Galicia from Tarnogred, in the north, right down to the Carpathians, passing east of the fortresses of Sienawa, Jarostav, and Przemysl, all of which she is about to attack. This army is moving westward, while another, driving the second Austrian before it, according to Russian reports is moving south from Zamos and Radom between Przemysl and Cracow.

The Austrians are forming a new front to oppose this move and the two armies soon must come together. The Austrians have prepared for a long siege of Przemysl, having there provisions to last the garrison of 60,000 men two years.

In East Prussia.

On the East Prussian frontier the Russians claim not only to have arrested the German advance, but to have had some successes in counter attacks.

The talk of peace finds no encouragement in England. It is felt here that England was dragged into a war not of her making and that no peace overtures will be welcome at the present time.

FINAL AGREEMENT ON REVENUE BILL

Reported by House Ways and Means Committee.

GOES TO HOUSE MONDAY

Estimated Annual Revenue $105,000,000 —Bill in General Follows Lines of Spanish War Revenue Measure of 1898.

Washington, Sept. 19.—An emergency revenue bill to provide $105,000,000, taxing beer, wines, gasoline, sleeping and parlor car tickets, insurance, telegraph and telephone messages, amusements and a variety of documents, was agreed on late today by Democrats of the House ways and means committee. It will be introduced by Democratic Leader Underwood Monday.

Republicans of the committee will be called in Tuesday to vote on the bill and the House will begin considering it Thursday.

Republicans of both House and Senate have already gone on record in opposition to any war tax measure. Democratic hope to rush the bill through the House. The big fight will be in the Senate.

The committee increased the internal revenue tax on beer by 50 cents a barrel, making the new tax total $1.50. Domestic wines are to be taxew 20 cents a gallon on sweet wines and 12 cents a gallon on dry wines. Gasoline is to be taxed two cents a gallon.

Stamp tax provisions and the tax on tobacco dealers, brokers, bankers and amusements are carried in schedule A, which will contine in effect until Dec. 31, 1915. The remainder of the bill will be in force until repealed.

Items to be Taxed.

Bankers are to be taxed two dollars on each $1,000 of capital, surplus and undivided profits; brokers will pay $50 each, pawnbrokers $20; commercial brokers $20; customs house $10. Proprietors of theatres, museums, and concert halls in cities of 15,000 population or more are to pay $100 each. Circus proprietors are to pay $100 a year, proprietors of other exhibitions $10 and proprietors of bowling alleys and billiard rooms $5 for each alley or table.

Tobacco dealers and manufacturers are to be taxed the same as in 1898 except that in the largest class, "tobacco dealers not specifically provided for" the tax is to be $4.80 each. In 1898 there was a $12 tax on tobacco dealers having annual sales of 50,000 pounds or more.

Bonds and certificates of indebtedness are taxed five cents for each $100 involved and freight and express receipts one cent each. Telephone messages are to be taxed 1 cent and telegrams one cent each.

POLICE OF GOLDSBORO GRAPPLE WITH MYSTERY

Question is "Who Assaulted Walter Smith?"

He Names Well Known Man as His Assailant, but Brother Declares He is Mistaken in Identity. Bribery is Charged.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Sept. 19.—A Sherlock Holmes mystery engaged the attention of the local police authorities this afternoon as deep as the blue sea so far as they have been able to fathom same, while the alleged villain is still at large.

Mr. Walter Smith, who lives near Mount Olive, came to the city today to visit his mother in North Goldsboro, and claims that while he was eating dinner a well known man about town knocked at the front door, stated that a certain woman was in the house and demanded that she leave there. At this juncture, Smith says he walked around the house to learn the cause of the disturbance, when the alleged assailant opened fire upon him with a revolver, firing at him three times and while he grappled with him the man clubbed him over the head.

A brother of Smith was in the house and joined in the fight, but claims that Walter Smith is mistaken in regard to the identity of his assailant and that it was another man, while Walter claims the man has bribed his brother not to "squeal", and intends to fight it out in the higher courts, as he has witnesses who will substantiate his evidence.

The affair has caused a good deal of excitement and, while no arrests have yet been made, the case being so complicated on both sides, it is expected several arrests will be made Monday when the mystery will probably be solved. Both brothers were injured in the fight and Walter Smith received three bad scalp wounds.

BROADWAY JONES PLEASES.

Opening Attraction at Academy Witnessed by Small Crowds.

Geo. M. Cohan's comedy, "Broadway Jones," the season's first attraction at the Academy of Music, was witnessed by small audiences both at the matinee and night performances yesterday. Those who went, however, were pleased. The cast, on the whole, was not marked by any exception ability, but the members averaged well, and Bert Byron, in the title role, was splendid. The plot abounds with much wholesome, piquant comedy and there is scarcely a dull moment in the play.

The good impression of the improvements at the Academy since last season was slightly marred yesterday by slow stage service, especially at the matinee, but the crew will probably be whipped into better shape with the experience of one or two more shows.

Wednesday and Thursday Fall Opening days at C. W. Polvogt Co.
(advertisement)

ADVANCE RATE CASE IS TO HAVE A RE-HEARING

Will be Reopened by the Commerce Commission.

Under Specific Limitation That Consideration be Given Only to New Matter—Hearing to Begin Oct. 19 in Washington.

Washington, Sept. 1-9.—Re-opening the advance freight rate case under the specific limitation taht consideration be given only to new matters which eastern railroads contend have arisen since the original case was decided was granted today by the interstate commerce commission. Hearing will begin in Washington one month from today, the road renewing their plea for a general five percent increase in rates in eastern territory which the commission denied in its July decision. Shippers' organizations have indicated they will oppose any advance.

The principal arguments presented in the petition for further hearing included the financial showing of petitioners for June and July, and the interruption to sources of capital caused by the European war.

FATIGUE AND PRIVATION HAVE OVERPOWERED BOTH ARMIES

(Coninued From Page One.)

"On our left wing we have captured a flag south of Noyon.

"Following a rather serious engagement on the plateau of Craonne we have made a number of prisoners belonging to the Twelfth and Fifteenth corps. The Germans notwithstanding violent attacks, were unable to gain any grounds around Rheims, which they have been bombarding all day.

"The situation on the w hole is unchanged.

"On the center we have made progres on the western side of the Argonne. There is nothing new on the right wing.

"The general situation remains favorable."

PLUMBING AND HEALTH.

Interestin Connection Between the Two is Described by Bulletin.

It is not surprising perhaps that old ideas concerning the causes of disease survive a long time after these ideas have been generally outgrown or discredited. All the same, it is a little disconcerting to find that typhoid fever can still be complacentiy attributed to bad plumbing. When we read that "insufficient laws regulating plumbing and sanitation in Virginia, Maryland and the District of Columbia are largely responsible for the high typhoid rate and the prevalence of other diseases in the two states and the district," and again that "much of the fever and other forms of disease with which the health authorities are constantly wrestling is caused by noxious gases and vapors emanating from neglected or defective pipes in the homes of the people," we are inclined to rub our eyes and ask ourselves if the education of the community is really proceeding at the pace we sometimes like to believe. The assertions quoted above, however, were reported as made at the Association of Plumbers, Gasfitters and Steamfitters which recently met in Richmond, Va., and not at a convention of health officers or physicans.

It is hardly necessary to point out that typhoid fever—or any other fever—is not caused by bad smells, and that the small quantity of the gases of decomposition found in well-ventilated sewers has never been proved to exert any injurious effect whatever on health. A connection between plumbing and health has been shown to exist at just one point. Plumbing is of value to public health only so far as it removes human excreta from the immediate neighborhood of dwellings and so does away with the danger of flyborne typhoid and other infection which arises from allowing infectious material to accumulate. Disease germs are not found in sewer air; indeed, it is difficult on physical grounds to see how they could get there. The "noxious gases and vapors," so dear to the plumber's imagination, are conspicuous by their absence in all perfectly constructed sewer systems, as every visitor to the great sewers of Paris and other modern cities well knows. Defective plumbing says The Journal of the American Medical Association, has about as much relation to public halth as any other mechanical defect in house construction.

The most serious obstacle to the universal establishment in sewered towns of the water-carriage system is the high cost of the plumbing. In this respect every unnecessary refinement and elaboration in blumbing outfits and legal requirements is a harm, not a help, to public health. The greatest possible simplicity and cheapness compatible with efficiency is what is needed in really "sanitary" plumbing, not a labyrinth of traps, vents and backvents. If the plumbing interests really wish to aid the hygience welfare of the community they can best do this, not by insisting on still more complicated devices and "inspections," but by simplifying and cheapening the cost of installing and maintaining the pipes and fixtures essential for carrying off the house wastes in a speedy and inoffensive manner.

YOUNG BANKER WITH RECORD.

Mr. J. M. Woolard, Jr., Receives Complimentary Notice in Paper.

"Bank News," published by the Burroughs Adding Machine Co., front pages of which have been reproduced in attractive form on blotters for circulation among the trade, the past week contained an excellent half-tone likeness of Mr. J. M. Woolard, Jr., of this city, and in connection therewith gave an exceedingly complimentary mention of a record made by Mr. Woolard on one of the company's machines. Mr. Woolard is operator of the statement machine used in the American National Bank and kept track for six days of the number of statements handled and the time requred to do the word. The remarkable record by Mr. Woolard was 382 statements the first day in two hours, 22 minutes; 346 statements second day in two hours and four minutes; 304 statements third day in 1:53; fourth day 316 statements in 2:05; fifth day 356 statements in 2:14, and 424 on the sixth day in 2 hours and 21 minutes. The total was 2,128 statements in 13 hours and 9 minutes.

UNCLE SAM IS MAKING NO EFFORTS FOR PEACE

Waiting for Some Definite Step From Belligerents.

Despatches From Great Britain Indicate Some Resentment Over Talk of Peace Emanating From United States.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Efforts of the United States government to bring about peace in Europe virtually are at a standstill according to White House and State Department officials.

Acting Secretary Robert Lansing said today the message received from Ambassador Gerard giving his conversation with the imperial chancellor as to peace proposals had not been forwarded to American embassies nor had the subject been discussed with foreign ambassadors here. While the message from Mr. Gerard recording the chancellor's remarks suggested that the United States should ask for peace terms of the allies, because, it was alleged, they had begun the war, the American government does not construe that suggestion as an obligation. President Wilson, it is known, is endeavoring scrupulously to avoid thrusting the good offices of the United States upon any of the belligerents at an inopportune time.

The President is hoping that as the war progresses, one of the belligerents will take some definite step which will enable the United States to help make peace.

Dispatches from Great Britain indicate some resentment over the talk of peace emananting from the United States.

DISCUSS COTTON SITUATION.

Senators and Representatives from North Carolina Await Delegation.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 19—The two Senators and eight of the representatives from North Carolina met by appointment this morning and discussed the cotton situation. The meeting was held in view of the proposed visit to the capital Monday of Governor Craig, Attorney General Bickett and Dr. H. Q. Alexander, president of the State Farmers' Union, who have expressed a desire to meet the delegation.

Those present endeavored to discuss the situation from every viewpoint and exchanged fully their views respecting the several legislative remedies by Congress which have been proposed.

In view of the visit of the Governor and his colleagues on the committee it was not deemed courteous to them to make any public expression in advance regarding the view the members of the delegation may have.

The meeting adjourned to Monday at 1:30 P. M., for a conference with the Governor and his committee.

Both Senators Simmons and Overman and all of the State delegation with the exception of Representatives Gudger, Pou and Faison, were present.

P. R. A.

BRACKISH CITY WATER.

Caused by Abnormally High Tides of Past Week.

Abnormally high tides occurring the past week, while the stiff northeast gale was blowing, have caused a condition to exist at the city water plant has not had to contend with in years, a brackish taste in the city water.

The salt taste in the water has caused many users all over the city to inquire as to the cause. City Chemist Geo. Catlett says that there is no practical way of eliminating the salty taste from the water, but that the condition will probably right itself within a few days. Superintendent Sweeney, of the water works plant, says that similar causes have made the taste slightly salty on one or two other occasions, but never so noticeable as this time.

On Warrant From Sampson.

M. V. Peterson, a motorman for the Tidewater Power Company, was arrested yesterday on a warrant from Sampson county, served through the office of Sheriff S. P. Cowan, charging him with disposing of mortgaged property, the same being a horse and buggy. The warrant was sworn out by Mr. W. E. Royall, of Little Coharie township, Sampson county. Peterson says he will be able to establish his good faith in the transaction when the case comes up for trial.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The building inspector has issued building permits to Lue Fuller for the erection of five-room dwelling on King street between 14th and 15th at a cost og $600 and to Capt. Walter Taft for a five-room dwelling on Tenth street between Meares and Marstellar at a cost of $400.

—There was only one case before Deputy Recorder Harriss yesterday this being Henry Clemmons, colored, charged with violating the traffic ordiannce. He was taxes with the costs. Deputy Recorder Harriss is acting as Recorder for two weeks while Recorder John J. Furlong is taking his annual vacation.

—Rev. G. T. Adams, the pastor, will preach this morning at Fifth Street Methodist Church on "The Life That Wins." The evening sermon will be on the subject, "The Relation of Christianity to the European War, or, Is Christianity a Failure." The public is cordially invited to attend both these services.

Revival at Point Caswell.

Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, conclude today a most successful series of revival services at Point Caswell which have been in progress there the past week. Mr. Sullivan was in the city yesterday but returned last night and preached there last night. In his absence this morning Rev. W. M. Craig will preach at Calvary Baptist church.

Sermon to Young People.

Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church, will preach a special sermon to the young people of his church this morning at 11 o'clock. The public is cordially invited to attend, especially the young people.

EXTRA ROOMS

Mean extra income! If your house is ample—if you can rent a room or two in it—your problem of "extra money" is easy. Of course, Want Advertising is necessary, though.

COLUMBUS PEOPLE ARE SOLVING THE PROBLEM

Co-Operating to Save Cotton Crop From Loss

Merchants Sign Agreement—Whiteville Wants Umbrella Shed—Lumber Plant Still Operating—Corn Show—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Sept. 19.—At a well attended meeting of the Whiteville Commercial Club in their rooms over the Bank of Columbus Thursday evening, a number of important matters were taken up and referred to the various committees for immediate action. One of the most timely actions of this body was to refer to the committee on public utilities the proposition to ask the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company to provide an "umbrella shed" at the station and also to have all south-bound passenger trains pull up a distance of two car lengths from where they now stop for passengers to alight from and board trains.

Heretofore it has been very inconvenient and in a measure dangerous, for as it now is, passengers must alight from and board trains between trains standing on the main line and freight cars stationed on the side track next to the ware house to be loaded or unloaded. The committee on public utilities will p robably take the matter up with the railroad company at once and it is to be hoped that they will grant the relief asked for.

A communication from the woman's club of Whiteville was read, in which this organization offered the services of a committee to help the secretary fit up the offices and club rooms in an attractive manner. An up-to-date reading room will be a feature of the club.

Storage for Cotton.

The prospect for the storing of cotton in Whiteville is good. As for storage room, there are two large warehouses that can be used for this purpose and the rate will be 20 cents per bale per month to those that desire to hold their cotton. This rate is vary low and is in a large measure due to the efforts of the Commercial Club, a committee from which circulated the following agreement signed by Memory Company, J. D. Maultsby, Oscar High, Seth L. Smith, J. T. MacKenzie, L. L. Hinson, F. D. Martin, Powell & Company and Spivey Company:

"The undersigned merchants of the Town of Whiteville hereby agree to receive properly executed warehouse recipts upon stored and insured cotton as security for accounts, allowing therefor a price mutually agreeable between ourselves and the debtor, title to said cotton to remain in the producer subject to first lien for the amount of said account; sale to be made at a price agreed between the parties at a time when mutually agreed upon as advantageous."

One business man, who carries a large amount of cotton paper, has notified his customers that he will take and credit to their account from 50 per cent. to 75 per cent. of the same, cotton at 10 cents per pound. This is one measure for the relief of the farmer who has obligations to meet and will no doubt meet with their approval.

The foregoing agreement has so far been signed by only about 2-3 of the business men of Whiteville, but it is expected during the coming week to have the signature of every business man in town.

Cerro Gordo Building.

At Cerro Gordo the construction of a storage warehouse is well under way and the charter for the new company already applied for. The incorporators are J. H. Williamson, D. G. Nance, D. W. Brown, J. L. Williamson, T. E. Barden, W. F. Nance, Dr. J. C. Williamson, E. R. and J. R. Williamson, the latter of Whiteville. The authorized capital is $10,000, all subscribed and the business starts with $2,000 paid in. A competent manager will be at the head and all customers may be assured of every courtesy. With certificates properly filled out and signed cash may be obtained upon them at the Bank of Cerro Gordo. The farmers for miles around this growing town are enthusiastic over the plan and the warehouse will no doubt be filed to its capacity, 1500 bales.

Bolton Lumber Plant Goes On.

As long as there are any orders coming in, the big saw mill at Bolton will be kept running, according to Manager H. S. Allen of the Waccamaw Lumber Company. The plant has not yet been closed down, for even a day, and no men have been laid off there. There are orders in hand at the present time to keep things working for a couple of weeks and though they are not coming as fast as before the war, there is a sufficient number of orders being received daily to keep the employees active. Manager Allen was seen and he said that although there were not enough orders to run the mill to it's full capacity, enough were bereceived so that there would be no necessity of shutting down, like others are doing over the country, and if possible there would be no shut down and no men off.

Bolton Corn Show.

Although the Bolton Corn Show is eight weeks off, the arrangements for the big affair are in such shape now that were it to be held within a week it would be a success. Those who are behind the show have worked hard and they have been rewarded by all sections of both Columbus and Brunswick counties showing a great interest in the approaching event. The dates for the exhibition are Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 5, 6 and 7.

Manager Scott and Secretary Innes of the Bolton Chamber of Commerce are busy just now preparing the prize list for the show and they expect to be able to announce it within another week. There will be nearly one hundred trophies of the different things on exhibition, among them many that will be very valuable. In addition to the corn prizes there will be given awards for exhibits of canned fruits, vegetables, tobacco, cotton, Irish and sweet potatoes, turnips, has etc. During the week the show is going the North Carolina Company will bring a big excursion down from Illinois and the middle west of people who are contemplating settling in this section. Arrangements are being made for this trip and it is up to the people of old Columbus to show their best when the Westerners come. We have the products and it will be a big advertisement for the section to exhibit what we can produce.

Anti-Typoid Vaccine.

Dr. G. S. Cox, county superintendent of health, was here yesterday administering the second treatment of antityphoid vaccine to those who were treated last Friday, as well as the first treatment to a number who had not been treated before. Dr. Cox stated that to date he had inoculated between 1200 and 1500 white people in the county.

FUNERAL OF MRS. MASON.

Services Held from Residence Here Yesterday Afternoon.

Attended by many sorrowing friends and relatives the funeral of Mrs. E. T. Mason, who died at her home in this city Friday afternoon, was conducted from the residence, No. 102 Orange street, yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock by Rev. W. G. Hall, pastor of Southside Baptist church. Mrs. Mason was a devout Christian woman and Mr. Hall spoke most tenderly of her devotion to her family and tot her religion. In life as in death she was faithful, true and gentle in her conduct before the world.

Following the impressive services at the family home the remains were borne tenderly to Bellevue cemetery for interment. Man ybeautiful flowers attested in some measure the love and esteem in which she was held by those who knew her. The pall-bearers were: Messrs. J. S. Canady, B. T. Hopkins, J. F. Baggett, J. D. Brown, E. P. H. Strunck and W. B. Crumpler.

Surviving her besides her husband are four children, Messrs. J. T. and J. B. Mason, Mrs. Sallie Baggett and Mrs. Mary Huddleston, all of this city, and a number of brothers and sisters, those attending the funeral being Mr. J. W. Sullivan, of Wadesboro; Mr. I. H. Sullivan, of Ansonville, and Mrs. Cora Benton, of this city. She is also survived by the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Sallie Dabbs, of Waxhaw; Mrs. Bettie Goings and Mrs. Fanny Stuttz, of Union, S. C.; Miss Lou Sullivan, of Wadesboro, and Messrs. Hamp Sullivan, of Wadesboro; Charles, Julian and Blake Sullivan, of Pacolet, S. C., and George Sullivan, of High Point. They will have the sincere sympathy of a host of friends in their great sorrow.

New Sleeping Car Line

Between
WILMINGTON AND ATLANTA
(Daily)
—via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
"The Progressive Railway of the South."
Quickest Time, via Shortest Route.
Effective Sept. 9th, 1914.

Lv. Wilmington ..... 3:00 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta.. .. .. 6:20 A.M.
Lv. Atlanta.. .. .. 9:55 P. M.
Ar. Wilmington .. .. .11:55 A. M.

E. E. HUNTER, D. F. A.,
Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.

LOW ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS NOW ON SALE TO

"Land of the Sky"

Asheville, Waynesville, Toxaway, Hendersonville, Brevard, Hot Springs.
And All Other Western North Carolina Points.

Spend your vacation in the Cool Mountains of Western North Carolina. Week-end and Sunday Excursion round trip tickets on sale to Morehead City, Beaufort, Wrightsville, Wilmington, and various other Summer Resorts.

For illustrated booklets, complete detailed information, ask your agent, or communicate with

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FALL OPENING
OF
MILLINERY and NOVELTIES

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY
SEPTEMBER 23rd and 24th

:: AT POPULAR PRICES ::

Mrs. C. W. Leighton
128 PRINCESS STREET

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN
ANNOUNCING TO THE MEN
OF WILMINGTON AND VICINITY
AN EXCLUSIVE SHOWING
OF
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
SUITS AND OVERCOATS
FOR FALL AND WINTER
—More distinctive styles than ever
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—In a word, Best Men's Clothes Values Ever
Your prompt inspection is required

FLEET-DAVIS CO.
'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

Go to Church on Sunday

But Don't Distress the Congregation by Coughing! Use A. D. S. White Pine and Tar Mentholated Cough Syrup—Twenty-Five Cents a Bottle.

New stock Flower Seed just received—Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulip and other imported bulbs expected in a few days.

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
TIME-SAVING OUR SPECIALTY.
'PHONE 55. 126 SO. FRONT ST.

LOW, PLAIN PRICES

Open a Charge Account

Buy Your Fall and Winter Outfit
On Our Easy-Payment Plan

All of the New Styles For
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—Take any garment you wish—any style that pleases you—and open a convenient charge account. No security required; your promise to pay is all we ask.

—All of the up-to-date styles for men and women are ready, and we positively guarantee the quality and fit of every garment. No charge for alterations. Now is the best time to start your account.

Low, Plain Prices
Terms To Suit Your Pay-Days

FARLEY & CO.
116 Market Street

AN EXCLUSIVE FRANCHISE---ITS PURPOSET AND ITS OBLIGATIONS

ARTICLE NO. 5.

The street railways of Wilmington were constructed and are now operated under what is known as an exclusive franchise. This right was given in the charter granted by the Legislature to the Wilmington Street Railway Company in 1887. This grant was for an exclusive right for fifty years to operate street railways in Wilmington. It was not a perpetuity, its duration being fixed.

A street railway is the cheapest and most convenient form of travel. It does not monopolize transportation. It adds to the transportation facilities. It supplements and competes with other forms of transportation. Hacks, carriages, taxi-cabs, automobiles, private and public, are in constant and increasing use. Any one can establish 'bus lines or trackless trolleys, which are used effectively in many cities.

In order to make it attractive to build a street railway in a city as small as Wilmington some special protection was considered essential. This special protection was by statute limited to a period of fifty years.

The first street railway (a horse car line) built in Wilmington more than forty years ago, proved a failure. The second is reputed to have failed to make money. It would in all probability have failed outright had it not been sold to new interests. The third attempt, made by the capitalists who converted the horse car line into electric trolley lines, also proved a failure. When we look at this record the reasonableness of and necessity for the inducement of a well protected franchise is evident.

Courts have held that a franchise was a contract; and when it has been accepted, **AND ACTED ON IN GOOD FAITH,** the franchise can not be rescinded, if by so doing innocent third parties would be injured.

When the Legislature granted an exclusive right to the Wilmington Street Railways, it did not by the mere passage of the act bind the citizens. According to the law the question had to be submitted to the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, the duly elected and authorized representatives of the citizens, and it was upon their approval or disapproval that the fate of the charter would depend. The Board of Aldermen in 1887 accepted the terms of this franchise for construct its lines and perform a public service. From that time to the present, a period of 27 years, every Board of Aldermen and every City Council have confirmed and ratified this exclusive franchise by ordinances granting under their terms the rights of extending tracks, putting in sidings, and making the numerous changes necessary in operating a street railway line. No member of any Board of Aldermen, no Councilman, and no citizen has heretofore entered a protest. The question of validity of the franchise has never been contested in Wilmington, nor in the State of North Carolina.

The purchasers of the street railway franchise, who converted the horse car line into an electric line, **VALUED VERY HIGHLY THE EXCLUSIVE FRANCHISE PRIVILEGE.** This is demonstrated beyound question by the fact that they paid $75,000.00 in cash and $25,000.00 in first mortgage bonds, making a total of $100,000.00 for the franchise and the tangible property. They realized out of the tangible property less than $10,000, of which about $3,000 covered the horse cars and miscellaneous equipment, and about $5,000 covered about 1½ miles of track, which was used for a time on Red Cross street out to Hilton, about two blocks on Castle street between 6th and 8th, and one block on Princess street between 9th and 10th. It seems, then, that these parties, **NORTHERN CAPITALISITS, PAID ABOUT $90,000 FOR AN EXCLUSIVE FRANCHISE;** and subsequently lost not only this money, but most of the additional money which they put into the undertaking.

Later, when the Wilmington Street Railway Company was sold by a receiver to the Consolidated Railways, Light & Power Company interests, they considered the exclusive franchise as a valuable and most important part of the assets transferred. In raising money for the equipment and extension of the road, the Consolidated Company issued $600,000 of first mortgage bonds, the value of which was based in part on the fact that this franchise was protected from competition by legislative enactment and the confirmation of the boards of aldermen of the City of Wilmington. The bankers who bought these bonds also believed in the value of the exclusive franchise. In turn they the people, and allowed the Wilmington Street Railway Company to represented this as a valuable asset to those to whom they sold the bonds.

As the requirements of the city demanded continuous extensions and a gerater outlay of capital, the Tide Water Power Company was formed and had authorized an additional issue of ($2,000,000.00) two million dollars of bonds, upon the same exclusive franchise. Of this two million dollars of bonds $600,000.00 have been sold to Northern investors.

So today we are placed in the position of having brought into Wilmington for investment over one million dollars ($1,000,000.00) of money from outside sources, **BASED ON THE INTEGRITY AND GOOD FAITH** of this exclusive franchise. The City of Wilmington and the citizens of Wilmington **HAVE RECEIVED THE BENEFITS** of the money which has been expended. **TO REPUDIATE THIS OBLIGATION NOW,** after 27 years of acquiescence, would be highly unjust to a great many people who do not reside in Wilmington and who are dependent upon the good faith of the Wilmington people. It would in fact be a breach of good faith towards these investors on the part of the citizens of Wilmington.

We have recently seen how the whole world has applauded President Wilson for deciding a question which involves the same principle. He insisted in the face of many plausible arguments that the terms of the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, relating to the question of the Panama Canal tolls, be strictly observed. While it was possible by plausible reasoning to argue that the terms of the treaty meant something else, President Wilson took the ground that all of the Nations of the World would feel that it meant one thing, equal consideration. His view prevailed.

This exclusive franchise given to the Street Rilways of Wilmington, upon which the stockholders and bondholders have made their investments can not be brushed aside with plausible reasoning and legal technicalities. The citizens of Wilmington must look beyond this, and must above everything uphold their own good faith.

(adv't.) (To be Continued.) TIDE WATER POWER COMPANY.

HAPPENINGS OF A WEEK AT ROBESON'S CAPITAL

Much Rain Interferes With Gathering of Cotton

Court Adjourns — Long-Kept "Secret" Revealed — New Theatre Soon to Open—Lot Bought for Post Office.

Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., Sept. 19.—The two weeks term of Superior Court closed here today. During this week a great deal of work has been disposed of, much of which was by compromise. October will have a two weeks' term for civil cases, November a criminal term and December a civil term. The recorders' courts have nearly put the criminal courts out of business, but the civil docket seems to grow all the time.

A day or two ago a gentleman residing in town handed the writer a letter which he had received. He does not understand why such a letter should have been addressed to him. It is dated September 12, 1914, and bears post mark of Lumberton, Sept. 14, 1914. The first paragraph reads:

"I will try to write you a few lines as I want to tell you a long-kept secret. I hear they are moving the dead out of the old grave yard (Old cemetery near depot). There is a grave that was put there next morning after Pope & McLeod's safe was stolen and guarded two days and night until they got rock from a long way and filled the grave, then put brick three or four feet above the ground, a marble slab on top. W. B. Bryan and Ed. McQueen were clerking for Mr. Godwin at the time. They were afraid to say a word about what they had seen. It was told to me in a whisper. I have never told ————, for he would say it was none of my business, but I wanted you to know. I take you for a friend."

The writer of the letter is a little off in her dates. While she says the grave was made next day after Pope & McLeod's store was robbed, the Lowrey history shows the robbery was committed on February 18, 1872, while the marble slab on the grave shows that death occurred on February 20, 1872. The Star correspondent remembers well the robbery, also seeing men guarding the grave. It was said that the casket was a very fine one, having a large silver plate upon it, and it was feared the grave would be robbed of the silver, hence the great care in covering it with rock and brick. It is still there in good condition. The husband has long since passed away.

The "Lumbee Theatre," a new vaudeville and picture house, next door north of the Lumberton Cotton Mills office, is nearing completion, and early in October, if not by the first, it will be ready to open for business. The building belongs to Mr. A. W. McLean and is one of the prettiest in town. It is three stories high, two of which will be occupied by the theatre. The scenery is already in, the opera chairs are on the way and one of Edison's latest machines will be installed next week. It will be under the same management as the Lumberton Opera House and the Pastime Theatre.

Rain Every Day

Rain has fallen here every day since Monday, greatly retarding cotton picking, though every hour that could be used that way has found many pickers in the field. The writer heard one man yesterday report the seed sprouting in the bolls, but it is hoped there is not much of that trouble. The price got up to 8 1-2 cents here this week.

Miss Rosman Waddell, stenographer for the Lumberton Cotton Mills office left this morning for Charlotte to be with her sister, Mrs. "Buck" Burkheimer, who went to Charlotte hoping the change would do her good, but at 12 o'clock she was sinking rapidly. Mrs. Burkhenmer is stopping at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Burkheimer.

Rev. Z. Parris, a former pastor of the Lumberton Methodist church, but now grand chaplain of the I. O. O. F. of North Carolina, will deliver a public address on "Fraternalism" in the court house here tomorrow afternon at 3 o'clock. Odd Fellows and everybody else are invited to attend.

A few years ago a boy moved here from Wilmington. He was soon at work, making friends of all he met. He went away to school, but was short of funds. When the other boys left for home in the spring, he remained to work on a job that was being done, receiving as pay so much tuition on next session. He came home for a few days, but returned a few days ago and will serve as waiter in the dining room to help himself along in school. Watch that boy grow high up.

Rev. N. R. Pitman, of Kansas City, Mo., was in this section the first of the week visiting relatives. Mr. Pitman was a printer on the Robesonian 40 years ago, but his old time printer friends are all gone, most of them having gone where no type is set. It was a real pleasure to meet "Rowland" again after many years, as in our young days he and the writer were the best of friends.

Judge Winston came to Lumberton this week and left $10,000 to pay for the postoffice lot. But when or who is coming to dig out the foundation? It is said that a bigger town than Lumberton had a lot purchased for a postoffice site over ten years ago, but a rented building is still in use.

Mr. S. T. Freeman, who a few months ago moved his mercantile business to Dublin, in Bladen county, moved back to Lumberton this week and has opened his stock at an old stand where he was located a few years ago, on Fourth Street between Elm and Chestnut.

Personals and Notes.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McAllister, who spent some time in Richmond taking treatment from a specialist, returned home this week greatly benefited.

The last two mails arriving here from the North have brought to the manager of the Opera House letters cutting out shows. And there will be others.

A man who left this county several years ago and went to Texas, where he is an engineer on the Texas Pacific Railroad, arrived here yesterday to visit relatives, but could find no trace of any of them except that his parents were dead. His wife, who was a native of Wilmington, went on to the city yesterday to visit relatives. The husband said this morning that since all his people were dead or gone away, he would go on to Wilmington.

Mr. and Mrs. Regan McIntyre, who moved from here to Rockingham last fall, returned to Lumberton last night and expect to make it their future home. Mr. McIntyre conducted a drug store at Rockingham, but there is just no place like Lumberton.

Mr. F. J. Thomas, Southern Express agent at this place, who has been sick for some time, went to Southern Pines this week in the hope of being benefited, and his friends are glad to hear that he is much better.

Mr. Enoch McConnell, who went to Baltimore several days ago to be treated for appendicitis, is rapidly recovering and expects to be home in a few days.

Miss Hilda Weinstein left Tuesday for Charlotte to enter Elizabeth College where she will take special instruction in music.

Mr. Allie Edwards, for the past several months first trick operator for the Seaboard, will leave in a few days for Southern Pines where he will take second trick. It is not known yet who will succeed him here.

Dr. J. D. Regan lost a horse yesterday, as the result of eating a buckle which is used in baling day. W. S. W.

How about your children's eyes? Are their eyes in good condition for school work? The time to determine this is now. The place to have it determined beyond doubt is here. Our thoroughly accurate examinations enable us to advise you honestly. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. Eyes tested free. (adxertisement.)

Wednesday and Thursday Fall Opening days at C. W. Polvogt Co. (advertisement)

DEMOCRATS OF BRUNSWICK

Convention Yesterday at Supply—Capt. J. J. Adkins Nominated for Legislature—Other Nominees.

(By Long Distance Telephone.)

Southport, N. C., Sept. 19.—At noon today at Supply, the Democratic County Convention was called to order by J. W. Lancaster in the absence of the chairman. On motion Peter Rourk, of Shallotte, was made permanent chairman and R. E. Ranson, of Southport, and Ralph Edwards, of Waccamaw, secretary. The candidates for the Legislature were called upon for a statement of their platforms and Messrs. J. W. Ruark and J. J. Adkins responded in their order. A ballot for nomination being called, Capt. Adkins received 19 and Mr. Ruark 11, only 16 being necessary to a choice. The next nomination was for clerk of the court and R. S. Newton, of Southport, the incumbent, was re-nominated in a vote of 22 to 8 for W. O. McKeithan, of Bolivia. The present sheriff, J. E. Robinson; register of deeds, G. H. Gray, and treasurer, C. A. Russ, were re-nominated by acclamation. Ralph Edwards was nominated for surveyor and Dr. W. R. Goley for coroner. The present board of commissioners was also re-nominated, being composed of Messrs. A. C. Chinnis, G. W. Kirby and David Ward.

The Democratic executive committee for five townships in the county was named as follows: Peter Rourk, J. W. Lancaster, J. W. Ruark, L. E. Formyduval and P. S. Hawes. The Northwest township delegation did not reach the convention at all, having started in an automoble which broke down en route.

There was an attendance of about 300 at the convention which was harmonious throughout. A number of Republicans were onlookers.

SAME OLD OFFICERS NAMED

Sampson Republicans Hold Convention and Name Ticket—Faircloth for House.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Clinton, N. C., Sept. 19.—The Republicans of Sampson county held their nominating convention here today. The following ticket was nominated: Major C. M. Faircloth for the House of Representatives; I. T. McLamb for sheriff; W. F. Sessoms for clerk of the court; J. H. Parker for register of deeds; Thomas E. Owens for treasurer; Dr. J. O. Matthews for coroner; W. J. Faircloth for surveyor; J. R. Peterson, I. L. Jackson and W. P. Ward for commissioners.

All these were nominated to succeed themselves. The only fights of consequence were over the nominations for the House and for treasurer, and, while some bitterness was temporarily manifested, the end was harmonious. The platform adopted made no reference to the stock law, over which there has been some agitation in the county. The difference in opinion on this question is not along partisan lines.

The town commissioners have closed contracts for the installation of waterworks in Clinton. The order for supplies is divided among several firms while the contract for construction of the plant has been awarded to Porter & Boyd, of Charlotte. Work is expected to begin in the next two weeks.

The advance in the price of cotton is pleasing and encouraging to farmers who now seem more hopeful. Tobacco is selling fairly well under existing conditions. Clinton has a good market with all the big companies represented.

Wednesday and Thursday Fall Opening days at C. W. Polvogt Co. (advertisement)

PENDER PRIMARY RETURNS

Atkinson for Sheriff; Johnson for Clerk and Davis for Register of Deeds is Indicated—Others.

Burgaw, N. C., Sept. 19.—Complete unofficial returns tonight from all precincts in the county give the following vote: For sheriff, W. R. Atkinson, 579; Geo. J. Moore, 508; giving a majority of 71 for Atkinson, the incumbent; for clerk of the superior court, J. F. Johnson, the incumbent, 556; Robert K. Bryan, 508, a majority of 48 for Johnson. For register of deeds, Leon L. Motte, 152; R. I. Durham, the incumbent, 380; John B. Davis, 550, a slight majority for Davis over both his opponents. For the legislature, J. B. Scott had no opposition, and W. H. Peden was nominated for coroner without opposition.

For commissioners the returns seem to indicate the election of D. J. Farrior, Sr., with a vote of 545; F. P. Flynn 590, and T. J. Armstrong, 318, the two last named being re-nominations. These were nominated from a field of eleven candidates from all parts of the county.

$15 Satin and Wool Serge dresses only $10 at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

Fall Opening—Wednesday and Thursday, millinery, suits and dresses, at the C. W. Polvogt Co. (advertisement)

The Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company Corrects Statement in Reference to Hon. John D. Bellamy.

To The Public:

In a pamphlet issued by the undersigned and mailed to the voters the statement is incidentally made:

"The charter of the Wilmington Street Railway Company contains a grant to the exclusive right to operate street railways for fifty years in Wilmington. The charter was procured by the Hon. John D. Bellamy, when in the Senate, and he is named as one of the incorporators. Subsequently he organized the company, and it was ultimately absorbed by the present company."

Mr. Bellamy calls our attention to the fact he was not in the Senate in 1887, when the charter was passed, but was in the Senate of 1891; and, as we had no thought of reflecting on him in any way, but the author of the article incidentally was led into the reference, and lest it might be impied that Mr. Bellamy was guilty of an impropriety in passing the charter, while a member of the Legislature, we cheerfully make the correction and regret the error.

Respectfully,

WILMINGTON - CAROLINA BEACH RAILWAY COMPANY.

(advertisement.)

Don't scratch and rub when your eyes itch, smart, burn or ache—there is somthing needed besides a rub. Local irritation is often caused by eye defects which can be remedied with proper lenses. Eyes tested free. Dr. Vineberg, the Eye Specialist, Masonic Temple. (advertisement.)

SCHOOL SHOES

The kind that will stand the rough and tumble wear that every girl and boy gives their Shoes.

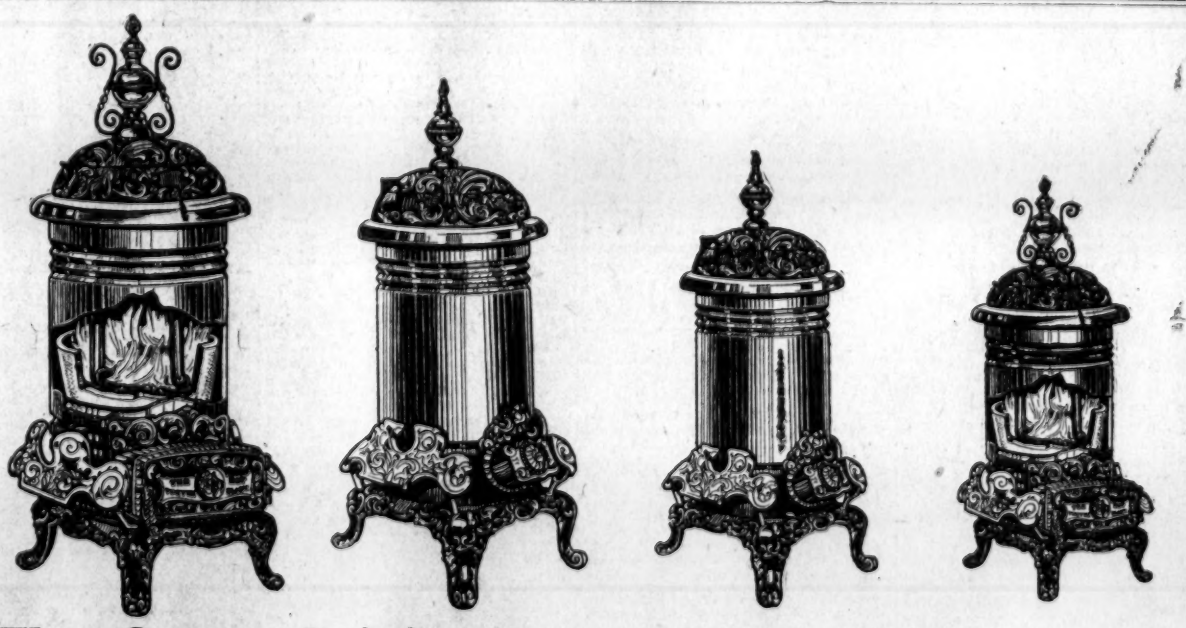
SKUFFERS
EDUCATORS
—and—
AMERICAN BOY

and Many Other Well Known Makes.

—AT—

PETERSON AND RULFS

"THE HOME OF GOOD SHOES."



The Great Original Vortex Hot Blast Heater

A hatful of cheapest Coal costing 1 cent lasts over night in the

Vortex Hot Blast GUARANTEED AIR TIGHT ALWAYS Saves You $16 to $25 in Fuel Every Year

It is a perfect stove for all fuel and requires no change of fixtures for Soft Coal, Hard Coal, Wood or Coke. All sizes and prices. Every "Vortex" sold with an absolute guarantee—all we ask is that directions (which are simple ones) be followed.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE COMPANY

SOLE AGENTS Write for Catalog and Prices

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 31. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1914.

The bories cause no end to talk. Plans call for work.

People who want cotton had better offer a good price before a 15 cents movement is started.

The Russians claim to have taken Eydtkhuhen, but nobody knows what its effect on them was.

Everybody wants to sell high and buy cheap. At the same time "fair exchange is not robbery."

The points of view of men are valuable or worthless, owing to whether a man can make us see the point.

We move to strike out the one-term plank in the National Democratic platform and substitute "Fourt More Years of Wilson."

We have with us the Autumn girl, the made-over Summer girl. The beauty about Summer girls and Autumn girls is that they are the same.

The State Department will hereafter go slow when somebody drops in with reports of the international conversation carried on around the dinner table.

There is remarkable similarity between the war news from various sources when it finally gets through the hands of a censor who does not sleep at the switch.

All plans to save the cotton situation are good if they would only go far enough. The most popular plan may have little effect as a final proposition. All plans help.

People do a great deal for the uplift of their dogs but unless a setter has proper restraints thrown around him he will get him a colored individual's coon dog for a pal.

The view taken in London is that it is to be a long war. Great Britain has decided that she can't afford to make it short by calling everything off at the end of the first inning.

A Binghamton (Mass.) shoe factory has received an order for 100,000 shoes for the Greek army. Probably the Greeks are getting ready to set their foot down on Turkey if she does not keep quiet.

Ah, well, some of us have to take water when we are treated with consideration. Of course, nobody wants to retreat but somebody has to do it. Some have to go to the wall. Some of us have to go sprawling to the mat.

The French have the reputation of being volatile, but so-called sang froid folk go up in the air about as quick as the French. It is quite noticeable that all men are liable to get into a stew over questions which need to be considered calmly.

All the European nations count on Americans for "fair play." On the contrary, Americans jump at conclusions first and consider fair play afterwards. The Europeans furnish the conclusions for us to jump at. Some of us even believe their prevarications and are misled by their diplomacies—all absolutely and historically selfish.

The New York Herald says the rebellion of his own lieutenants has caused disappointment to Colonel Roosevelt. While trying to put the other bosses out of business, it is an impossible task for the colonel to boss his lieutenants or his own party. All bosses can count on disloyalty to their cause when their lieutenants don't see much in it for them.

It even makes most people mad for some interloper to start a business that makes competition for them. Did you ever read "The Rival Clothiers?" It's to laugh. Trade jealousies are funny but they are serious. Commercial jealousies come about in the same way that antagonism arises between East Side "cloding" establishments. Watch 'em all make trouble for American commerce when it begins to butt in.

PRICE OF COTTON ON THE RISE.

The demand for spot cotton all over the South's increasing and so is the price because of the increased demand. However, the response to the demand at th price of 8 1-2 to 8 3-4 cents is slow. The holding movement doubtless has more to do with the price advance than any other cause. The farmers are holding back cotton themselves, and we venture the assertion that the growers of at least 10,000,000 bales of this year's crop are able to hold cotton from six months to a year on their own hook.

That, however, is not the crux of the problem. The crisis is with the debtor class of the farmer who are compelled to sell cotton to meet their obligations falling due in October and November, and with the business or creditor class which is compelled to get in their money. That is comparatively a large class, and just what their problem is may be judged from the fact that in Wilmington alone the jobbers have interior credit accounts footing up from $75,000 to $400,000 for each establishment. A conservative business man tells us that, and the probability is that the business end of the cotton problem finds all Southern commercial points in the same boat.

The mills have commenced to buy cotton, or at least are in the market addling to the demand. The buy-a-fibale to 10 cents plan is causing some cotton to be sold at 10 cents a pound. It is quite likely that we would find that regular spot sales at 8 1-2 cents or more, up to 10 cents paid by the buy-a-bale element, would even now make up an average price of at least 9 cents a pound.

It is quite evident that business conditions all over the North are improving. Chicago reports a marketd revival of business, according to the Philadelphia Record, while that paper says the same about Philadelphia. Chicago reports that nearly 8,000 men are back at work in the Pullman car shops, while another 1,000 will be put on at once. In other industries in and around Chicago, thousands of men who have been idle for months have gone back to work. One of these is a locomotive shop, others are manufactories turning out starch, brick, plumbing materials, paints, iron, steel, clothing and packing house products.

The Record from time to time notes this revival in different parts of the North, and declares that it really is what might be expected. For months past, it is noted, the business of the country has been sluggish, and that for reasons mostly extending throughout the commercial world. Some of those reasons are more apparent abroad than in America.

The immediate effect of the pan-European war was to turn sluggishness into business and commercial prostration, but in accounting for the revival now in progress in America, the Philadelphia paper expresses the opinion that the derangement of European industries and the European need of many of our products, could not but increase the demand upon American industries. This it is said they already are feeling.

This is a piece of optimism which The Sar is presenting and it is in line with what we have always contended would be the case just as soon as we should recover from the first shock of war.

When once cotton begins to move at a fair price business will quickly revive in the South.

NORTH CAROLINA DEMONSTRATES DIVERSIFICATION

The Star's ordinary, every-day news items from different parts of North Carolina yesterday clearly indicated the versatility of production in North Carolina and furnished a good example of the benefits of a diversified agriculture. As a matter of fact, we doubt whether any Soupthern State is so well off in its diversified agriculture and industries as North Carolina.

For instance, Fayetteville stated through the Star on Friday there were big sales of leaf tobacco there at good prices, even 20 cents per pound being paid. The prices paid were 13 cents, 19 cents and 20 cents, acording to grade. The Cumberland tobacco grower who has cotton can make his tobacco take care of his cotton till prices for the fleecy staple improve. Then again, if he has raised plenty of corn, forage and meat he won't have to sell cotton.

Again the North Carolina farmer who has raised peanuts, cotton, tobacco, strawberries, potatoes, corn, and hog and hominy is absolutely independent. When the prices of some of his products are low he can lean on the others. Even the growers of scuppernong grapes are getting sideline money by sending the children to the vineyard to shake down the crop, now selling as high as $1 per bushel.

The Star's Whiteville correspondent states that "there is at least one product grown in Columbus county over which the farmers are not in the least depressed at the prevailing prices". That is the scuppernong grape, 2,000 bushels of which have already been shipped to Messrs. Garrett & Co's big winery in Wilmington.

These items but emphasize the unrivalled diversity of this Eastern Carolina section. It also helps us to point to diversification as the solid part of farming. A farmer who begs us to hammer always on diversified farming says he will guarantee that any farmer who relies on only one crop for a period of ten years will wind up with a mortgage on his farm, whereas if he will plant some of all the dozen money crops grown to great advantage in this section, he will always be in clover on some one or more products of his farm. In fact, the Eastern North Carolina farmer who diversifies, and most of them do, hardly knows there is a war in Europe. We know a section of Pender county in which there is astonishment that the war should have so upset the entire cotton growing South. Never touched 'em. They diversify.

REVIVAL OF SHIPPING.

In less than sixty days since the war broke out in Europe, ocean transportation is again getting on its feet. Shipping news from New York during the past few days is to the effect that, with the exception of the German and Austrian companies, both freight and passenger steamers are now running pretty close to their regular schedules.

It is stated in shipping circles in New York that Russian steamers are now running from New York to Archangel instead of Libau, while Red Star line steamers are running to Liverpool instead of Antwerp. In recent years Liverpool has suffered severely from the competition of Southampton, but it is now enjoying a revival of business. The Italian lines will put on five additional sailings from New York between now and October 10th, while Greek steamers are making lots of money bringing home stranded Americans who had expected to come back in German steamers.

The one thing which has kept European business with this country from going ahead right away, was the matter of arranging for payments for American exports. Dealings call for gold, but there has been no means of exchange up to the present. However, as was to have been noted in yesterday's Star, $100,000,000 in gold is to be raised by New York banks and deposited in the Ottawa branch of the Bank of England to meet American obligations in Europe. New York city will also deposit $80,000,000 gold to take care of her European creditors. Europe can drew on that gold supply for all the American products she may need, and so by America's payment of her debts in Europe, the countries over there will have a gold nest egg to draw on over here. Evidently, that of itself is soon going to help business.

When buying and selling picks up on account of this improved financial arrangement, the ships now running will have something to do. The trouble up to this time is that ships were ready to take cargoes, but there were none offering. All that will soon change for the better.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT NOT IN THE RUNNING.

The New York Herald declares that "Theodore Roosevelt has abandoned his ambition to run for the Presidency in 1916. He has suffered an attack of cold feet." The Herald says it is all due to a streak of hard luck beginning with rebellion on the part of his New York lieutenants who refused to support his self-picked candidates; failure of the Republican party to turn itself over to him and to the policy of its leader to fight him to a finish; to the popularity and success of President Wilson; to the general weakening of the Progressive party, and, finally, to the slump in the Progressive vote in the Maine election.

The blow that really killed father was the Maine election, and it is said that the Colonel now says he hopes his party will not insist on his standing for any kind of office.

As a diplomat, Sir Linel Carden is not at all diplomatic. It is not a good idea for nations to always take the point of view of their foreign representatives, for the reason that they are liable to be misled by the bias of the individual rather than be controlled by the calm judgment of a discreet man who reports only to his government.

CURRENT COMMENT.

"In his speech in New Orleans, Col. Roosevelt said: 'There are little crooks as well as big crooks and the Progressive party is after them all.' Hasn't it got all it wants yet, already?"—Wilmington Star. At any rate with Roosevelt and Sulzer it has got the cream of the perfesh.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

The Republican machine has opened headquarters in Greensboro and has set in to prosecute as vigorous a campaign as possible under the circumstances in North Carolina. The Republican affairs this year seem to be administered entirely by machine methods, the executive committee selecting the candidates and giving the orders. The Roosevelt faction appears to be dominating, with the tacit acquiescence of the other or regular wing, and in effect, if not in spirit, the forces are united for the campaign. As a matter of political expediency, rather than from a sense of duty and principle, the Republicans will make the constitutional amendments the "paramount" issue, the hope being the collapse of Democratic sails through a diversion of the wind. Notwithstanding the assumption of many transparent virtues by the Republicans of the State, the indications point to the fact that the Democrats are going to meet with a campaign of much aggressiveness and one that failing to bring out all the activity of which the Democratic party is capable of developing, may bring political sorrow at the polls in 1916, if not at the present time.—Charlotte Observer.

Republicans in Congress who threaten to fight the War-Tax bill will not find it easy to justify their action. In the House their opposition will not amount to much. In the Senate it may be vexatious, if not disastrous. To seize this opportunity to make an insincere demand for economy will neither deceive the people nor reduce expenditures. The extravagance, of which there is just complaint, is cumulative and is chargeable in a large degree to Republicans. It was the Republicans who, long glorying in a billion-dollar Congress, finally invented a two-billion dollar Congress. As the present excessive outgo was not the result of the recklessness and waste of a single session, so it is idle to expect that far-reaching retrenchment, no matter how desirable, can be accomplished in a few weeks by partisanship alone. A Republican attack upon prodigality at this time will be interpreted as a political maneuvre promising confusion and mischief and nothing else. No American party can hope for lasting advantage at the expense of national financial integrity or as a result of intensifying the commercial and industrial difficulties that have resulted from war not of our making.—New York World.

INDEPENDENT TICKET NAMED IN CUMBERLAND.

Headed by Former Postmaster McCaskill, Republican, for House.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Sept. 19.—An independent ticket for county offices was nominated by a mass meeting of about 400 voters who assembled here today. The assembly was composed of Republicans, Bull Moosers and Democrats. The ticket is headed by former Postmaster A. L. McCaskill, Republican leader in this county, as candidate for the House of Representatives.

Other candidates are: For clerk Superior court, W. A. Beard; sheriff, D. J. Breece, whose son, A. B. Breece, was recently nominated on the Democratic ticket for prosecutor of the recorder's court; register of deeds, J. S. Hall; treasurer, A. C. Bullard; county commissioners, Jesse M. Jones, John Elliott, Frank Carr, W. J. Beattie, Jr., William Melvin.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Louis Bryant to Joseph McFarland, for $700 and other considerations, lot on west line of 10th, 99 feet north of Queen street, irregular in size; D. L. Gore and wife to Frank Weston, for $100 and other considerations, tract of 15 acres adjoining lands purchased of D. L. Gore by Frank L. Westom.

New millinery, new dresses, new suits, displayed Wednesday and Thursday. Polvogt Company's opening days. (advertisement)

STATEMENT OF CITY COUNCIL.

We, as members of the Council of the City of Wilmington, feel that the Tidewater Power Company in its criticism of the Council for neglect in protecting the city's interest in granting the franchise to the Carolina Beach Railway Company, has been very unfair.

In the advertisement appearing in The Star of September 19th, it is stated (item 6) that the new Company would have a right at any time or anywhere to put down a siding, a switch or a cross-over without consent of Council.

As a matter of law, we are informed, this is not correct. Section 561 of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Wilmington requires the consent of Council before such work is done. Our city attorney advises us that this ordinance is binding upon the new franchise.

It is stated in Item 8 of the advertisement that upon the approval of the new franchise by the people, Council would lose all control over the matter.

We are legally advised that this is not correct. The ordinance granting the new franchise contains this condition:

"The foregoing grant to the said company is made upon the express condition that the construction and maintenance of such tracks, poles, wires and other structures, and the operation of cars upon such tracks, shall be in conformity with the ordinances and regulations of the City of Wilmington relating thereto."

Thus, all of the ordinances (regulating street railways) contained in Chapter 28 of the Revised Ordinances of the City of Wilmington, will apply to the new franchise; and these ordinances afford to the city the very protection which the Tidewater Company claims we have omitted.

It is stated in Item 9 of the advertisement that "the proposed franchise does not impose upon the promoters any obligation as to paving the streets, either at the time of construction, or at any subsequent time."

This statement, as we are advised, is also absolutely incorrect. Section 563 of the Revised Ordinances (now in force) requires this paving to be done, and the City Attorney advises us that this ordinance is binding upon the new franchise.

It was not necessary to put these provisions in the ordinance granting the franchise, for the reason that these protecting provisions had already been enacted into laws, and by their own force became part of the ordinance granting the franchise to the new company.

We have no desire to take part in this franchise controversy, but we do repent the charges of indifference, negligence and incompetency, because we feel that upon a proper examination of our existing ordinances and the proposed franchise those charges would not have been made.

Respectfully,
W. F. JONES,
D. N. CHADWICK, JR.
B. A. MERRITT,
CHAS. C. LOUGHLIN,
(Advertisement.)

FREE TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time.

We have a New Method that cures Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long-standing or recent development, whether it is present as Hay Fever or chronic Asthma, you should send for a free trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with asthma, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes", etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our own expense, that this new method is designed to end all those terrible paroxysms at once and for all time.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write today and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do It Today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 194-J, Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

.....

.....

.....

Ready-to-Wear HATS

SO MANY SMART AUTUMN FASHIONS FOR WOMEN AND MISSES THAT WE CAN GIVE ONLY A HINT OF THEM

We do not think that so many attractive styles have ever been shown at one time. The picture shows one of the new things for School wear. Together with this one we have a splendid variety in quality, colors and styles ..... 50c to $2.98

We are showing a smart collection of Velvet Sailors, at **$1.50, $1.98 and $2.98.**

Smart Fall Silks, Colored Taffetas, yard wide, full range, new colors, at 98c

27-inch Silk Poplin, in all the new Fall Shades, are on display at 49c

40-inch Silk and Wool Poplins, in splendid color ranges, at $1.00

A wonderful assortment of fancy high-colored Silk and Roman Stripe Silks for trimmings.

Fancy Braid, Silver and Gold, Trimming, for Dresses, per yard **15c to $1.50**

New Plaid Dress Goods, 38 inches wide, best Fall colors, at 50c

30-inch Plaid Cotton Serge, usually sold at 25c.; we are showing same at .. 12½c

Full and complete range of Outings, Percales, Ginghams, Galateas, Chambrays, Cotton Poplins, and Fancy Plaids. All suitable for School and Street Wear.

Stylish New Coat Suits, long, short and medium lengths; all stylish and new. We are making a specialty at $15.00, and are showing some wonderful values at the price.

Half dozen fine Star Cut Glass Tumblers for 48c

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Men's new style Hats, Blk. Green, Blue and Brown, also novities. See Window display.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that the City Council of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, by resolution duly adopted on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1914, and amended August 22nd, called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, the 7th day of October, A. D. 1914, a Special Election for the purpose of authorizing or approving the ordinance passed by the said City Council on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1914, granting to the Wilmington-Carolina Beach Railway Company a franchise, permission and authority to construct, maintain and operate a Street Railway with single or double tracks, turn-outs, curves, switches, spur tracks, receipt and delivery tracks, etc., for the transportation and carriage of passengers and freight, upon, along, over, under and across the streets named in said Ordinance, and to construct, erect and maintain poles and wires, underground conduits and other structures necessary for the conduct of electric current and power for the use of said cars upon such tracks.

The streets or portions of the streets over which the said franchise is asked are fully set forth and described in the Ordinance passed by the said Council which will be published as required by law in full once in each of the daily newspapers published in the City of Wilmington not more than twenty days and not less than five days before the day of said election, by the City Clerk and Treasurer of the said City.

Said election will be held in the City of Wilmington on Wednesday, the seventh day of October, A. D. 1914, and the following named polling places, Registrars and Judges of Election have been named and designated for the holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place—Kerr's store; Registrar, Willie Kerr; Judges, L. F. Harper and J. B. Elkin.

First Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. Fourth and Campbell streets; Registrar, W. H. Howe; Judges, J. W. Blomme and J. G. Ittner.

Second Ward: Polling Place—Court House; Registrar, W. W. Hodges; Judges, C. W. Lassiter and Frank Shepard.

Third Ward; Polling Place—Cor. 8th and Princess streets; Registrar, A. G. Hankins; Judges, Walter Penny and S. E. Wood.

Fourth Ward: Polling Place—No. 110 Dock street; Registrar, W. A. Spooner; Judges, F. W. Pfeiffer and Jos. A. Price.

Fifth Ward, First Precinct: Polling Place — Cor. 5th and Castle streets; Registrar, R. Henry Orrell; Judges, E. Childs and Wallace Sellers.

Fifth Ward, Second Precinct: Polling Place—6th and Castle streets; Registrar, J. H. Taylor, Jr.; Judges, W. H. Biddle and T. G. Landen.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sun set of said day.

Each Registrar will, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M., each day (Sunday excepted) for seven days preceding the day for closing the registration books, keep open the registration books for the registration of any new electors residing in the precinct entitled to register, or whose names do not appear on the revised list and said books will be open until 9 o'clock P. M., on each Saturday during the registration period and shall close for registration on the second Saturday before said election. No registration will be allowed on election day, except to such persons as shall give satisfatcory evidence to the registrar and judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed for registration.

On the second Saturday before the election the registration books will be kept open at the polling places in the voting precincts; also for the inspection of the electors of the precinct and to enable challenges to be made on the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The Council has appointed the Registrars and Judges of said election and caused them to be notified of their appointment and required them to take the oath required by law, and named polling places and arranged them, and will cause to be furnished the necessary books and arrange for the ballots, and will fill all vacancies occurring in Registrars and Judges as required of them, and will receive the returns from said election, as required by law, and will endeavor to have the election conducted in strict conformity with the law, and will endeavor to see to it that the election officers perform their duties in all matters.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote in favor of said ordinance, the said ordinance passed by the Council shall thereupon become a valid and binding ordinance of the city of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.

se4-30d.

W. H. BANCK
CIVIL ENGINEER
Garrell Building
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 572 P. O. Box 579

Men's, Ladies' and Children's

WHITE TENNIS SHOES

CARL F. STRUNCK & CO.

'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

THE NEWEST OF THE NEW

Our stock of Ladies' Fall Suits have been selected and purchased since Sept. 1st, and we are now offering you the very latest styles from $12.50 to $30.00. These suits would bring $15.00 to $40.00, if we asked it.

We have just received a lot of beautiful Cloakings of extra fine quality in Zibelines, Astrachans and Kaisers; they run in price from $1.50 to $3.50.

New stock of Roman Plaids and Stripes; these Silks are rich bargains, at 85c to $1.25.

See our new model of Lace Front Corsets; they cannot be equaled for comfort, durability and price; $1.50 to $3.50.

Newest Thing in Roman-Striped Petticoats at $1.39

Big lot of "Peggy Stewart" Middy Blouses just received; sizes up to 40. Price 98c.

All kinds of School Garments for Boys and Girls, including Dresses, Suits, Hats, Shoes, Hose, Underwear, Etc.

Special Bargains in School Trunks for your boy or girl.

New goods for the Millinery Department are being received every day.

New goods for the Millinery Department are being received every day.

We have just received a large lot of colored Blankets that we are selling at about half the regular price.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY

210-212-214 North Front St.

NO SENSATIONS IN GRAND JURY'S REPORT

Conditions in County Reported as Good on Whole.

Commends Board of Education for Way It Handles School Money—Wilmington Still Law Abiding Says Judge.

Despite many rumors that sensational developments were to be expected from the grand jury, that body, after a solid week's work, adjourned yesterday morning and made a detailed report, minus any sensations, to the court, following which it was discharged by Judge Allen, who took occasion to thank the jurors for their faithful and conscientious services. While reporting conditions in the county as good on the whole, the body made a number of recommendations, for the consideration of the Board of County Commissioners and other bodies.

A feature of the report of the grand jury was its commendation for the County Board of Education for the manner in which the school bond money is being expended. The jury also expressed praise for the County Commissioners.

Judge Allen, in his remarks to the jury, recalled that in his charge to the body last Monday morning he had remarked that it had been intimated to him that Wilmington was drifting back into "a wide open state of affairs." He wanted to state, he said, that after staying here a week and observing conditions for himself, as well as discussing the situation with many citizens, that he found absolutely no foundation for the intimation. The city, he said, still continues to observe the law in a manner that entitles it to a continuation of the splendid reputation that it has earned the past few years. Both city and county officials, Judge Allen said, appeared to be doing their full duty in keeping down lawlessness, and it was a pleasure for him to correct any opposite impression which might arise from his remarks to the body last Monday.

The grand jury's written report to the court is as follows:

"Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 19, 1914.

"To His Honor, Oliver H. Allen, Judge Superior Court of New Hanover County, North Carolina.

"We, the grand jury for the September term of court, have met and considered the matters, given in your charge, and have inspected the county institutions, and submit the following report:

"True bills found, 12; not true bills, 5; presentments made, 3; witnesses examined, 85.

"We inspected the Court House and found same in good condition and kept clean.

"We inspected the jail and found 19 prisoners, all colored. Questioned them all and found them all satisfied with the food and treatment and the building and yard kept clean.

"On the 17th inst., the grand jury, in a body, left the Court House at 7:30 A. M. for inspection of our city and rural schools, convict camps and county roads.

"As to the public roads; we commend our Board of County Commissioners for the great progress that has been made in road building. All that we traveled over were in excellent condition.

"Convict Camps—Our special attention was attracted to them by the recent killing of one of the convicts at the East Wilmington camp. We inspected Federal Point camp, known as No. 2. Found 12 prisoners, five of which were trusties. We found them in fairly good condition. Would suggest that they be furnished socks, as the heavy shoes which they wear make their feet sore. We suggest that the sanitary arrangement in cage be constructed as that found at Sea Gate Camp No. 3. We inspected Sea Gate Camp No. 3. At this camp we found what we considered an exceptionally well kept camp. Found 12 prisoners, six of which were trusties.

"At East Wilmington camp, designated as Camp No. 1, we found 57 prsoners, 30 of which were trusties. Conditions were found good and convicts apparently under control and submissive. Upon inquiring of each prisoner, we found there were no complaints, and they were well fed and treated.

"The rock quarry, which is located near this camp, appeared to be operated in a practical manner. The machinery and other equipment were found in good repair. At Camp No. 1 we found two cases of tuberculosis, which was reported by the last grand jury, and conditions still exist as stated by them.

"We suggest that the County Commissioners and the Board of Health have a meeting and provide quarters to take care of such unfortunates, at the new stockade being built near the county home. For the present they should be isolated from the other prisoners as far as possible.

At the Scott's Hill Camp No. 4, we found 12 prisoners, five of which were trusties, and they had no complaint to make. Camp was kept clean. The animals at all the camps are in good condition, except several with sore shoulders, all of which were in the stable and being properly cared for.

"Upon investigation we found that the superintendent had recently made changes both with the foreman and guards, indicating that the best men for their respective positions are being sought.

"We recommend that no more trusties, than are actually necessary, be made, as this class of prisoners enjoy too much liberty, hence the greater chance for trouble. We further recommend that some rule be made that under no circumstance shall these trusties be allowed away from camp after 6:30 P. M.

"We are informed that they come to the city at night and cause a lot of trouble and this practice should be broken up at once.

"We recommend that a rule be made whereby gambling shall not be permitted at any of the camps.

"Public Schools—We find the schools in the city and rural districts being put in good repair in most cases.

"It was very gratifying to the grand jury to have the privilege of going over our county and finding our Board of Education expending the money appropriated so wisely.

"We were especially pleased with the new buildings just completed. One being in the northern section of the city known as the 'Northside School' and the other in the southern section of the city, known as the 'Southside School.' In regard to these schools we found that contracts had been given for deep wells to obtain pure drinking water.

"We recommend that the leaks in the 'Bear Memorial School' be repaired at once. Also that the steps and piazza of the colored school at Wrightsville Sound be put in good order.

"The library and furniture in the Masonboro Sound school, used by the white children has been greatly neglected while the repairs were being made to this building. They should be taken care of promptly.

"We found the following school buildings in course of construction: One at Delgado, one for colored race in rear of the Marine Hospital, to be known as Williston school, and the Hemenway school being built on the site of the former school by that name.

"After the completion of these buildings the county will have 36 schools and the approximate value of land and buildings will be $300,000.

"We inspected the county home and found the building and grounds in excellent condition. The inmates are well fed and provided for. At this place there are nine colored males and seven females, six white females and one male. Total number, 23. Five of these are insane but under control of the foreman at all times.

"Regarding Elections—We recommend that the officers appointed as pollholders and registrars be composed of men of good character and of such capacity that would qualify them to hold such office.

"We find a city ordinance requiring the connection of surface closets with sewerage, but delays in extending water mains and furnishing sufficient supply of water make the enforcement of this ordinance ineffective and we suggest the co-operation of the proper authorities so that the work may proceed to the extent whereby this ordinance can be properly enforced.

"We recommend that a copy of this report be turned over to the next grand jury at the time of their convening for their considertion, and that a copy of future grand jury reports be placed in the hands of the next succeeding grand jury for their information.

"Respectfully submitted this 19th day of September, 1914.

"DANIEL H. PENTON,
"Foreman.

"JAMES OWEN REILLY,
"Secretary."

Get your boy's school suits at Rehder's; $7.50 blue serge suits for $5. (advertisement.)

JEWISH NEW YEAR TODAY

Feast of Rosh Hashanah Beginning at Sunset Continues Through Tomorrow—Special Services.

Rosh Hashanah, the Jewish new year, one of the holiest days in the Jewish ritual, begins today at sunset and will continue until tomorrow evening at sunset. This inaugurates the most solemn season of the Jewish year and is observed by all orthodox Jews throughout the world. Special services will be held in the Temple of Israel this evening at 8 o'clock and again tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Dr. S. Mendelsohn.

According to the Jewish calendar this begins the year 5,675 and the new year is the first day of the seventh month, or the day of the new moon of that month. As the seventh day of the week has always been held in reverence by the Jews, so the seventh month came to be regarded as a particularly holy month. The new moon has also always been regarded as a holy season, so that the new moon of the seventh month has been invested with far more holier import than the new moons of other months.

The observance of this day has been commanded in two passages of the five books of Moses, these being Leviticus 23:23-25 and Numbers 19:1. In neither passage there is no specific command as to how the day shall be observed except to blow the trumpet to call the people to remembrance before the Lord and to engage in no servile occupation on that day. In time the blowing of the trumpet came to be the central part of the elaborate religious services conducted on this day. Its meaning was enlarged so as to include not only calling the people to remembrance before the Lord, but also to arouse them to ther shortcomings.

Another idea that has come to be associated with the day is that on this day God weighed men's actions in the scale of justice. Human responsibility and divine justice are the two cardinal ideas connected with the day.

Ten days after Rosh Hashanah is Yom Kippur, or the day of atonement, which is devoted to fasting and prayer. It is the culmination of the expiatory ceremonial and the ultimate expression of Israel's religion. During the ten days intervening the opportunity is presented to reflect on and repair the wrongs of the past year; if the repentance is sincere forgiveness is obtained on the day of atonement.

There are a number of other Jewish festivals which follow, all of which are observed with appropriate services both in the home and in the synagogue.

ARGUMENTS IN BIG CASE NOT FINISHED YESTERDAY.

Federal Court Will Reconvene in Wilmington on Next Thursday.

The hearing in Federal court in the big admiralty case in which the Merchants & Miners' Transportation Co., of Baltimore, Md., is seeking to recover $75,000 alleged salvage from the owners of the British steamer Alcazar was not concluded yesterday as originally planned but will be resumed Thursday. Following a recess of one day, given the attorneys to go over a mass of testimony in the form of depositions, the argument of counsel was scheduled to take place yesterday but the respondents, the owners of the Alcazar, desired to enter more testimony from witnesses.

Mr. T. B. Hasler, of New York, one of the owners of the British steamer, was placed on the stand and testified at length as to her condition when she was picked up and also told of the insurance that was carried on her. Other witnesses examined were Maj. H. W. Stickle and Mr. W. H. Banck, of Wilmington; Mr. Harry Parker, of Beaufort, and Mr. I. T. Willis, of Cape Lookout.

Following the examination of the witnesses Daniel H. Haynes, Esq., of Baltimore, argued the case for the libellants, and D. Roger Englar, Esq., of New York, for the respondents.

Judge Connor announced that on Thursday he would take up also a case in equity entitled Louis Goodman, trustee, against A. D. Rich & Co., bankrupt, involving the validity of a bond issue of $20,000.

$25 Silk crepe de chine dresses in Copenhagen, black, navy, wisteria and plum. Special this week $15 at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

WANT CITY TO BUILD SHEDS

Committee Will Suggest to Council That Better Marketing Facilities be Provided.

The building of umbrella sheds on both sides of Dock street from Front to Second for the protection of farmers selling vegetables and produce in rainy weather will be suggested to the City Council at an early meeting, according to a resolution adopted at a meeting yesterday afternoon of the committee appointed at the farmers' picnic last Thursday to take up this and other matters. The committee also decided to go before the Atlantic Coast Line officials and request that the office hours at shipping points be kept open until 8 P. M. during the trucking season.

The committee was also empowered to devise means for organizing the farmers of the county into a compact body for the furtherance of their interests and also to co-operate with the business men of this section in bringing about better conditions for both classes.

It was this latter feature that was discussed most thoroughly yesterday afternoon. The plan that seemed to meet with most favor is to extend the activities of the Wilmington Co-Operative Truck Growers' Association so as to include all the farmers and producers of the county in the organization. However, no definite action was taken except to appoint a committee composed of Messrs. J. P. Herring and W. D. Rhodes, Jr., of the Truck Growers' Association, and Messrs. J. A. Orrell, H. A. Rau, J. W. Morriss and Walter Horne, to make a thorough investigation and devise some plan by which a county organization can be brought about.

The committee also decided to ask the City Council to require the clerks at the city market to furnish the prevailing wholesale prices for produce to the press for publication in order that consumers may know whether or not they are getting their goods at reasonable prices.

The building of the sheds is considered by those who have to sell produce on the local market as an absolute necessity. In this opinion they have the backing of many city people. While admitting that the sheds would not add to the beauty of the surroundings the farmers say that this is the only practicable means for bettering conditions. And it has been said that the beauty in that particular section of the city could not be hurt very much by the sheds.

The plan approved by the committee yesterday is to have sheds on each side of the street just wide enough to protect wagons from the rain and also to enable the buyer to keep out of the rain when he is trying to make purchases. Each farmer, who desires to use the sheds, can lease a space eight feet in width for which an annual charge of $12 would be made, according to the suggested plan, payable quarterly in advance.

Committees were appointed at the meeting yesterday to arrange with the City Council and with the railroad authorities a date on which the committee can present its claims. Mr. J. O. Brown presided at the meeting yesterday and Mr. W. D. Rhodes, Jr., was secretary.

$25 Silk crepe de chine dresses in Copenhagen, black, navy, wisteria and plum. Special this week $15 at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

BUY A BALE OF COTTON

Wilmington Business Men Enlist in Nation-Wide Movement—Others Will Join The Club.

"Buy a bale of cotton," the slogan of a host of business men throughout the country, is putting many thousand bales of cotton safely away until there is a bigger demand for the staple and prices are better. Mr. W. R. Barksdale, vice president and general manager of the Cape Fear Oil Company, joined in the movement some ten days ago, and now has a bale of cotton stored away at Rockingham, N. C., for which he paid ten cents a pound. He purchased it through the Everett Hardware Company, of that place, for the Cape Fear Oil Company.

Mr. L. W. Moore, the well known real estate agent, of this city, ever on the alret, purchased the first bale of cotton that he was able to get on the Wilmington market. The season is a little late in this county and it was not until yesterday that he had the opportunity to bup a bale here. He paid ten cents a pound for the staple and now has the bale displayed in the window of his office at No. 113 Princess street. On this he has displayed the placard with the inscription, "L. W. Moore's real estate agency has the same confidence in cotton as it has in the South's future in real estate and the value of insurance of the Equitable Life."

As stated in the Star several days ago the Armour Fertilizer Works have instructed all division headquarters and local agents to purchase a bale of cotton each and display it in some prominent place, the purchase price to be ten cents a pound, middling.

The Wilmington City Council at its weekly meeting Wednesday authorized Mayor Moore to purchase for the city a bale of cotton for every thousand people living in Wilmington. This will be responsible for the purchase of 30 bales of cotton. The price to be paid for this cotton will be ten cents a pound, middling.

There are other business men in the city who are going to join in the movement, and it is probable that more than the entire yield of New Hanover county, which is about 300 bales, will be purchased at a basis of ten cents a pound, middling, by business men in this county.

The Star will beginning tomorrow publish from day to day a list of those who have purchased a bale of cotton at a basis of ten cents a found. All those who have joined in the movement that has already caused the market to advance more than a half a cent a pound and had much to do with helping the farmers of the South in the face up unprecedented conditions to meet the obligations resting upon them, are requested to notify the Star.

No one will be left out knowingly for it is desired to make the club as large as possible.

The Fayetteville Observer of yesterday afternoon is authority for the statement that good cotton sold on that market yesterday for 9 1-8 cents.

WM. LEWIS SENTENCED TO DIE OCTOBER 21.

Notice of Appeal to Supreme Court Given by Attorneys.

Criminal Cases to be Taken Up Again Tomorrow—Hoped to Dispose of "Jail Cases"—Yesterday's Session.

Convicted in Superior Court Friday of murder in the first degree for killing his wife, William Lewis, alias "Bert" Lewis, of Elizabethtown, was sentenced yesterday morning by Judge Oliver H. Allen to die in the electric chair on October 21st at the State penitentiary at Raleigh. The negro heard the death sentence pronounced without any show of emotion. J. B. Clark, Esq., of Elizabethtown, and Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., of the local bar, his attorneys, gave notice of an appeal to the Supreme court.

In addition to the passing of sentence on Lewis, and receiving the report of the grand jury, as told in another column, a number of other cases were disposed of yesterday, but the criminal docket was not cleared up, and the trial of criminal cases will be resumed tomorrow morning. It is hoped to dispose of all the jail cases tomorrow, and to devote the remainder of the week to civil matters. It had been planned to complete the criminal matters the first week, and to devote the entire second week of this term to civil cases, but the heavy criminal docket made this impossible.

If Lewis' appeal to the Supreme Court is perfected it will automatically stay the execution of sentence until the case has been passed on by the Supreme Court. In the event that it is not he will be electrocuted on the date named. Judge Allen yesterday, after passing sentence on the negro, committed him to the keeping of Sheriff S. P. Cowan, to be delivered in due time to the warden of the State penitentiary at Raleigh.

The greater part of yesterday's session was taken up with the case against Ed G. Green and Elsie Moler, as told in another column.

Joe Strong, colored, was found guilty by a jury on a charge of violating the prohibition law, and was sentenced by Judge Allen to serve six months on the county roads.

Robert Mills, colored, charged with the larceny of a pair of trousers from the department store of Mr. J. H. Rehder, was tried by jury and a verdict of not guilty was returned.

Cases against Mr. R. R. Bellamy, the Samaritan Lodge, Mrs. M. J. Heyer and Mrs. Ida Hankins, charged with violations of the city sanitary ordinance, were nol prossed with leave. A nol pros with leave was also entered in the case against E. A. Todd, white, charged with contempt, and in a case against Minnie Suggs, charged with gambling.

The grand jury returned a true bill against Lewis Barlow, charging false pretense in connection with the sale of a cow to Mrs. H. A. DeCover.

"Not a true bill" was returned in two cases against Mr. L. W. Moore on charges of violating the city sanitary ordinances, and in one case against Mr. Geo. O. Gaylord.

NEW TERMINALS OPEN SOON

Clyde Line Dock Facilities in Wilmington Will Be One of Best Arranged in The South.

Splendid progress has been made in the construction of the new terminals for the Clyde Line at the foot of Castle and Queen streets and Mr. C. J. Becker, the local agent, stated yesterday that he expected to be in his new quarters by not later than October 3rd, possibly a day or so before that time. The opening of these new dock facilities, which are in many ways the best arranged of any similar docks along the South Atlantic Coast, will be an important event and in honor of the occasion there will be a general "house warming."

It is expected that the Cherokee, the Clyde Line's handsome passenger and freight steamer, which plies between New York, Wilmington and Georgetown, S. C., will be here at that time. A general invitation will be extended the public not only to inspect the new terminals at that time, but also to look over the Cherokee. There will be refreshments and possibly music in order to make the openeing one of real pleasure and delight to all who come.

The total outlay for the new docks for this company will be in the neighborhood of $125,000. The wharf will extend the entire length of the city block from Castle street to Queen and east back towards Surry street 130 feet. The water front has been dredged to a depth of 20 feet or more, making it possible for the larger ships of the coastwise service of this company to come to Wilmington.

The new terminals are located on the belt line and two spur tracks, with capacity of 16 cars, have been constructed. For vehicles to load and unload freight there have been built sheds along the Casle street side and also a driveway extendeds under the warehouse, thus protecting them from the rain in rainy weather.

All the furniture for the office at the terminals will be new, as well as all the fixtures. When the time comes for moving there will be little to do except to move the records.

Work on the terminals was begun on June 26th and the contractors, W. P. Richardson & Co., of Jacksonville, Fla., expect to have it entirely completed by the time specified which was October 1st.

Giving news of the sweep of the "Buy-a-Bale" movement, the Observer says that Swift & Co., the meat packers, have entered the movement with a vim, taking hundreds of bales instead of just one and paying 10 cents straight through. They have already bought over 500 bales and added to the number with one on the Fayetteville market yesterday. Mooris & Co., of Chicago, also big packers, have joined the procession and yesterday instructed every Southern branch and jobbing house to buy a bale for their account at 10 cents.

$15 Satin and Wool Serge dresses only $10 at Rehder's. (advertisement.)

CARELESS PEOPLE CARRY CASH

But the CAREFUL PEOPLE deposit their money in

The Peoples Savings Bank

Are you among our TEN THOUSAND CAREFUL SAVERS AND INVESTORS?
Your account is welcome and ONE DOLLAR or more will start you.

4% COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY ALLOWED TO ALL.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

Corner Front and Princess Streets.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. F. W. DICK, Vice-President. M. J. CORBETT, Vice-President. J. HOLMES DAVIS, Cashier.

REPORT TO THE CORPORATION COMMISSION OF THE CONDITION OF

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

At the Close of Business on the 12th day of September, 1914.

RESOURCES:

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS, OTHER THAN DEMAND LOANS	$1,768,589.85
NORTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS	5,500.00
ALL OTHER STOCKS, BONDS AND MORTGAGES	11,378.50
BANKING HOUSE	50,000.00
ALL OTHER REAL ESTATE OWNED	2,400.00
DEMAND LOANS	150,255.88
CASH (ON HAND AND IN BANKS)	332,641.18
INVESTED TRUST FUNDS	94,800.00
TOTAL	$2,415,545.39

LIABILITIES:

CAPITAL	$ 100,000.00
SURPLUS	200,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS, LESS CURRENT EXPENSES & TAXES	55,957.05
DIVIDENDS UNPAID	100.00
DEPOSITS	2,054,488.34
BUILDING RESERVE	5,000.00
TOTAL	$2,415,545.39

I, Jno. L. Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS, Cashier.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover:

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 16th day of September, A. D. 1914.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary.

Correct—Attest:
N. B. RANKIN,
J. V. GRAINGER,
R. H. NORTHROP,
Directors.

WILSON — The greatest man in the United States.

WILSON — The greatest heaters in the WORLD.

For Sale Only by

CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

500 bags Arab Feed.
400 Spirit Casks.
Half car Hoop Iron.
2 M. kegs Nails.
10 M. Cotton Ties.
5 M. rolls Bagging.

Also Corn, Meal, Wheat Bran, Wheat Middlings and all other goods usually handled by wholesale grocers. Send your orders in to

D. L. Gore Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Formal Opening Display of Autumn Styles in MILLINERY Wednesday and Thursday September 23 and 24

Paris Models from Georgette, Lewis, Louison and others also creations from our own work room

Suit Department will display the new Fall Suits and Dresses on these days

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

FINAL CLEAN UP SALE ON LOW SHOES

LADIES	LADIES
$4.00 Lot Walking Pumps and Colonials $2.48	One lot, sizes 1 to 2½ 97c
$3.50 Lot Evening Slippers; all colors $2.48	$5.00 and $4.00 Tan Button Boots . . $2.98
$4.00 Velvet Pumps, only $1.98	$4.00 Colonial Pumps, only $3.15
$4.00 Patent Leather Oxfords $1.98	All Children's Slippers at Great Reductions.

Every Low Shoe in House Reduced. Plenty of Time to Wear Low Shoes.

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Cornelia Brady left the past week for Greensboro to enter the State Normal College.

• • •

Mr. Lewis Wilson, of Charlotte, is the guest of his sister, Mrs. A. S. Lewis, No. 304 Hanover street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Parker have returned to the city after spending several weeks at Selma, N. C.

• • •

At the morning service of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church today Miss Katherine Vollers will sing, "The Lord is my Light," by Francesa Allesten.

• • •

Mrs. M. J. Moore, of Florence, S. C., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. V. G. Craig, No. 814 Macomber's avenue. She will spend several weeks here.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Shepard have returned from a very pleasant visit of a week or ten days with relatives in Atlanta, Ga.

• • •

There will be no meeting of the Whatsoever Circle of the King's Daughters tomorrow at the usual hour. Due notice will be given as to the time of the meeting.

• • •

Mrs. J. C. Stewart and children have returned to the city after an absence of several months, during which time they visited a number of points in the western part of the State.

• • •

Mr. G. E. Megow returned last night from his vacation which he spent at Kerr. Mrs. Megow accompanied him but will not return for several days yet.

• • •

Miss Pauline Crumb, who has been leader of the Columbia Concert Company, of Cincinnati for several years, will play the "Adagio Cantabile," by Tratini, at the morning service at Grace Methodist Episcopal Church today.

• • •

Miss Sidonia Dunn left last night for Washington, D. C., where she will spend some time with relatives. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Mary Dunn, who spent the past month here.

• • •

Mrs. W. F. Stubbs has returned from an extended visit to various parts of North Carolina, being accompanied home by her niece, Miss Eva Stubbs, of Greenville, N. C., and Mr. H. L. Harris, of Rocky Mount. They are guests of Mrs. Stubbs at No. 518 Castle street.

• • •

Hon. George H. Bellamy, who was recently taken ill while in Goldsboro, is now at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. P. Duncan, No. 120 Castle street. His friends will be glad to know that his condition is much improved. He was accompanied by Mrs. Bellamy.

• • •

The Clyde steamer Cherokee sailed yesterday for New York with the following passengers: Master Henry J. Wolfe, Messrs. H. C. Sneed and Jos. Church, Jr., Drs. Schmidt, Trueblood, McLean and Elmendorf, Mrs. J. T. J. Horgan, Mr. W. J. Williamson, Mr. L. W. Davis, Mr. A. A. Pierce and Capt. W. Sanders.

• • •

Miss Ruth Shaw, who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. A. C. Dixon at Clifton Springs, N. Y., for some time, will extend her visit, and has resigned her position as teacher in the Union School which she has held for several years. Mrs. Dixon is the wife of Rev. A. C. Dixon, who is pastor of Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, England. On account of the European war Mrs. Dixon will not return to England until later.

• • •

Miss Pauline Crumb, who recently came to Wilmington from Cincinnati, Ohio, who is a talented violinist, will render "Salut d'Amour" by Edwards Elgar at the evening service today of the First Baptist church. Miss Crumb has been heard in Wilmington on several previous occasions and many will be glad to have this opportunity to hear her again. Mr. Wise, who recently removed to Wilmington from Roanoke, will sing at the moring service "My Eask" by Ashford.

• • •

The following invitations have been received by friends here:

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Berrien
Willingham
request the honor of your presence
at the marriage of their daughter
Rosa Dwight,
to
Mr. Richard Langdon Meares,
on Tuesday evening, October the sixth,
at half after seven o'clock,
Saint James' Episcopal Church,
Marietta, Georgia.

• • •

BAPTIST BARACA CLASS ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

Thursday evening at the regular business meeting, held in the class room, the Baraca Class of the First Baptist Church elected a full set of new officers as follows:

President, D. W. Burrus.
First vice president, J. D. Perry.
Second vice president, A. T. Long.
Recording secretary, H. C. Marshall.
Corresponding secretary, J. H. Chapman.
Treasurer, J. H. Mtichell.
Press reporter, W. N. Manley.
Teacher, Mrs. C. O. Byerly.
First assistant teacher, J. H. Mitchell.
Second assistant teacher, A. T. Long.

All members are requested to attend this morning at 9:45 o'clock. Visiors will also be welcome.

• • •

63RD ANNIVERSARY OF REBEKAHS CELEBRATED

The 63rd anniversary of the founding of the Daughters of Rebekah was fittingly celebrated by Letitia Lodge, No. 3. The event was largely attended by members and friends and a most enjoyable programme was carried out.

The officers in charge of the exercises last evening were as follows: N. G., Mrs. Lord; V. G., Mrs. Fannie Brittain; chairman, Mrs. T. G. Landen; P. N. G., Mrs. Parker; seretary, Mrs. Mabel Garrison; pianist, Miss May Landen.

The programme carried out was as follows:

Instrumental solo.. .. ..
Miss Olivia Hewlett
Deading. . . ... Miss Weeda May Pate
Vocal Solo. . . . . Miss Annie Gaskill
Reading.. .. ..Mrs. Garrison
Talk by Mrs. J. F. Littleton, president Rebekah State Assembly.
Reading . . ."A Slight Miscalculation."
Mr. Sam Matthews
Instrumental Solo . .Mrs. R. J. Johnson

• • •

MEETING OF JUNIOR DIVISION MISSIONARY SOCIETY MONDAY

The third quarterly meeting of the Junior Division of the Missionary Society of Grace Methodist Episcopal Church will be held in the lecture room Monday afternoon at 5 o'clock. At this meeting the children not only pay their monthly dues, but open their mits boxes and turn in their money.

Immediately after the meeing the children will proceed to the church ground, where a lawn party be given, at which refreshments will be sold. This lawn party will be cntinued through the evening hours. A delightful programme of music and readings will be rendered in the church parlors, after which refreshments will be placed on sale on the lawn.

Parents and friends of the children are invited to attend and assist the little ones in raising their pledges.

The following is the programme to be rendered:

Reading.. .. ..Selected
Miss Mary Houston.
Piano.. .. .."Brer Rabbit," from "Fireside Tales." MacDowell.
Mrs. H. E. O'Keef.
Soprano Solo "O Promise Me." DeKoven
Miss Lucile Riley.
Reading.. .. ..Selected
Mr. Mumford.
Contralto solo . . . "Love me if I Live" Foote.
Mrs. J. D. Edwards.
Violin Solo.. .. ..Selected.
Miss Grumb, accompanied by Miss Bowen.
Reading.. .. ..Selected.
Miss Sallie Oldman.
Piano.. .. ..Selected.
Miss Katie Ford.

• • •

MISS WOOTEN ENTERTAINS HER HOME IN CLARKTON

Clarkton, N. C., Sept. 18.—The pretty and attractive home of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Wooten was artistically decorated Tuesday afternoon when from four to six o'clock Miss Amelia Wooten was "at home" to quite a number of her friends. During the first part of the afternoon Cubical Hearts was played. Mrs. M. C. Stegall and Miss Miss Eva Kelly were the winners, Miss Kelly being so fortunate as to win the draw and was presented with a lovely box of stationery. The guests were then invited into the dining room, which looked so pretty with its decorations, the color scheme of pink and green being conied out in a most unique wey. All eyes opened wide with wonder when they saw tiny pink satin bags filled with rice beside each place card, for they realized there was a tale to be told, but before there was scarcely time for guesses, Miss Wooten entered, carrying a pink satin bag and on opening it, a small white cat jumped out. In the huge pink bow at its neck was hidden the following announcement. which Miss Wooten read: "On October the first Miss Amelia Jean Meares and Mr. Thomas Samuel Greenlee, of Alta Pass, N. C., will wed." Showers of congratulations were bestowed on the bride-to-be, a girl with a sweet disposition, charming personality and scores of friends.

Miss Wooten served block cream and cake, assisted by Mrs. M. B. McAulay, of Acme, and Miss Rosa Lee Clark.

THEATRICAL

More Superb Keith Vaudeville.

Before giant sized and really enthusiastic audiences, the Victoria brought another big week to a close last night, and is already on the job ready to open an even bigger week. Right here, too, it should be noted that the Victoria is stretching every effort and doing all possible to give Wilmington even much better vaudeville than was presented last season. This is causing heavy extra expense, but the Victoria management wants the folks of Wilmington to have the very cream of the great Keith vaudeville and believes the public will appreciate such. The present week, opened at matinee tomorrow, is going to be a wonder. The show for both the first and second halves of the week are simply great. The bill that opens tomorrow is a superb one in every way, sparkling with great acts that play the "big time." First of all comes the well known Cleora Miller Trio, in a great musical novelty. This is one of the very swellest of acts and is a whopper in size, as well as merit. Then comes the famous Dare Brothers, exponents of skill and strength, who are presenting a herculean sketch entitled "Acrobatic Accuracies." It is also a greatcitly novelty. Next on the bill will be offered the Dohertys, the king and queen of fun, with plenty of songs and dances on the side.

Great Week at The Grand.

"A week of all star, brilliant sucess." That is the claim made by the Grand management for the present week, and a glance at the big advertisement made by this theatre on another page of todays' Star will fully convince everyone that this claim is not one bit overdrawn. In fact, that it is too conservative, as the announcement will reveal a stupendous array of film masterpieces, the most costly and the freshest. It also again emphasizes that the Grand is the leading moving picture theatre and that at the same time the people of the largest cities are beholding the freshest of film sensation why the Grand is affording the amusement-lovers of Wilmington the very same chance. Every day at the Grand this week will bristle with superb features, while Wednesday will be an especially gala occasion and Thursday the noted dramatic success, "The Squaw Man," with Dustin Farnum, will be offered.

The inaugural show, to be set before the folks of Wilmington tomorrow, in the Grand's usual faultless way, will be something extraordinarily good, and every theatre-goer should witness it. In addition to two great dramatic films, one a two reeler, the very latest Hearst-Selig Pictorial Review, detailing in animated and graphic form, numerous scenes of the present great European conflict, will be a big feature.

Newest Pictures at Bijou.

Again during the coming week will Wilmington's most successful and most popular movie playhouse forcibly demonstrate its superiority over everything else in the quality and quantity of its offerings to the amusement loving public of Wilmington. For proof of this assertion, the reader has only to turn to another page and scan the delectable menu embraced in the Bijou's large advertising giving a list of the stupendous attractions that will be dished up during the week opening tomorrow afternoon.

It is the boast of the Bijou that it shows the newest, as well as the best motion pictures ever shown in Wilmington, and the always increasing patronage of this favorite joy-spot is a daily commendation of their enterprise in obtaining these big features first, for the enjoyment and entertainment of Wilmingtonians. Therefore, during the coming week they will publish the release dates on their leading pictures each day, and guarantee them to be from two to four weeks newer than anything else offered in Wilmington.

Heading tomorrow's big bill is a mammoth two-reel Eclair dramatic feature, "The Jackpot Club," released under date of September 2nd. This mammoth feature has Bob Frazier and Edna Payne, those two peerless Eclair stars, in the leading role. It is a forceful dramatic production, a more extended mention of which will be given in tomorrow's paper.

Then there is another one of those rousing Sterling comedies, with the peerless Ford in the leading role.

SUNDAY SERVICES

A wise man knows the value of the sermon preached in the church. It may not always bear the marks of scholarship or the grace of eloquence, But it comes from an earnest heart, and burns with a desire for the people to receive is as a message of God. Therefore, there es always much in it to inform the mind and quicken the conscience.

The church, with its sermon, is the world's university of morals and religion. A man would do well to never let pass an opportuhity to listen to the preacher's weekly message. If he fails to do this, he shows a lack of appreciation of one of the best things in life.

St Thomas Catholic Church, Dock between Second and Third streets. Mass and sermon 9 A. M. Sunday School after Mass Vespers Sermon and Benediction 8 P. M.

St Paul's Lutheran Church, corner Sixth and Market streets, Rev. P. B. Clausen, pastor. Chief service 11 A. M. Sermon: "God's Cure For Worry." Evening service at 8. Subject of sermon: "Does This War Prove Christianity a Failure?" The public is cordially invited to these services. Sunday School at 10 A. M., in church building.

St Jamess' Episcopal church, corner Third and Market streets, Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., pastor. Morning service will be conducted at 11 o'clock by Rev. J. S. Mody, of Fayetteville. The public cordially invited to attend.

Calvary Baptist church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Rev. W. M. Craig will preach at the morning service. The pastor will preach at the night service. Following the morning service the missionary societies of the church will meet. Sunday School at 4:30 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday. B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. A cordial welcome is extended to all.

First Baptist church, corner Fifth and Market streets, Rev. J. H. Foster, D. D., pastor. Worship 11 A. M. Subject, "The Midnight Summons." 8 P. M., Subject, "Letters from Heaven." Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. B. Y. P. U. at 7 P. M. Everybody welcome.

Grace Methodist Church, corner Fourth and Grace streets. Preaching services at 11 A. M. by the pastor, Rev. J. D. Bundy. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M., M. F. Allen, superintendent. Prayer meeting 8 P. M., Wednesday. Because of the Epworth League Institute at Bladen Street Church, the Grace Church Epworth League will not meet Friday night. A cordial welcome awaits all who attend the service announced.

St. Pauls' Episcopal Church, 16th and Market streets. Rev. E. deF. Heald, Jr., of Washington, D. C., rector. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. R. E. Tapp, superintendent. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 A. M. You are cordially invited.

Trinity Methodist Church: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M., by the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rexford. Sunday School at 9:45 A. M. Junior League Monday 4 P. M. Senior League Tuesday 8 P. M. Prayer service Wednesday night at 8 o'clock by the pastor. All are invited to these services.

St. Matthews' English Lutheran Church, North Fourth street, Rev. G. W. McClanahan pastor: Services at 11 A. M. by the Rev. Richard, from Michigan, during the absence of the pastor. Sunday School 10 A. M.

St. Mary's Church, Fifth and Ann streets: First mass 7 A. M. Last mass 10:30 A. M. No evening service.

DRAMA FROM LIFE IN COURT

Green and Moler Girl Found Guilty. Judge Allen Blends Humanity With Justice.

A husband and father infatuated with another woman, a deserted wife and two small children and a fallen woman, foreign born, friendless and alone, whose male relatives are now units of the Kaiser's gray clad hosts on some far flung European battle line, formed the principal characters in a drama from life, whose sordid story, under the merciless probe of the law, was unfolded in Superior Court yesterday. And after the legal formalities had been gone through with, Judge Allen departed from the cold customs of the courts, and like some humane father, blended humanity with justice and painstakingly laid a foundation upon which those involved may begin to build anew.

Ed G. Green, a local merchant, and Elsie Moler, a German girl, who has made her home in this country since she was 14 years of age, were found guilty by the jury which heard the case, on a charge of living in illicit relations.

The testimony brought forth the fact that Green had left his wife and two children, had purchased a house on the outskirts of the city and had installed the Moler girl there. Their relations on this plane had existed for the past two years.

The case was hard fought, with W. P. Gafford, Esq., representing Green; Woodus Kellum, Esq., the Moler girl and County Solicitor Geo. L. Peschau assisting Solicitor Homer L. Lyon in the prosecution. The selection of a jury and the taking of the testimony took up the greater part of the day in court, but when the case was finally turned over to the jury it did not require long for them to bring in a verdict of guilty.

Judge Allen, in discussing the case, placed the blame upon Green, but stated that for the sake of his wife and children he desired to be as lenient with him as possible. After considering the matter from all angles, he finally continued prayer for judgment against Green for a term of two years, provided he furnish bond in the sum of $500 to appear from court to court and show that he has conducted himself properly toward his wife and children.

Elsie Moler, whose story as told by her lawyer, is a particularly sad one, was paroled n the care of the Salvation Army for the time being. She expressed to Judge Allen her desire to lead a better life, and several times through the course of the trial broke down and wept.

Her lawyer told the court her story, as she had related it to him. She came to America at the age of 14 from her home in Germany, as a nursemad in the family of a distant relative. They lived in New York. She continued in this capacity for two years, and then became a manicurist, at which position she worked for 18 months. Coming home from a theatre one night she found her apartment house locked up. With very little money in her pocket, she tried to find a respectable place to spend the night. A man and woman, seemingly kind-hearted, chapitable people, offered to assist her. They took her to what they said was a hotel, and there, against her will, forced her into a life of shame. Since that time she has drifted from one city to another, a human derelict.

Seven-Pound Potato.

The Star received last evening by parcel post from Mr. J. G. Blake, at Watha, N. C., what is believed to be the record sweet potato for this year's North Carolina growth. It was raised by Mr. H. P. Page, of Watha, and weighed when dug on September 15th, seven pounds and two ounces. It tips the scales today, after drying four days, seven pounds. It is of the early Triumph variety. Mr. Page counted 32 potatoes about August 15th that measured a bushel. The flavor of the potato is said to be exceptionally good.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Leonard A. Scott, superintendent of Bradstreet's agency in this city, had gone to Richmond, Va., on business.

—Mr. W. M. Shaw, Jr., son of Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Shaw, has accepted the position of principal of the Willard High School and has already entered upon his new duties.

—Mr. Russell Millis, formerly of Wilmington, but now making good in the engineering department of the city of Jacksonville, Fla., is here for a brief visit and is being cordially received by his many friends.

—Mr. Louis Lane, junior clerk in Hall's Pharmacy, Sixth and Castle streets, and for the past eight or ten years an attache of the store, resigned his position, effective last night, and leaves this week for Cerro Gordo, N. C., where he will be manager of Floyd's Pharmacy. His many Wilmington friends wish him much success.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The breaking of a trolley wire on Front street near Market at 7 o'clock last night caused a delay of 20 minutes in the running of the cars.

—James Brown, colored, was arrested last night at No. 916 South Eighth street by Plainclothesman Frank George and R. W. Jacobs on a charge of violating the prohibition law. He was locked up at the police station.

—The first Fall meeting of Concord Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, will be held tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. A large attendance is desired at this meeting.

—In order to facilitate the transaction of business in the northern part of the city the Southern Express Company has established a branch office at Smith's drug store, No. 914 North Fourth street. Packages will be received at this office and money orders will be issued.

—Sheriff Cowan was called to Wrightsboro last night to arrest Fanny Carroll, colored, who was said by the negroes in that vicinity to have made herself a nuisance by cursing and other dsorderly conduct. Sheriff Cowan brought her to Wilmington and placed her in the county jail on a charge of being drunk. He was accompanied on the trip by Deputy Sheriff Kelly.

NO DIFFERENCE

The Proof is Here the Same as Everywhere.

For those who seek relief from kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder ills, Doan's Kidney Pills offer hope of relief and the proof is here in Wilmington, the same as everywhere. Wilmington people have used Doan's and Wilmington people recommend Doan's, the kidney remedy used in America for fifty years. Why suffer? Why run the risk of dangerous kidney ills—fatal Bright's disease. Here's Wilmington proof. Investigate it.

S. C. Winner, jeweler, 215 Market St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I know that Doan's Kidney Pills are a good kidney medicine, and I cheerfully confirm the statement I formerly gave in their favor. This remedy has been used in my family, being procured at Bellamy's Drug Stor, and it has given relief from backache and other symptoms of kidney complaint."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Winner had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

NEW SEPTEMBER
MULLETS
SEND ORDERS TO
SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
311 N. Front St.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wooltex
The H. Black Company
Designers and Makers
PARIS-CLEVELAND

Careful Sponging and Shrinking

The cloths in Wooltex coats, suits, skirts are thoroughly sponged and shrunk before cutting. This aids shape-permanence and prevents bad effects from rain.

A. Brown

The Store That Sells WOOLTEX

Cotton

Cotton Consignments solicited either for immediate sale or storage

W. B. COOPER & COMPANY
Wilmington, N. C.

Miss Alderman's School

Fall Session begins October 5, 1914. Boys and Girls prepared for Business and College. Special attention given to backward pupils.

For terms, etc., apply to

Mary L. Alderman
Principal.
No. 12 North Fifth.

Change of Schedule

W. B. & S. Railway Co.

Effective September 20th, Train No. 1 will leave Southport at 6:30 A. M., arriving Wilmington at 8:15 A. M.

H. E. GOODWIN,
Traffic Manager.

se20-2t

CONCORD CHAPTER NO. 1, Royal Arch Masons.
Regular convocation Monday evening, Sept. 21st, 1914, at 8 o'clock.
Companions are urged to attend.
Visiting companions welcome.
By order of the High Priest.
JAMES H. TAYLOR, JR., Secretary.

SAVE A DOLLAR

This week and put it in the Bank. Do the same thing next week and we believe you'll keep on repeating. A little money in the bank gives such a feeling of Independence and Prosperity that once a fellow starts to save he is almost sure to keep it up. If you don't believe it, just save a dollar a week for a few weeks and see how good it feels to have money.

MAKE THE HOME YOUR HOME
THE HOME WILL MAKE YOU.

HOME SAVINGS BANK
Orton Building—Front Street

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., (Inc.)
Successors to H. L. Fennell
DEALERS IN
Hudson, Overland, Maxwell Cars
All Accessories. Storage.
Gasoline 14 1-2c per Gallon
Garage: 114 North 2nd Street

Buy a Comet
From $5.75 to $13.50
An Ornament For Any Room

Don't forget your Stove repairs—it's going to be cold soon. We sell almost anything you want.

Engines, Crockery, Boats, Tinware, Aluminum, Tools, Heaters, Ranges, Wooden Ware, Tents.

Come and see the real cheap cash store.

The Foard Hardware Store
29 So. Front St. L. L. HANBY.

VICTORIA

KEITH'S VAUDEVILLE.

MONDAY — TUESDAY — WEDNESDAY

DON'T MISS THIS ONE—IT'S A GREAT SHOW!

CLEORA MILLER TRIO
This Act Will Amuse You
A Musical Feast of Harmony.

JACK POLK
In a Bit of Characteristic Originality.
Just Keeps You Laughing

THE DOHERTYS
In a Bit of Nonsense.
Great Entertainers.

DARE BROTHERS
Athletic Accuracy
This Act Will Amaze You

2 — PHOTO PLAYS — 2

Matinee Every Day, 3:30. Two Night Shows, 7:30-9
Matinee: Children 10c. Adults 15c. Night 15 and 25c.
ALL CHILDREN (UNDER 8 YEARS) WITH PARENTS ADMITTED FREE.

PEPSI-COLA

Stimulating

Healthful—Invigorating—Refreshing

At Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles. 5¢

SPORTS

DETROIT DOWNS PHILA NAPS HUMBLE RED SOX

Plank Was Hit Hard With Bases Occupied.

Boston Was Unable to Connect With Cleveland Recruit—Yankees Take Final of Season at Chicago. Senators and Browns.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	90	46	.662
Boston	81	54	.600
Detroit	75	64	.539
Washington	71	64	.526
Chicago	64	73	.467
St. Louis	62	75	.452
New York	62	76	.449
Cleveland	44	94	.319

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Chicago 1; New York 4.
At Cleveland 5; Boston 1.
At Detroit 4; Philadelphia 3.
At St. Louis 1; Washington 4.
2nd: St. Louis 3; Washington 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Washington at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis.
Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

Detroit, Sept. 19.—By hitting Plank hard with men on bases Detroit defeated Philadelphia today 4 to 3 and claimed the series, two games to one. The Athletics rallied in the closing innings, scoring a run in the eighth and knocking Cavet out of the box in the ninth. Main took Cavet's place after three hits and a run had been made in the ninth, and stopped the slugging.

Philadelphia	010 000 011	3	8 1
Detroit	200 001 10x	4	9 0

Plank, Dressler and Schang; Cavet, Main and Stanage.

CLEVELAND'S RECRUIT TWIRLER MYSTIFIED RED SOX BATTERS.

Cleveland, Sept. 19.—Boston was unable to hit Tedrow, the Cleveland left handed recruit today, and Cleveland won 5 to 1. Collins was knocked out of the box in the seventh. Tedrow helped win his own game with a two-base hit with two on.

Cleveland	200 000 30x	5	9 1
Boston	000 010 000	1	7 0

Tedrow and O'Neil; Collins, Bedient and Carrigan and Pratt.

YANKEES STAGE FINAL GAME AT CHICAGO OF SEASON.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—New York won its last game of the season in Chicago today, defeating the locals 4 to 1. Singles by Cook and Mullen with an error by Baker of Cree's grounder in between, Peckinpaugh's infield out and a sacrifice fly by Sweeney gave the visitors the game in the fourth inning.

New York	000 300 001	4	7 2
Chicago	000 000 010	1	7 1

Keating and Sweeney; Scott, Lathrop and Kulin.

ENGEL WON HIS GAME; AYERS NOT SO SUCCESSFUL.

St. Louis, Sept. 19.—St. Louis and Washington divided a double header here today, the visitors taking the first game 4 to 1 and losing the second 2 to 3. The second game was called on account of darkness after St. Louis had scored the winning run in the eighth.

Washington	000 010 210	4	5 1
St. Louis	100 000 000	1	6 4

Engel, Shaw and Henry; Leverenz, Baumgardner and Leary and Agnew.

Second game:

Washington	001 000 01	2	9 1
St. Louis	100 000 02	3	5 1

Ayers and Ainsmith; Wellman and Agnew.

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	77	60	.562
Chicago	77	60	.562
Baltimore	71	62	.533
Buffalo	70	63	.526
Brooklyn	69	65	.515
Kansas City	64	73	.467
St. Louis	58	78	.427
Pittsburg	57	78	.422

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Baltimore 6; Chicago 7.
At Pittsburg 10; St. Louis 3.
At Buffalo 4; Indianapolis 3.
At Brooklyn 6; Kansas City 2.
2nd: Brooklyn 12; Kansas City 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

No games scheduled.

EXCITING GAME AT BALTIMORE WAS WON BY CHICAGO.

Baltimore, Sept. 19.—Chicago won an exciting game from Baltimore today 7 to 6. With the score 7 to 3 in Baltimore's half of the ninth inning, the locals scored three runs on two singles and a double, but the next three men went out in order, leaving a runner on second.

Chicago	200 010 400	7	10 0
Baltimore	100 001 103	6	14 2

Hendrix and Block; Bailey, Smith, Conley and Jacklitsch and Kerr.

BATTING PITTSBURG HARD ST. LOUIS WON EASILY.

Pittsburg, Sept. 19.—St. Louis batted Pittsburg's pitchers hard today and won 10 to 3. Knetzer was not hit until the ninth.

Pittsburg	000 000 102	3	6 2
St. Louis	030 000 52x	10	13 1

Watson, Groom, Keupper and Simon; Knetzer and Berry.

RUSSELL FORD IN BOX, BUT INDIANAPOLIS LOST TO BUFFEDS

Buffalo, Sept. 19.—Buffalo kept up its winning streak today by defeating Indianapolis 4 to 3 with Russell Ford in the box. In the eighth Buffalo brought home three men on two singles, a pass and a double.

Buffalo	100 000 03x	4	7 2
Indianapolis	001 200 000	3	9 0

Ford and Blair and Lavigne; Moseley and Rariden.

BROOKLYN BREAKS HOODOO WINNING DOUBLE HEADER.

Brooklyn, Sept. 19.—The Brooklyn Federals today broke their losing streak by winning a double header from Kansas City 6 to 2 and 12 to 6. Kansas City in the first game failed to make a hit off LaFite but the pitcher's wildness prevented him from shutting out the visitors. In the second game Brooklyn pounded out hits almost at will.

Kansas City	000 000 101	2	0 3
Brooklyn	100 020 03x	6	8 2

Cullop and Stone and Easterly; LaFittte and Owens.

Second game:

Kansas City	100 001 022	6	9 2
Brooklyn	304 003 11x	12	14 4

Johnson, Stone and Easterly; Brown, Chappelle and Land.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

American Association.

At Indianapolis 6; Cleveland 2.
At Columbus 11; Louisville 8.
At Kansas City 4; Milwaukee 6; (10 innings.)
At Minneapolis 5; St. Paul 4.

International League.

At Jersey City 3; Newark 4.
2nd: Jersey City 1; Newark 6.
At Providence 2; Baltimore 1.
At Toronto 6; Buffalo 2.
At Montreal 8; Rochester 3.

BRAVES AND GIANTS MAINTAIN STANDING

Braves Overwhelmed Pirates; Giants Downed Cubs.

Braves Used Two Twirlers While Tesreau Went The Route—Phillies Took All of Bargain Offering From Cards.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Boston	78	55	.587
New York	76	59	.563
Chicago	73	64	.533
St. Louis	71	66	.518
Philadelphia	67	71	.486
Pittsburg	62	74	.456
Brooklyn	61	75	.448
Cincinnati	56	80	.412

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At New York 5; Chicago 4.
At Boston 9; Pittsburg 3.
At Philadelphia 7; St. Louis 0.
2nd: Philadelphia 6; St. Louis 6.
At Brooklyn 6; Cincinnati 0.
2nd: Brooklyn 8; Cincinnati 6.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

No games schedules.

Boston, Sept. 19.—National: Boston overwhelmed Pitsburg in the sixth inning of today's game, the final score being 9 to 3. The visitors made their three runs in the second inning, when Davis passed two men and three others hit safely. Cooper for Pittsburg became wild in the sixth, passing two men after which hits brought in three runs. Conzelman who replacedlim, was hit for a doubit and two singles, the net result of which was four more runs before the inning was ended. President Tener of the National League was a spectator.

Tabulated Score.

PITTSBURG:	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Carey, l f	5	0	2	2	0	0	
Collins, r f	3	0	1	0	0	1	
Scheeren, r f	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Kelly, c f	4	0	0	4	1	0	
Viox, 2-b	3	1	1	2	3	1	
Konetchy, 1 f	4	0	0	8	0	0	
Wagner, s s	4	1	3	3	3	0	
McCarthy, 3-b	4	0	0	0	2	0	
Coleman, c	3	1	2	5	1	0	
Cooper, p	2	0	1	0	2	0	
Conzelman, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kantlehner, p	0	0	0	0	1	0	
** Siglin	1	0	0	0	0	0	
*** Gibson	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Totals	35	3	10	24	13	3	

BOSTON:	A.	B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Mann, r f	1	0	0	3	0	0	
Moran, r f	2	0	0	1	0	0	
Evers, 2-b	3	1	1	0	1	0	
Cather, l f	2	0	0	0	0	0	
Connelly, l f	1	1	1	0	1	0	
Whitted, c f	5	0	2	2	0	0	
Schmidt, 1-b	4	2	1	10	1	0	
Smith, 3-b	2	1	0	1	3	1	
Maranville, s s	2	2	0	6	2	0	
Gowdy, c	4	1	2	3x	1	0	
Davis, p	2	0	0	1	1	0	
Tyler, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	
* Dugey	1	1	1	0	0	0	
Totals	30	9	8	27	10	1	

*x Batted for Davis in sixth.
*xx Batted for Conzelman in seventh.
*xxx Batted for Kantleehner in ninth.
iPittsburg . . . . . 030 000 000—3
Boston . . . . . 010 007 10x—9

Summary.

Two base hit: Carey, Viox, Gowdy, Connolly. Three base hit: Coleman. Hits: off Davis six in sixth inning; Tyler four in three innings; Cooper, four in five and a third innings; Conzelman 3 in 2-3 innings; Kantlehner in 2 innga. Sacrifice hits: Evers, Cather, Maranville. Stolen bases: Maranville 2. Double plays: Kelly, Wagner to Viox; Maronville and Schmidt. Left on base: Pittsburg 7; Boston 8. First base on balls: off Cooper 5; Kantlehner 2; Davis 2. First base on errors: Pittsburg 1; Boston 3. Hit by pitcher: by Kantlhner (Smith.) Struck out: by Cooper 5; Davis 1. Tyler 2.

Time, 2 hours.

Umpires, Klem and Emslie.

TESREAU WAS VERY WILD BUT TIGHTENED IN PINCHES

New York, Sept. 19.—New York today kept pace with Boston by defeating Chicago in the first game of the series. It was New York's fourth straight victory. Tesreau was wild, and was badly supported, but was effective in the pinches and held Chicago to five hits. Hageman was batted for three runs in the first. Burns made a wonderful catch on Bues, a Chicago recruit. Saier hmit his eighteenth home run of the season in the ninth inning.

Chicago	300 000 001	4	5 0
New York	302 000 00x	5	10 6

Hageman, Lavender, Smith and Archer; Tesreau and Meyers.

GROVER ALEXANDER TWIRLED TWENTY-FIFTH VICTORY

His Single in Eighth The Only Safe Hit fo The Game.

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—Philadelphia rna its winning streak to eigth straigh by defeating St. Louis in both games of a double header today 7 to 0 and 7 to 6. Alexander was invincible in the opening event. Only 28 batsmen faced him, of which he fanned eleven. It was Alexander's twenty fifth victory this season. The second game was hard fought.

First game:

St. Louis	000 000 000	0	3 2
Philelelphia	000 040 21x	7	11 0

Perdue, Williams and Wingo, Roche; Alexander and Killifer.

eScond game:

tS. Louis	003 020 001	6	12 3
Philadelphia	100 510 00x	7	10 0

Perritt, Griner and Snyder; Wingo, Rixey, Oeschger and Killifer, Burns.

YINGLING SPOILED PFEFFER'S NO-RUN, NO-HIT PERFORMANCE

Brooklyn, Sept. 19.—Brooklyn twice defeated Cincinnati today 6 to 0 and 8 to 6, Yingling by a single with two down in the eighth spoiled a no-hit, no-run game for Pfeffer. Brooklyn tied the second game with two runs in the seventh and won in the eighth with two runs scored on singles with Wheat, Egan and Miller. Brooklyn used four pitchers.

First game:

iCincinnati	000 000 000	0	1 2
Brooklyn	005 000 10x	6	9 2

Ames, Yingling and Gonzales, Glockson, Pfiffer and McCarty.

Second game:

Cincinnati	200 210 000	6	11 1
Brooklyn	100 111 22x	8	14 2

Douglass and Gonzales, Ragan, Schmutz, Steele, Allen and Miller.

WINSTON WINS CHAMPIONSHIP OVER VIRGINIA WINNERS.

Took Final and Deciding Game from Norfolk Yesterday.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 19.—Winston-Salem won the Virginia-Carolina championship here today by defeating Norfolk in the ninth inning of the first game. The locals had the game won until that inning when a misjudged fly, a pass and two hits gave the visitors three runs.

The second game only went five inning and was won by Norfolk 7 to 0.

Winston	000 100 003	4	9 0
Norfolk	100 010 000	2	8 1

Ray and Garvin and Milliman; Humphries and Ulrich.

Second game:

Winston	000 00	0	2 1
Norfolk	610 00	7	8 1

Gingras, Meadows and Milliman; Gaston and Stewart.

SECOND SUCCESSIVE VICTORY AT MARION CRICKET CLUB.

R. Norris Williams Defeated George M. Church in Final Match.

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—Harvard won the inter-collegiate doubles championship for the second successive year today when R. Norris Williams II, national champion and former college title holder, and Richard Harte, defeated George M. Church, the new intercollegiate champion and A. M. Kidder, of Princeton in the final match of the 1914 tournament at the Marion Cricket Club, Haverford.

Williams and Harte took the first two sets by the same score 6-2 and the third 7-5.

TIGERS DEFEAT STAGS TWICE YESTERDAY.

By Winning in Both Games of Double Header Safety Cup Cup.

The Tigers defeated the Stags in both games of a double header yesterday afternoon, winning the cup offered by A. G. Spalding to the leader of the Independent League. The score for the first game was 2 to 0 and for the second 10 to 8. Hunt pitched both games for the Tigers and Bornemann and Snakenberg for the Stags. Hunt's pitching features both games, he allowing only two hits in the first and striking out ten men.

In the second he held the Stags down to two hits and the large score run against him was due to errors. Glover and Mintz starred at the bat, each of them getting six hits. Glover, Webb and Smith starred for the Tigers in fielding while Grant, Moral and Kelly were the shining lights for the Stags. The Tigers won the first game on Snakenberg's error and Shannon's sacrifice fly.

The score by innings for the first game follows:

Tigers	000 011 0	2	9 0
Stags	000 000 0	0	2 1

The score the second game was as follows:

Stags	000 000 61	8	2 3
Tigers	111 230 11	10	10 6

TRINITY BASEBALL TEAM TO PLAY NORTHERN COLLEGES

Will Also Play Games With Leading Southern Colleges.

(Special to the Morning Star.)

Durham, N. C., Sept. 18.—Manager T. B. Downey, of the Trinity baseball team announces that arrangements are under foot for a long southern trip for the Trinity baseball team this year, visiting and playing the leading colleges of Georgia, South Carolina, and Florida. The exact date of these games has not yet been decided, but it is expected that satisfactory dates can be arranged. Previous to this, as usual, the team will make an extended northern tour, contesting with the northern colleges. Besides these two excursions, games are being scheduled with the intitutions of our own state, and a few probably with some of our state league teams. Further announcements will be given out at an early date.

Special Music at St. James.

At this morning's service at St. James' Church Mr. Carl B. Crumb, a member of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchetsra will play a violin solo, Domanze, by Ries, as an offertory. Mr. Crumb is a violinist who possesses the secret of a beautiful tone combined with artistic interpretation, and St. James is fortunate in having this opportunity. Service begins at 11 o'clock, and all are invited to attend.

The Polvogt Co. Fall opening Wednesday and Thursday. Everybody welcome. (advertisement)

Get your boy's school suits at Rehder's; $7.50 blue serge suits for $5.

Avery Brundage is Athletic Champion

WON TITLE TO AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP FORMERLY HELD BY F. C. THOMPSON.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 19.—Avery Brundage, of the Chicago Athletic Club, today won the all-round amateur athletic championship of the United States, formerly held by F. C. Thompson, of Los Angeles, by defeating Gilbert Ritchie, of the Birmingham Athletic Club, 6,999 points to 6,743 1-2 in a track and field meet here under sanction of the American Amateur Athletic Union.

Patrick O'Connor, of the Pastime Athletic Club, New York, 5,793 points; Nathan Tycer, Covington, La., fourth with 3,896, and Harry Fitzpatrick, New Orleans, fifth, with 3,446.

CARLISLE SCHOOL BLANKS ALBRIGHT COLLEGIANS

Carlisle, Pa., Sept. 19.—Carlisle 20; Albright 0.

New millinery, new dresses, new suits, displayed Wednesday and Thursday. Polvogt Company's opening days. (advertisement)

M'GRAW FACES "PENNANT HOODOO" IN FIGHT TO BE FOUR-TIMER

Will Make Baseball History, Should Giants Come Through This Year.

Those baseball fans and prophets who base their forecasts on the records of past years in big-league ball, point out that all traditions and figures are against the New York Giants winning the 1914 pennant in the National League. Under Manager John J. McGraw, the New York club has won three pennants in a row. This is a maximum number of flags ever captured in succession by any club in either the National or American league, and those who pin their faith to big league lore claim that the Giants will not prove the exception to the rule of three.

Their contention appears to be borne out by the records, for since 1876 no club has won more than three pennants in a row. The Chicago club, under Capt. Anson, won the championship in 1880, 1881 and 1882. Boston broke the string in 1884 and not until 1891 did the Boston club, under Frank Selee, start a triple win, which carried them through 1892 and 1893. Baltimore followed wining in the succeeding three years under Ned Hanlon. In 1901 Pittsburg started a pennant chase, which won three flags in a row. New York stopped the Pirates by winning in 1904, and the next three pennants to be captured in succession went to the Chicago club, under Frank Chance, in 1906, 1907 and 1908. Beginning in 1911, the New York club has won three straight championships in the National League, only to lose the world's series each autumn to the American League representatives.

But one triple win is found in the American League records, which go back to 1900. In 1907, 1908 and 1909 the Detroit Tigers, under Hughey Jennings, won the junior league banner, but in each year was defeated in the world series by the National League contender. The fans who believe in tradition points to the failure of Anson, Selee, Chance, Hanlon and Jennings, and the baseball machines they built up, to win four straight pennants, and predict a like fate for McGraw and his Giants.

A VICTIM OF PRECEDENT.

The New Fall Models

of the famous

SCHLOSS BALTIMORE CLOTHES

are being shown to-day by progressive merchants everywhere.

We specially invite you to see them.

You will like their style, good looks and all-around superior quality.

For Men and Young Men

they represent the best of the new "Fine-Wholesale-Tailoring-Idea", - - - not the "Ready-made." There's a big difference.

The first are carefully *tailored* over exact measurements to some high-class merchants definite order; - - the second quickly made in quantity to a certain length and width,—then *sold* wherever buyers are.

The designing, pattern-making, style-selection, and tailoring work of these Schloss garments is strictly on a par with the best "one-at-a-time" custom shops. You will find that **Schloss-Baltimore Clothes** satisfy every requirement of critical taste, and offer the advantage of immediate service and no disappointments. *Ask for them by name.*

On Sale in Wilmington by

SHRIER & SOLOMON

S. W. Cor. Front and Princess Sts.

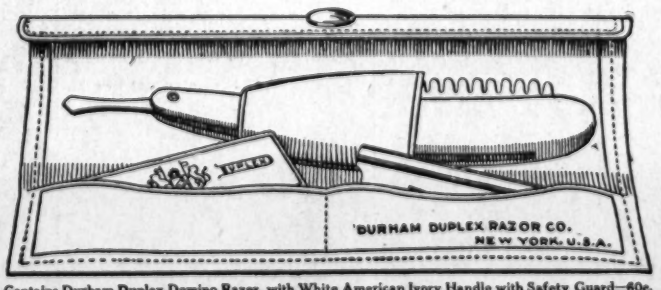
FOR $1.00 YOU CAN GET

THIS $5.00

DURHAM-DUPLEX

DOMINO RAZOR

IF YOU WILL GIVE YOUR DURHAM DEMONSTRATOR RAZOR TO A FRIEND



Contains Durham Duplex Domino Razor, with White American Ivory Handle with Safety Guard—60c. Stropping Attachment, 50c. package of Durham Duplex Blades (12 Cutting Edges) in genuine red leather folding kit. To you this week for $1.00.

If you do not possess a Durham Demonstrator Razor, secure one from your Dealer for 35¢, getting A 25¢ STICK OF DURHAM DUPLEX SHAVING SOAP FREE. Agree to give the Demonstrator Razor to a friend, and your dealer will give you a Durham Duplex Domino Razor for $1.00.

WE GIVE YOU $4.00 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE FOR INTRODUCING OUR RAZOR TO YOUR FRIEND.

BELLAMY, ROBT H., Cor Front and Market.
BUNTING, J. HICKS DRUG CO., 221 N. Front.
CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO., 109 N. Front.
FENTRESS, H. L., 621 N. Fourth.
GREEN, W. H., & CO., 107 Market.
PAYNE DRUG CO., 422 N. Fifth.
WOODALL & SHEPPARD, Cor. Front and Princess.
SMITH DRUG CO., 914 N. Fourth.

590 Montgomery Street, DURHAM DUPLEX RAZOR CO., Jersey City, N. J.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

By HON. T. W. BICKETT, Attorney General.

"FREEDOM TO ACT WISELY AND JUSTLY IN TAXATION"

The 7th Amendment simply emancipates the common sence of the people, and allows them to frame a wise and just system of taxation if they can discover one . The object of this Amendment is not to make the people pay more taxes but rather to make the average man pay less by placing on the tax books all the property at a fair value. The adoption of this amendment is of far more importance to the people of North Carolina than any state wide primary law about which so much has been said.

"Back of all reform lie the means of getting them"; and the means indispensable to the proper growth of North Carolina is a wise and just system of taxation. The big problems that today confront the State are economic problems. To governments as well as men apply the words of the Scotch poet:

"The sorest task bequeathed to man alive, Is to make three guinies do the work of five."

The ideal constitution is one that permits the freest exercise of the will of the people consistent with those fundamental principles of justice and equity which are and must forever remain the mud sills of every Republican form of government. And this is peculiarly true with respect to the fiscal policy of the State. Demands, new and imperative, are constantly made upon the public treasury. We must meet these demands or mark time in the march of civilization. And yet, when the State would reach out a hand to help or to save, it encounters a 'thou shalt not" of the Constitution.

The American Indians were accustomed to bind captives to a tree and then ask them why they did not go home. In the matter of taxation, the State is bound hand and foot by the Constitution, and there be many who ask, not jeeringly, but in all innocence, "Why does not the State go forward?"

The Honorable Lawson Purdy, president of the Department of Taxes in the city of New York, says: "One of the best features any tax system could have is susceptibility to easy modification, and one of the worst is a condition of crystallizaton."

Hon. H. M. Carver, of the Louisianna Tax Commission, says: "The restrictions of our Constitution bar us from entering any of the avenues of reform, and we ought, there fore, to amend the Constitution so as to give the lawmaker a free, or, at any rate, a freer hand. Conditions change, and needs change with them. Here, as in all things else, evolution obtains. The best plans are not created; they grow. The need arises first, than the provision to meet it. Freedom to develop is the essential thing.

In the report of the Ohio Tax Commission for the year 1908, I find the following: "The recital of conditions at the public hearings, the discoveries that followed a painstaking investigation of facts and statistics, the judgment of men representing all classes and interests whose knowledge of the subject enabled them to speak with authority, the experience of other States in the past, the progressive movements elsewhere at the present time, and finally a careful study of the restrictions in the Constitution of Ohio and the decisions of the courts constructing such restrictions—all these considerations have compelled the conclusion that no just or satisfactory tax system can be established in this State without removing the constitutional obstacles that now bar the way."

And Mr. George W. Clapparton, of the Michigan Commission of 1907, says: "The experience of Michigan and of every other American commonwealth, and every country in the civilized world, prove conclusively that restrictions and limitations upon the sovereign power, with respect to taxation, do not prevent harm and injury to the people of the State, but, on the contrary, almost invariably limit progress toward just and equitable taxation.

"They are based upon ignorance of the subject of taxation and indefensible distrust on the part of the people of their own representation in the exercise of legislative power."

In addition to the authorities quoted, I have investigated somewhat carefully the tax laws of every State in the American Union, and more especially the constitutional limitations upon the power of taxation, and I am profoundly convinced that the most satisfactory conditions exist in those States where the Legislature is unhampered save by the basic requirement that every man must be accorded the equal protection of the law.

I submit that our Constitution should be so amended as to permit:

1. The classification of property for purposes of taxation.
2. The segregation of sources of State and local revenues.

Note carefully that in the amendment proposed there is no suggestion of compulsion. It is in no sense mandatory, but is only permissive in character. If this amendment should be adopted the General Assembly can still preserve in tact our present system of taxation if it be deemed wise to do so.

But, if the General Assembly should reach the conclusion that departures are necessary in order to rfame a just and adequate revenue law, it would be at liberty to go forward. The single question is: "Ought the General Assembly to be clothed with the power to classify and to segregate property for purposes of taxation?" Is there any fundamental principle of justice that would be violated by the exercise of such a power? The State can never afford to sacrifice virtue to expediency, and the solemn sanction of a constitutional grant cannot transmute a wrong into a right. But the judicious exercise of the power to classify and segregate—and it must be assumed that the power would be exercised judiciously—would violate no fundamental principle of justice, but would, on the other hand, make it possible to have, in fact in the realm of taxation what we already have in theory, that is, equally before the law.

Indeed, these principles of classification and segregation run all through Schedules B and C of our present Revenue Act. On the man who earns his living selling coal we levy one tax, and on the man who earns his living selling lightning rods, we levy a different and higher tax. This is classification.

Again, the State taxes the man who earns his living practicing law or medicine, but does not permit the counties and towns to do so. This is segregation.

The principle of classification obtains in all taxes levied by the Federal Government. The Government levies one tax on whiskey, another on tobacco, another on silk and another on shoes. The proposition to levy a uniform ad valorem tax on all these commodities would not receive serious consideration in the Congress of the United States.

The railroads rightly and necessarily classify freight for purpose of taxation, for the freight rate is essentially a tax upon the commodity. If the railroads should levy the same rate on cotton they do on shoes, cotton could not move. The nature and character of the property must be considered, and some regard must be had for "what the traffic will bear."

In its last analysis every tax should be an income tax. In fixing the rate, regard should be had to the income, actual or potential, which the property will yield. One man gets his income from practicing a trade or profession, another gets his by owning property. No tax should be levided that will tend to discourage men from engaging in any clean business or from investing in any particular class of property. The citizen should be given the widest possible range for the employment of his energies and his capital.

Of course, in every scheme of taxation it is sound policy to make the burdens of taxation rest most lightly on those who earn a living by the exercise of their minds and muscles, and most heavily on those who make a living by owning property. And this because property is, in and of itself, of little value until touched by the mind and muscle of man. But, whether the tax be on the exercise of mind and muscle or upon the ownership of property, the Government cannot afford to appropriate to itself more than a fair proportion of the income, actual or potential.

I am not using asbestos paper, and perforce write with rigid self restraint, when I say that a government that takes from widows and orphans 40 per cent of their income is, by whatever name the government may be called, practicing the essence of tyrany and the refinement of cruelty. And this is what the State, counties and town are not only permitted, but are compelled to do, under the uniform ad valorem rule of the present Constitution. The combined State, county, and town taxes in towns of North Carolina of the first class will average not less than $2.40 on the hundred dollars worth of property, and this is exactly 40 per cent of the income derived from one hundred dollars loaned at the highest rate allowed by law.

In a certain town in this State there lives a widow. She owns $10,000 which she got from the insurance on the life of her husband. I lend that money out for this widow at the highest rate allowed by law. The combined State, county and town taxes are $2.65 on the one hundred dollars worth of property; so that, at the end of the year, when I pay this widow $600 in interest, she at once turns over $265 of it to the government under which she lives.

A serious question is here presented: Can this woman raise her boys to be intensely patriotic when, in her own soul, she feels that the Government, which owes her protection, is taking the bread from out of the mouths of her children?

Take the great wage-earning and salaried classes of our people, the men who work in the shops, the factories, on the railroads, in the schoolroom, in the stores and offices, and it is well known that when a man of this class dies, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, his savings of a lifetime will be represented by his life insurance and possibly a little home built with the aid of the building and loan association. As soon as he dies, the Government steps up to his widow and orphans, and, for all practical purposes, compels them to turn over to it 40 per cent of the savings of the husband and father. Such a law is an atrocity;

"Amonster, of such frightful men,
As to be hated, needs but to be seen."

And the policy is as unprofitable, as it is unjust. The law is so glaringly unjust that it is unenforced and unenforcible. Some one has said that nobody pays these taxes but a few ultra-righteous, the widows and orphans, the idots and lunatics. Experience has taught that it is simply impossible to get solvent credits on the books wherever the uniform ad valorem rule prevails.

Speaking to this question, the Ohio Tax Commission of 1908, says:

1. It punishes the honest.
2. It rewards the dishonest.
3. It results frequently in double taxation.
4. It is unjust to the owners of all other property (i. e. all real or tangible property.)
5. It lowers the standard of integrity.

Prof. Charles J. Bullock, of the Department of Economics in Harvard University, speaking of the general property tax system, says:

"It places the taxpayer in the position of circumventing the law, and does not foster habits of good citizenship; the latter is the cause of fearful demoralization. Here, again, official documents abound in testimony to the evils of the system. It is declared to be debauching to the conscience and subversive to the public morals—a shool of perjury promoted by law'; it 'puts a a premium on perjury and a penalty on integrity'; it 'debauches the moral sense', produces 'widespread demoralization,' and encourages 'evasion and dishonesty.' This is severe, but no one familiar with the facts can doubt its truth."

The Louisianna Tax Commission of 1908 says:

"All opinion and reports tall, with variation only of detail and verbiage, the same sickening story—the impossibility of fairly reaching personal property, and especially intangible personality; the gross inequality; the discrimination in favor of the cunning against the honest, especially against the weak and helpless; the fraud and trickery, and even perjury, resorted to in evasion of the law; the hindrance to industrial development; in short, the utter breakdown of the general property tax system everywhere.

"This is not the experience of Louisianna alone; but it is the universal experience of the civilized world."

And in his work on The General Property Tax, Prof. Seligman, of Columbia University, says:

"Practically, the general property tax, as actually administered today, is, beyond all peradventure, the worst tax known to the civilized world—It puts a premium on dishonesty and debauches the public conscience. It reduces deception to a system and makes a science of knavery; it presses hardest on those least able to pay. It imposes double taxation on one, and grants entire immunity to the next. In short, the general property tax is so flagrantly inequitable that its retention can be explained only through ignorance or inertia."

Under such a terrible bombardment it is not to be wondered that the uniform ad valorem rule is passing away. Already the following states permit the classification of property for purposes of taxation: Virginia, Minnesota, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Arizona, Connecticut; Pennsylvania; Delaware; Michigan and Maryland. And constitutional amendments permitting classification are pending in North Dakota, Nebraska and Kansas.

I have had this question up with the Attorney General of every State in the American Union, and the condemnation of the uniform ad valorem rule is well-nigh universal.

The Supreme Court of the United States has repeatedly held that classification of property for purposes of taxation is in no way obnoxious to the Federal Constitution. Indeed, in the case of Pacific Express Company v Seibert, 124 U. S. 351, Mr. Justice Lamar, speaking for the Count, said: "A system which imposes the same tax upon every species of property, irrespective of its nature, condition, or class, will be destructive of the principles of uniformity and equality in taxation, and of a just adaptation of property to its burdens."

In an elaborate opinion in the Michigan Railroad Tax Cases, Mr. Justice Brewer says:

"There can at this time be no question, after the frequent and uniform expressions of the Federal Supreme Court, that it was not designed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution to prevent a State from changing its system of taxation in all proper and reasonable ways, nor to compel the States to adopt an iron rule of eqality, to prevent the classification of property for purposes of taxation, or the imposition of different rates upon different classes. It is enough that there is no discrimination in favor of one as against another of the same class, and the method for the assesment and collection of the tax is not inconsistent with natural justice."

And again, in the course of the same opinion, he says: "That so far as the restraints of the Federal Constitution are concerned, it is within the power of a State to separate a particular class of property, subject it to assessment and taxation in a mode and at a rate different from that imposed upon other property, and apply the proceeds to State rather than to local purposes, is not open to question." 201 U. S.

To the same effect is the decision of the Court in the Railroad Tax Cases, 115 U. S. 321.

ENCOURAGEMENT.

Too much censure—too little applause,
I think must often be the cause
Of lives ill-spent and talent wasted,
Chances missed and joys untasted.
Would we but give the kindly smile
And cheering word once in a while,
Instead of mocking scorn and frown
That tend to keep the struggler down,
Then would we help along his way
That man who tries his best each day
To keep alive the inward fire
That burns to warm a heart's desire.
We laugh when he has tried and failed;
Not counting that he never quailed,
But faced the task which to him seemed
The path to goals of which he dreamed.
Then, since mankind this help denies,
Waste not your time in hopeless sighs,
You who have tried; but strike again,
For praise shall yet reward your pain.
Although the sun at mid-day hour
Will hush the bird and bend the flower,
Cool eventide shall songs revive,
And gentle dews bid flowers live.
"Are ye not more than one of these?"
Asked One. Then see that Him you please;
And He, Who sends both sun and dew,
Shall cheer and encourage you.

September, 1914. G. F. M.

MARKET STALLS FOR RENT

The stalls, stores, fish and huckster tables in Front Street Market will be rented at public auction at said market, on Tuesday, September 22nd, 1914, at 11 o'clock A. M., for one year.

No bid accepted from any one in arrears. Terms of rental as usual.

T. W. WOOD,
Councilman.

Corn Comes Off as Easy as You Please!

"Gets-It" Being Used by Millions!

It is the first time that a real, sure-as-fate corn cure has ever been discovered. "GETS-IT" is the new

Find the Lady Who Uses the World's Greatest Corn-Cure, "GETS-IT."

corn-ender, based on an entirely new principle. It is a new, different formula, never successfully imitated. It makes corns shrivel and then vanish. Two drops do the work. You don't bundle up your toe any more with sticky tape and plasters that press down on the poor corn—no more flesh-eating salves that don't "stay put," no more hacking at corns with knives or razors, no more bleeding or danger of blood poison. No more limping around for days with sore corns, no more corn pains.

"GETS-IT" is now the biggest-selling corn cure in the world. Use it on any hard or soft corn, wart, callus or bunion. Tonight's the night.

"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

"The Store Thats Always Busy"

OUR FALL STYLES ARE Wonderfully Beautiful

The Correct Styles With the Correct Prices at This Store

SILK AND WOOL FABRICS

¶These fabrics represent the choice designs and only the colorings that are in vogue this season, truly beautiful, are the shades shown, and a range of them will permit an easy selection.

¶Blues, Greens and Wistarias predominate throughout the line. Among the Blue will be found a full range of the softer shades, from the rich Midnight Blue to the lighter shades of Copenhagen. The Greens include the very popular Russian Myrtle and is one shade of green that bids to become very popular. Brown, Gray and Garnet are represented by the best shades.

¶Woolen Fabrics:—Wool Charmeuse, Frane, Crepe, Poplin, Epingle, Serges, and many Novelty Weaves.

¶Silk Fabrics:—Charmeuse, Crepe de Chine, Meteor, Crinkle Crepe, Canton Crepe, Alligator Crepe, Poplins, Taffetas, Messalines and Moire, all to be had in the wanted colors. They average in width from 26 to 54 inches. Prices, 50c. to $2.50 yard.

We Have Some of the Prettiest Trimmings You Have Ever Seen.

Roman Stripe Silks, in pretty, harmonious colors, can be had in Satin, Bengaline, Moire or Plush. This is the correct fabric for trimming and we have a large assortment of styles,at a yard ... ...$1.00 to $2.50

Rich, New, Black and Colored Dress Suitings for All.

42-inch Alligator Crepe, something entirely new; colors: Russian Green, Midnight Blue, Copenhagen Blue, Wistaria and Black; priced at a yard $1.25

42-inch Crepe Epingle, in all the New Fall colors, at a yard $1.35

40-inch colored Wool Crepella, soft and clinging wool fabric, at a yard 85c

45-inch Wool Gabardines; special at a yard only $1.25

38-inch Wool Basket Crepe; special price, a yard 85c

40-inch Awning Stripe Crepe; something new for waists; priced at a yard $1.00

All Wool Serges, at a yard, 50c, 75c, 85c, $1, $2

45-inch All-Wool Cream Serge, extra heavy; priced special at a yard 75c

GOWNS FOR EVENING AND DANCING FROCKS AT $15.00.

Dainty, charming Frocks of Silk Crepe de Chine and Chiffon, with underdrop of Net; Tunics; Ruffles in Three-ply and the Accordeon-Plaited styles; gathered sleeves and Net Bodice. Truly a remarkable array of colors, among which are very prominent the Light Blue, Pink and Yellow. The trimmings are decidedly pretty.

Fashion Favors the Following New Silks for Fall

27-inch Silk Poplins in all the new Fall colorings: Reseda Green, King's Blue, Copenhagen, Wistaria, and Black, priced at a yard 50c

36-inch Moire Silks, full showing of all the new Fall shades; our regular $2.00 quality; priced at a yard only $1.50

36-inch colored Taffeta Silks, street and evening shades, priced at a yard only $1.00

36-inch colored Silk Messalines, at a yard 90c

36-inch Black Satin Duchess Silk, extra heavy and soft finish; $2.00 quality; priced special at a yard $1.50

40-inch Silk Crepe de Chines, street and evening shades; special at a yard only $1.65

42-inch Silk Poplins, priced special at a yard $1.25

Coat Suits Bearing Polvogt's Label Are Superior Garments.

Each garment of an all wool cloth, the newest, most popular weave and colors that are accepted as correct.

The styles have been selected especially for the Wilmington woman, embodying every new and original idea, but absolutely void of anything of a freakish nature.

With the years of experience with our trade in Wilmington, we feel confident that our showing of fine garments this season will be readily appreciated, and present indications are that our efforts this season will meet with the greatest response in the history of our business. All are here and are shown in a wealth of warm Fall shades and colors.

You will Always be Proud of Your Suit if it is a Polvogt's—$15.00 to $40.00.

THE NEW SILK DRESSES FOR STREET WEAR PRICED AT $15.00 AND $20.00.

The New Silk Dresses for Street Wear Priced at $15.00 and $20.00.

Many new models selected. They are of exceptional "chic" designs. New Basque models, with crossed sash, tying in back; circular Tunic, with underdrop; Semi-dress models, dainty Vestee effects, long set-in sleeves, long plaited Tunics; girdles of self-material; collars and cuffs of harmonious Silks or Net. Colors are, Black, Navy, Copenhagen, Wistaria, Taupe, Green and African Brown.

SATIN, CHARMEUSE and CREPE DE CHINE are the materials.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.

WILMINGTON'S SHOPPING CENTER.

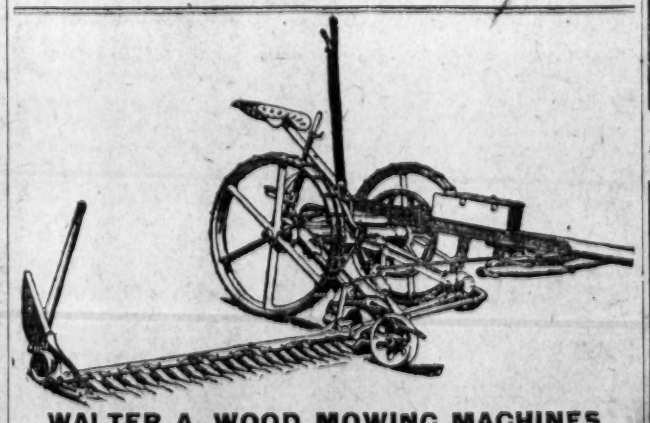
ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.

We respectfully solicit your orders.

W. B Thorpe & Company

'Phone 789.



WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINES AND HORSE RAKES

We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
East Carolina Distributing Agents.
PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C.

HOTEL WILMINGTON

EUROPEAN

HAM ADAMS, Manager.

FIREPROOF MODERN

7 Floors of Safety and Comfort

Cafe Service, from 6 A. M. to 12 P. M.

Lunch Room Open Day and Night

Club Breakfasts, 6 to 9:30.

Special Business Men's Lunch, 12 to 3

Dinner Parties Have Our Special Attention

MAIL US YOUR ORDERS FOR

AMMUNITION

WINCHESTER U. M. C.

RIFLES

REMINGTON WINCHESTER

SHOT GUNS

WINCHESTER .. ..REPEATING
WINCHESTER .. ..AUTOMATIC
REMINGTON .. ..AUTOMATIC

ALSO

FOX, LEFEVER, ITHACA, KNICKERBOCKER and IVER JOHNSON

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE AND CAN FILL YOUR ORDERS PROMPTLY.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO

WHOLESALE

NEW YORK FINDING ECONOMY IS DIFFICULT

Administration of City Government Costly as Ever

Budget for 1915 Over $60,000,000—Mayor Emphasizes Need for Saving as Result of War—Fiasco of Yacht Race for Cup.

New York, Sept. 19—After all the talk which has been going on for months concerning the necessity of economy in the administration of the city government, New York is finding it extremely difficult to achieve that economy. The figure which the Mayor has sent to the Board of Estimate as necessary to meet the expenses of the city for 1915 is $60,924,057.

This represents a saving of exactly $3,661,68 over the 1914 budget, a figure so small as to be entirely lost sight of in view of the size of the w hole appropriation. However, the economy is perhaps more real than apparent since in past years the budget has been growing by such leaps and bounds that the ability to get along without an increase over the preceding year's expenses must be looked upon as a notable achievement. While the appropriations for a few of the departments show increases these are not large. For Charities $292,000 more is asked; for the Department of Correction $92,000; for the Department of Health $95,000. The Street Cleaning Department tops all others with an increase of $137,930 while the Park Board gets the smallest increase amounting to only $900. The Mayor continues to sound insistently the necessity for economy. "The developments of the past weeks in Europe," says he, commenting on the budget, "make imperative every possible economy. It must be borne in mind that the city may be called upon to assist many brought to distress by the unsettled conditions resulting from the European war. If this occurs, it may prove necessary to revise the estimate for the Charities Department." The public works, such as the subways, already under way, are being continued, but so far as it is possible it is really believed that the country will be afforded the spectacle of Father Knickerbocker actually achieving economy instead of merely talking about it.

Many persons reading the war news from day to day have been handicapped in understanding the magnitude of the movement of troops or the losses reported because it is not a matter of general knowledge in this country how many men go to make up the different army u nits, such as battalions, brigades and divisions in the various foreign armies. Accordingly a statement has been prepared which should aid considerably in a more intelligent understanding of the war news. In the German army, the smallest unit is a company comprised of 250 men. Four companies, that is 1,000 men, form a battalion, the three battalions, 3,000 men, a regiment. A brigade is made up of two regiments or 6,000 men, and a division of two brigades or 12,000 men. The largest unit, an army corps, comprises two infantry divisions, two regiments of field artillery, a total of 72 pieces, two squadrons of cavalry, one or two batteries of heavy field artillery, a machine gun corps, and various companies of pioneers and field hospital corps, making a total of 40,000 men. In the French army, a company, battalion, regiment, brigade and division are the same as in the German army, with the exception that the division contains a squadron of cavalry and 12 batteries. An army corps in that it apparently contains less artillery. In the British army the unit is a battalion of 1,000 men, and four of these battalions comprise a brigade. In the Russian army a battalion is 1,000 men, and the cavalry squadron 125 men. The division, however is larger than in the other armies numbering 18,000 men, composed of 16 battalions of infantry, one squadron of cavalry and six or eight batteries of artillery. The army corps, as in all other cases, numbers 40,000 men.

That the American Cup yacht race fiasco means a loss of at least $1,500,000 to the various interested parties is the statement made here by persons in a position to know. With the challenger and the three boats build to defend the Cup, now laid up stripped of all their spars and rigging and their decks boxed in, they are little more than symbols of the most expensive miscarriage of plans in the history of American sport. Officially the contest is postponed until 1915, and for a year the boats will remain as good as new. But if the war goes on for two or three years, the chances that any of them will race for the cup are extremely small. When it was arranged to sail the 1914 races with a 75 footer as compared with the 90 footers formerly used, it was urged that one advantage of the smaller type of boat was the money saved. It was figured that they would be cheaper to build than the big boats and cheaper to operate. When the time came to build, however, the savings began to vanish The cost of a 90 footer was $150,000, and it was believed that the smaller boat could be built for half this sum. As a matter of fact the Resolute cost $125,000, and the cost of the trial races far exceeded all expectations. One man who has seen most of the bills estimates the expenses at $2500 a day for each day yacht has been in commission, and it is believed that this figure is not in the least excessive. A suit of sails cost about $14,000, and by the end of the season each yacht has three or four suits. $50,000 is a conservative estimate of this item. The payroll is another big item, for one yacht amounting to $25,000 exclusive of the captain's salary. Each of the yachts has at least two masts, which cost approximately $3,000 each, and various extra spars costing altogether $10,000. Every time one of the boats was hauled out to be cleaned the cost amounted to between $300 and $400. Altogether it is a good deal of question whether the men who put up the million and a half dollars for these boats will ever get one cent's return from them in the way of an international contest.

It is believed here that Emperor William of Germany may be in contempt with the Supreme Court of the State of New York. Whether he is aware of this or not is not likely, however, to cause him any considerable amount of worry. This peculiar situation arises from the fact that some one in Germany, presumably the Emperor, is responsible for the calling to their colors of two German captains from his country. The captains are the husbands of two daughters of a doctor and chemist who died a couple of years ago, leaving a large estate. His will authorized his executors to rent his city house to his unmarried children until 1913 at an annual rental of $1,000. At the end of that period the executors could sell the property to any of the children for $60,000. Just before the war began a general legal mixup started due to the efforts of a third married daughter to secure the residence, her claim being disputed by a son, the only unmarried child. To settle the question one of the executors brought action in the Supreme Court to construe the will. The two captains were important witnesses, and by removing them from the jurisdiction of the court after the action had started, it is held that either the Emperor or his agents are in contempt of court. However, just what the court can do about it does not appear.

LONGACRE.

Fall Opening—Wednesday and Thursday, millinery, suits and dresses, at the C. W. Polvogt Co. (advertisement)

Alsace Has Ever Been The Football of Teuton and Frank

Since Before the Times of the Caesars the Little Province Has Served as a Buffer Between the Gauls and Germans.

(New York Herald.)

Throughout the ages Alsace, with her smiling fertile plains and wooded hills, has been the stake in the old, old game of political chance between Germany and France. Since the time of Charlemagne, Alsace, whose people and sympathies have always been French, has divided her existence between the Teuton and the Frank. There has always been friction between the Alsatian and the Teuton since before the times of Caesar, when the Gallic tribes of Alsace served as the buffer between the Gauls and the Germans. The Rhine then, as now, was the boundary line between the races.

In 869 Charles the Bold and Louis German, grandsons of Charlemagne, partitioned his empire between them, and Alsace fell to Louis. This was the first time that Alsace was separated from the other Gallic States. This did not last long, for 876 saw Alsace reverting to Charles the Fat, who mounted the throne of France in 884. From then until the time of the Reformation Alsace was alternately in the hands of the Germans and the French, bearing the brunt of the feudal wars, its cities sacked time and again by opposing forces.

Early Wars Swept Alsace.

The religious wars were felt in Alsace, particularly about Strassburg, which turned Protestant. An army of 30,000 peasants, who were in the revolt against the nobles and the Catholic clergy, was wiped out by the Duke of Lorraine in 1524. From that time until the Thirty Years War Alsace was in turmoil, being several times invaded during the fighting between the Evangelical Union and the Catholic League.

Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, the "Lion of the North," marched through Alsace in 1630, Strassburg granting him subsidies in silver, passage across the Rhine and a trop of horses, but refusing to admit the Swedish troops within her walls. The Swedes gradually drove out the Austrian troops from Alsace, but the death of Gustavus in 1634 threw the Swedes into such confusion that they ceded Alsace to France in return for her aid against Austria. The treaty of Westphalia, marking the end of the Thirty Years War, in 1648, confirmed the return of Alsace to her original fatherland.

Alsace enjoyed peace until 1672, when war began again, Germany and Spain joining arms against France. Tourenne successfully drove back a German invasion of Alsace, but his death in 1675 caused the French Army to retire. Under the Prince de Conde the French again drove the Germans back, but in 1676 the Duke of Lorraine entered Alsace, until he was defeated by an Issation force intrenched army approached Strassburg, and that city, which had for years held her independence, finally recognized the King of France as her sovereign.

Great General For Napoleon

In 1701 the War of the Spanish Succession began, and Alsace for a time was again the scene of battle. Later, in 1744, during the War of the Austrian Succession the Duke of Lorraine invaded Alsace with 40,000 Hungarians but they were finally driven out by French troops.

During the French Revolution and the earlier days of the republic the Alsatians Alsace in 1792, but were defeated by the Alsatian General Kellerman at Valmy. The Reign of Terror had little effect in Hunt-Rhin, but in Bas-Rhin its effects were severely felt.

In the Napoleonic era Alsace gave to France some of her greatest generals, including Kleber, Ney, Duroc, Mouton, Count de Labou, Kellerman, Rapp, Lefebre and Schram. In 1813 the allied armies invaded Alsace, and the country once more felt the tread of battling armies. In 1815 General Rapp defeated the Wittenberg lines against the Germans, but was finally forced to retire to Strassburg, where in September he concluded an armistice. In the south the city of Huningue distinguished herself by her immortal resistance of nearly two months against an army of 20,000 Germans. The 50 survivors of her original garrison of 250 men marched out with the honors of war.

Hated Yoke Of Germany

Alsace was left then in peace until the outbreak of the Franco-German war, when she first felt the German invasion. At that time she had a population of 1,000,000 and was one of the most wealthy of the French departments. The first crash came when General Douai's division, 8,000 strong, was smashed by an army of 80,000 Germans at Wissembourg.

The Germans after defeating MacMahon, spread over Alsace and invested Strassburg, which finally surrended. Belfort wos the only Alsatian town that held out until the end of the war.

The ceding by France of Alsace to Germany was a terrible blow to the foreign yoke. The remainder of the population, although realizing that should they accept German, dominatoon gracefullly their country would become one of the most precious provinces in the German Empire and would be treated as such by the Germans, chose oppression, for they had nothing but scorn and hatred for the nation that separted them from France

Alsatians Now Joyful

With the French language proscribed, the entire country under an odious system of espionage and colonies of German immigrants growing up within it, the Alsatians have stubbornly held aloof from everything German. To avoid the hated German military system thousands of young Alsatians have stolen from their country to take service with the French foreign legion. It is estimated that practically 50 per cent. of the legion is made up of Alsatians who will not serve under any flag except that of France.

Now the tricolor of France is waving once more in Alsace and French uniforms are dotting her hillsides, where they have not been seen for 43 years. The Alsatians, wild with joy, are hoping that once more their troubled country will be taken back into her mother country. Will the "Lost Provinces," for which France has been mourning almost half a century, return to her, and will the Rhine once more be the boundary line between France and Germany?

GOOD ROADS DOINGS

President Harrison of Southern is Interested in the Movement

Regarding the public roads as an indispensible part of the transportation system of the country, supplementing its railroads and waterways, President Harrison, of the Southern Railway Company, takes an active interest in the good roads movement. He is Vice-President of the American Highway Association and will be one of the speakers at the Fourth American Road Congress in Atlanta, the week of November 9.

Speaking of the relation of the country highway to the railroad, Mr. Harrison said: "Whatever may be the final destination of the farm products, their first movement must be over the country road and if the farmer is to receive the largest measure of benefit from good roads the policy should be adopted of improving those highways which radiate from market towns and shipping stations and over which the farmers must haul their products. The profit which will be earned by the farmer may depend largely upon the condition of the road from his farm to a shipping station. Statistics compiled by the U. S. Department of Agriculture show that the cost of hauling farm products to shipping points over bad roads is a disproportionately large part of the total expense of their transportation to market. This is not always fuly realized by the farmer, but if we will take into account the time of himself and his team, and the wear and tear on his vehicle and harness made necessary by a larger number of trips with smaller loads, he will find that the cost mounts up very fast and correspondingly reduces his net profits. Another item of the cost of bad roads to the farmer, which is often overlooked, is that he must haul his products to markets when the roads are not in their best condition with litle regard as to whether prices are favorable or whether hauling at that time interferes with work on the farm. With good roads he can only haul heavier loads in shorter time but, except as to perishable commodities, he can market his products when prices are most favorable and can do his hauling when it is most convenient and even when the ground is to wet for work in the fields.

"The manifold advantages of an improved highway in reducing the cost of drayage, facilitating social intercourse promoting school and church attendance, expediting rural mail delivery, increasing the value of farm lands, and promoting agricultural development back from the railroads are so great that they need but to be enumbered to present a convincing argument in favor of road improvement.

"Since several years ago when the Southern Railway Company, in conjunction with the U. S. Agricultural Department and State and local authorities, operated over its lines a good roads train, carrying machinery and lecturers, and building at central points object-lesson roads, there has been very substantial progress in the good roads movement throughout the South. This was accelerated in 1911 by the operation of another good roads train in co-operation with the U. S. Department of Agriculture and the American Highway Association. The interest of the Southern people in good roads has been thoroughly aroused and in many localities the country highways have been highly improved and are being adequately maintained.

"I think it is fortunate for the South that the American Road Congress of 1914 is to be held in Atlanta. This will unquestionably be one of the most important gatherings ever held in the State Highway Departments, the foremost exierts in road construction and maintenance, and other leaders in the good roads movement in each State for an exchange of ideas as to the best methods of financing road construction and building and maintaining the best types of country highways. Its exhibits of road machinery and of model roads will be highly educational and it can not but serve to increase interest in the good roads movement throughout the South."

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR AT 84

Began Reign In Tribulation and Now Sits Beset By Foes On all Sides

(New York Sun)

Francis Joseph, Emperor of Austria and King of Hungary, is 84 years old. He has worn the crown since December 2, 1848, almost 66 years, one of the longest reigns in history. "There goes my youth," he is said to have exclaimed when it was announced to him that his uncle, the Emperor Ferdinand, had resolved to abdicate and that his father would waive the right of succession. It was a crown of cares and sorrows that the boy put on.

His reign began amid turmoil and trouble. There had been an uprising in Vienna and all Hungary was in open war for separation from Austria and independence. The Viennese troubles were reconciled. but the Magyar Kingdom was drenched with blood and the insurrection was only suppressed with the help of a Russian army. Nothing could seem more ominous than such a beginning.

But the young Sovereign had some strange native gift of changing the course of evil and transforming it into good. He has shown no qualities of greatness but remarkable clear-headedness, readiness of resource and a certain power of compliance which is by no means weakness. Besides, he has always been animated by a conscientious devotion to the duties and obligations of his station, a high desire to do the best he could not only for his house but his people and an unflinching loyalty to such engagements as he entered into.

On the whole, he impressed himself favorably on his own people and on Europe at large. He gradually placated the Hungarians so that, however restive they remain under the close association with Austria, they are affectionate and faithful to him personally. In his other dominions he has threaded the maze of racial discord with wonderful success, and in spite of endless provocation and discouragement he has maintained free election and parliamentary institutions without swerving in any crisis from the policy he had once accepted.

The foreign relations of his reign make a strange story. Always defeated ,he was never seriously a loser. In 1859 France forced him to give up his Italian dominions, but out of the war Austria found a new birth in credit and morale. The campaign of Sadowa made his empire definitely the second power in Central Europe. He lost the primary of the German States, which had been the immemorial appanage of his house; he saw them cary their force over to a rival, an inimical power. But by a transcendant sacrifice of pride and a masterly stroke of diplomacy he almost restored his old influence in the councils of Europe by allying himself with the winning side.

In virtue of this alliance Francis Joseph continued to figure for 40 years as the friend and promoter of peace. More than once, as in the Algeciras days, he was credited with the decisive word which compelled compromise and averted war. His realm, despite its internal bickerings, progressed in enlightenment, in wealth and in military force. Never fertile in the field of letters, it has contributed much to the world in painting, music and science. Its trade and industries have grown and recently it has made notable ventures in the direction of sea-borne commerce. It has begun the creation of a modern navy and its army is inferior only to those of Germany and France.

Now in his old age, on his eighty-fourth birthday, which may not impossibly be his last, the Emperor-King finds himself in the most desperate crisis of his region. Six years ago, acting on who shall say what impulse or under what pressure from his advisers, he departed from his long devotion to peace and in the annexation of the protected provinces of Bosnia and Hersegovina brought Europe to the brink of a war. The shadow passed, but it was seen that Austria-Hungary, along with much wealth and many people, had incorporated new elements of trouble in her own system and invited new dangers.

The fruition of the bold act of 1908 came a few weeks ago with the murder of the Emperor's heir in the Bosian capitol, leading to the declaration of punitive war on Servia and the embroilment of Europe. And so the old man who began his reign in tribulation sits in his capital today beset by foes on all sides. What must be his fears and his anxities for the outcome of the great struggle brought on in his name? Is be to live to see the great heritage of the Hapsburgs a prey to the spoiler from without and to disintegration within? Or is that strange fortune which has attended his career as a ruler still protecting him and will he be able out of all his difficulties to derive new vitality, a new hold on the future for his empire and his line?

GOLDSBORO TOBACCO MARKET.

Sales of Nearly 40,000 Pounds in Half a Day—Prices.

Goldsboro, N. C., Sept. 19.—The Goldsboro tobacco market experienced a big break yesterday, some of the farmers coming from a distance of 25 miles, and by noon nearly 40,000 pounds of tobacco had been sold at the three warehouses. The various grades brought from three to 25 cents per pound, with average prices for good tobacco from 12 to 16 cents. Farmers were uniformly pleased with the prices received and bidding was good.

The receipts of the Goldsboro market this year have exceeded expectations. The market opened September 1st, and sales have been active almost continuously since the opening date. The quality of the tobacco brought in hitherto has been rather inferior, but a decided improvement is being noticed in current receipts. The sales from September 1st to date at the three warehouses in Goldsboro have been approximately half a million pounds.

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.
Williams M'f'g Co., Props., Cleveland, O. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

TO SAVE EYES
Is the Object of This Free Prescription—Try It if Your Eyes Give You Trouble.

Thousands of people suffer from eye troubles because they do not know what to do. They know some good home remedy for every other minor ailment, but none for their eye troubles. They neglect their eyes, because the trouble is not sufficient to drive them to an eye specialist, who would, anyway, charge them a heavy fee. As a last resort they go to an optician or to the five and ten-cent store, and oftentimes get glasses that they do not need, or which, after being used two or three months, do their eyes more injury than good. Here is a simple prescription that every one should use:
5 grains Optona (1 tablet).
2 ounces Water.
Use three or four times a day to bathe the eyes. This prescription and the simple Optona system keeps the eyes clean, sharpens the vision and quickly overcomes inflammation and irritation; weak, watery, overworked, tired eyes and other similar troubles are greatly benefited and oftentimes cured by its use. Many reports show that wearers of glasses have discarded them after a few weeks' use. It is good for the eyes and contains no ingredient which would injure the most sensitive eyes of an infant or the aged. Robt. R. Bellamy or any druggist can fill this prescription promptly. Try it and know for once what real eye comfort is.

The New Styles That You Are Looking For
CAN BE HAD AT J. W. H. FUCH'S DEPARTMENT STORE

All of our new Fall and Winter Goods are now in, and we are showing and selling all the New Styles in Ladies' and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Garments, Dry Goods, Notions, Men's and Boys' Clothing, and Shoes for Men, Women and Children, and all are being sold at extremely low prices.

Monday at 10 A. M., we will sell for 20 minutes 10c. Dress Ginghams; limit, 10 yards to a customer; per yard ... 5c
Monday at 4 P. M., we will sell a limited number of Shirt Waists, 50c value, each ... 15c
Tuesday, at 10 A. M., and for 20 minutes, we will sell 25c Suiting; limit, 8 yards to a customer; per yd 5c
Tuesday, at 4 P. M., and for 10 minutes, we will sell 10 yards to a customer of 7½c Outing Flannel; 10 yds. for ... 39c

SPECIAL NOTICE — We are now receiving every week a limited quantity of the famous "Wirth-More" Shirt Waists. These waists are made up in the very latest styles and each waist is neatly done up in a sanitary, individual package; and we are glad to announce to our customers and friends that we can supply your every want with the very latest style in Shirt Waists in a large variety of styles, designs and sizes. These waists are really worth $2.00. But we will place them on sale each week at $1.00 each.

October Patterns are Now on Sale at The Pattern Counter.

7631—7707—Held to the figure by wide straps which fasten at the back, this ultra-fashionable three-piece cape design falls in graceful folds and may be in either of two outlines. The flare collar may be rolled flat, or a hood may be substituted. The accompanying skirt may be used advantageously in forming a smart suit. It is a three-piece model, slightly high-waisted, with a one-piece straight plaited tunic. At the lower edge the skirt measures about one and five-eighth yards in the medium size.
The medium size requires for the cape and tunic six yards of forty-four-inch serge, three and one-half yards of thirty-six-inch striped silk, and two and five-eighth yards of thirty-inch foundation material.

Buy A Standard Fashion Pattern and have your sewing done to suit your desired taste. :: :: ::

50c Serge, all colors, per yard ... 39c
$1.00 French Serge, all colors, per yard ... 98c
65c Gray Diagonal Serge, per yard ... 50c
$1.25 Plaid Suiting ... $1.00
35c Tweed Suiting ... 29c
35c fancy Suiting, in neat plaid effects, per yd ... 25c
36-inch Messaline Silk, $1.00 quality, per yard ... 75c
36-inch striped Shirt Waist Silk, $1.00 values, per yard ... 59c
7 1-2c Outing Flannel, all dark colors ... 4½c
12 1-2c Storm Flannel, per yard, all colors ... 10c
15c Canton Flannel, extra heavy quality ... 12½c
15c Toile De Norde Dress Ginghams ... 12c
12 1-2c Dress Ginghams and Percale ... 10c
35c Plaid Suiting ... 25c
Blankets, per pair ... $1 to $5

7720—Over a low-waisted body lining in high or open neck, this modish costume is made with the collar rolled in either of two styles, and full-length or shorter sleeves joined at a long shoulder. The blouse peplum may be omitted. The three-piece foundation skirt is lengthened by a straight plaited flounce, a decidedly new feature, causing the lower edge to measure about three and one-quarter yards with the plaits drawn out. The two-piece skirt may be in straight or scalloped outline. Use taffeta, foulard, poplin, gabardine serge, broadcloth, henrietta, wool faille, wool poplin or wool ratine. Satin may be combined attractively.
The medium size requires three and one-half yards of forty-inch serge, two and one-quarter yards of thirty-six-inch satin, four and three-quarter yards of braid, three-quarters of a yard of thirty-two-inch organdy, and one and five-eighth yards of thirty-two-inch lining.

LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT—This Department has made a decided Hit with the Ladies of Wilmington, and the reason is because we are showing the Very Latest Styles in Coat Suits, Coats, Capes, Skirts and One-Piece Dresses. If you have not called and visited this department, we want you to come, whether you make a purchase or not. We want you to see all the new, nobby styles we are showing, and how reasonable we have them priced.

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS, with Shawl and Notched Collars; also we are showing a complete line of Mackinaws and Balamacaans. The prices will please you. Call and make your selection while sizes and assortments are complete.

MEN'S AND BOYS' DEPARTMENT
Men's Hats, featuring all the new Fall and Winter styles and colors; the famous "Von Gal" Brand; also Jefferson and Imported Hats; prices $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00
Boys' Hats 50c to $1.00
Men's and Boys' Caps, 25c to $1.50

Men's Fleece Lined and Ribbed Underwear; per garment 50c to $1.00
Boys' Double Breasted School Suits, with Knickerbocker Knee Pants; values $9.00 to $15.00; your choice $6.98
Boys' Suits, with plain or Norfolk style Coats, with full College Peg Top style Knickerbocker Pants; all styles and weaves for winter wear; prices $3.50 to $10.00

Men's Suits in all the new Fall and Winter styles, made from the very best material; they come in Blue Serge, Scotch Tweed, Fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres; all are extra well made, with shape-retaining fronts; well lined; style, workmanship and a perfect fit is guaranteed in every suit. Don't fail to see our specially priced line at $10.00, $12.50 and $15.00 a Suit.
Other Suits ... $22.50 to $30.00

AGENT FOR STANDARD FASHION PATTERNS.

J. W. H. FUCHS' DEPARTMENT STORE
PHONE 272 — 28 TO 30 SOUTH FRONT STREET
MAIL ORDERS FILED PROMPTLY. — WILMINGTON, N. C.

Sow Crimson Clover and Save Fertilizer Bills
The indications are that prices of fertilizer the coming season will be much higher than usual, owing to the fact that the supply of fertilizer materials will be largely cut off on account of the European war. This should cause farmers everywhere to put land in crops that will save fertilizer bills. Nothing will do this better than Crimson Clover. It is unquestionably one of the best soil-improvers that can be put in, and wherever it is grown, it gives largely increased crops of corn, cotton and tobacco.
We have secured more liberal supplies of Crimson Clover than was expected and will be able to sell at much more reasonable prices than was anticipated.
WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL gives full and interesting information about the fertilizing value of Crimson Clover; also about other seeds for Fall sowing. Write for Crop Special and prices of any seeds required.
T. W. WOOD & SONS,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

IT WOULD "COST LESS"
To keep your store open but three days a week—but it wouldn't pay so well. This same argument applies to "spasmodic" advertising.

ON THE WAY
and you'll be glad to hurry, if your teeth have been paining you. They may need attention if they don't hurt just now, so you'd better have us examine them. You can't find a better place.
REST ASSURED
that our work in every detail and the price will be perfectly satisfactory. Our dental work looks well, and wears well, too.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.
Dr. CULBRERH'S
Dental Parlors
Front and Princess. — Phone 608

PARALYSIS Conquered At Last By DR. CHASE'S
Special Blood and Nerve Tablets
Write for Proof and Booklet
Dr. Chase, 224 N. 10th St. Philadelphia.
Piles BO-SAN-KO'S PILE REMEDY Gives instant relief in Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. 50c The Dr. Rosanko Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

AUTOS FOR HIRE
W. G. FOUNTAIN
Five-Passengers cars $2.00 per hour.
Large Cars, $2.50 per hour.
Hack calls up to five passengers, $1.00
Good new cars. Day or night.
Phone 741. No. 5 N. Third St.
W. G. FOUNTAIN.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR AND CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP

By WILLIAM SHAW, L.L. D.

General Secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.

(Written especially for the Morning Star.)

The fundamental difference between the ideals and methods of he Christian Endeavor movement and those of the organizations that had preceded it was in the emphasis placed upon the element of religious obligation, and the definite character of its committee work. It made duty its key-note, not feeling or amusement. The prayer meeting was its heart, with the spiritual dynamic to inspire and energize all its individual and committee activities.

Before the famous aphorism of the psychologist, "No impression without expression," had been applied to religion, the young people's movement had demonstrated it. The society became the manual training-school of the church, where the young disciples learned how to speak by speaking, and how to work by working.

It is safe to say it has largely helped to transform the attitude of the church toward the young disciples. The church now that is not actively interested in the training of its young people is a curiosity. It has also changed the attitude of the young people toward the church. No longer do they hold aloof and camp on the outer edge, they are in the heart of things. It has broadened their conception of the religious life, and instead of placing the emphasis upon being saved, their motto is, "Saved to serve."

It has placed the young people at the front in all movements for temperance, civic righteousness, and moral reform, and to their leadership was largely due the nation-wide interest in such campaigns as the "Go-to-Church Sunday," and the "Saloonless Nation by 1920."

It has given to the young people a new vision of the churches' obligation to obey the great commission, "Go ye into all the world;" and the initial plans for the great and successful educational campaign for missions, carried on by the Young People's Interdenominational Missionary Movement, now the Missionary Education Movement, were prepared by Amos R. Wells and Earl Taylor, leaders in Christian Endeavor and the Epworth League; and the young people's societies have also furnished the field and the force to carry out these plans.

The best available statstics would indicate an enrollment of approximately 90,000 young people's societies and 4,000,000 members in North America. The societies are organized upon the broadest possible basis of service, and engage in an infinite variety of activities. These might be grouped as follows:

The Prayer Meeting, with its training in expression of religious truth and experience, and cultivation of the devotional spirit.

The QUIET HOUR and MORNING Watch, for the deepening of the personal religious life.

The Study Classes, for missions, the Bible, civics, church doctrine, personal work, etc.

Reading Courses, Christian, Culture Courses, and literary evenings for the broadening of the intellectual life.

The Social Work, for the promotion of real recreation.

The Departments and Committees, with their definite training.

Unions and Conventions, with their practical training in co-operative effort.

Christian Citizenship, with its emphasis upon temperance, civic righteousness and world-peace, giving to our future citizens a knowledge of public affairs and training in social service, enlisting them in all legitimate ways for the election of good and efficient office holders, the adoption of improved laws, for the improvement of the conditions of labor, and the rational use of the Lord's Day for rest and worship; the opening of rooms for reading and recreation, the establishment of gymnasiums and athletic fields, the promotion of a "safe and sane" Fourth of July, and the helpful observance of other holidays; clubs for the special study of town and municipal conditions, with addresses by the heads of departments.

Boys' Clubs, or groups under the leadership of the virile young men to lead the boys in their sports and athletics, and by the contagion of character to give them a vision of the larger life of Christian service.

High-School Societies, and organizations in preparatory schools and colleges.

Prison Work, by and for our "brothers in bonds," in jails, penitentiaries, prisons, and prison camps.

Floating Societies, for the men on ships and in seamen's missions on shore.

Soldiers' Societies, in camps and posts.

Evangelistic Work, in the society, cottage prayer-meetings, and in city missions.

Frensh-Air Work, in seaside homes and fresh-air camps.

Immigrant Work, teaching these brothers of ours from across the sea our language, and at the same time imparting to them the spirit of Christian brotherhood.

Hospital Work, and work in other public institutions.

Missions, at home and abroad. The vision received that calls for the consecration of money and manhood.

In short, anything and everything that the church ought to do should be included in the plan for the young people's society that is training the leaders for the church of the future.

The result of this specific training is seen in the testimony of multitudes of young men, ministers, missionaries, Christian Association secretaries, and laymen, who say that it was in the definite work and training of the young people's society that they "found themselves," and were faced toward a life of Christian leadership and service.

It is difficult for an organization whose mission it is to train workers for other and more specialized forms of work to report specific achievements, and doubly difficult to do so without appearing to claim credit for results a large part of which belongs to other organizations. But, acting as a reporter simply, may I pass on what has been reported to me?

Mr. Fred B. Smith, the inspiring leader of the Men and Religion Movement, said that his first experience in personal work, and his training for such service, was received in a Christian Endeavor society in a home mission church in Dakota.

The founder of the Baraca Bible Class, Mr. M. A. Hudson, has said that it was his Christian Endeavor training that at last found expression in the organized Bible-class.

The Presbyterian Brotherhood of Chicago, which was the pioneer of the men's brotherhoods in all our churches, was organized by Andrew J. Stevenson; and he said it was the result of his training in the Christian Endeavor Society.

The Laymen's Missionary Movement was the expression in manhood of the training John B. Sleman had received in the Society of Christian Endeavor in boyhood.

It was William T. Ellis, world-traveller and journalist, himself a product of our young people's movement, receiving his first training in journalism as the editor of a little Christian Endeavor local paper in York, Penn., who said that of nearly three hundred missionaries whom he met on a journey to mission lands, practically all who had gone out in this generation said they were there because of the vision received in the missionary work of their young people's societies.

Thirty years ago the missionary interest in the local churches was almost exclusively among the women. To-day it challenges the attention of our strongest men. As never before men are going into partnership with God, and the Christian Endeavor Tenth Legion alone has enrolled 32,000 young people who, accepting the principle of Christain stefwardship, have made the tenth the minimum gift for religious work.

Thirty years ago religion and politics did not mix. To-day religion is the best asset a politician can have, and the Sermon on the Mount is being translated into our social and labor legislation.

Thirty years ago the emphasis in religious work was upon individual salvation, and heaven was the goal. To-day the emphasis is upon the salvation of the other man, and service is the reward.

Thirty years ago the old sheep were in the fold, and the lambs were largely outside, waiting for an experience. To-day it is the little child that is in the centre of the church's thought and effort, "for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

We are endeavoring to get religion down out of the clouds of speculation, intellectual hair-splitting, and sentimental emotionalism that exhausts itself in fealing, into real life, that it may stand for a clear and abiding faith in God through Jesus Christ, and a loving, brotherly ministry and fellowship with men.

This article is the second of a series to be published this fall, telling of the great work being accomplished by this world-wide society. The next one, "Christian Endeavor on Battleships," by A. G. Fegert, Religious Editor of The Chicago Herald, will appear in the Star on Sunday, September 27th.

Other articles of the series will be "Patriotic Christian Endeavor," by Daniel A. Poling, National Superintendent of Christian Citizenship: "Christian Endeavor in Foreign Lands," by John R. Clements, President of the New York State Christian Endeavor Union; "Christian Endeavor in Prisons and Hospitals," by Karl Lehmann, Field Secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor: "Christian Endeavor a Training-School," by E. P. Gates, Field Secretary of the Illinois Christian Endeavor Union: "The Christian Endeavor Type," by Dr. Amos R. Wells, Managing Editor of The Christian Endeavor World.

SUNDAY MORNING THOUGHTS

By T. W. CHAMBLISS.

"And they called them, and commanded them not to speak at all nor teach in the name of Jesus.

"But Peter and John answered and said unto them, whether it be right in the sight of God to hearken unto more than unto God, judge ye.

"For we cannot but speak the things which we have seen and heard."—Acts 4:18-20.

Peter is preaching in the porch called Solomon's to the throng gathered there because of the healing of the man, who was a cripple from his birth. Rumors of the words of the fisherman-preacher drift continually through the temple. Just at this time the party in power is the Sadducees—cold, cultured, the agnostics of that age. They deny particularly the future of life and the resurrection of the body. This doctrine is being distinctly taught by the fisherman-preacher and he makes his teaching the stronger when the points to the resurrection of the Galilean teaching as an example. From the standpoint of the Sadducees the doctrine is dangerous. It will breed all kinds of trouble—for them. Consequently the temple officers arrest Peter and John. It is toward evening. They are safely kept in prison until the morning.

In this present world every man confronts daily two tribunals. The one is the tribunal visible and the other the tribunal invisible. Standing before the emergencies and opportunities of life every man is called on to answer the seen tribunal. On the other there is to be taken into account God—the invisible, but ever-present God. In the instance of Peter, the visible tribunal was the Sanhedrin and the invisible—God. One of the tribunals today that disturbs many a man is public opinion. What wil lthe world say to Me? What effect will this action have on my standing among my fellow man? No matter how independent a man may profess to be, he does constantly keep an eye on public opinion.

In the case of Peter, the Sanhedrin questions him first: "By what power or by what have ye done this?" Replying Peter is respectful. Even when he comes to the proposition of public opinion it is wise and it is right to be respectful. Peter does not answer them unkindly but he does reply uncompromisingly. He does not shrink from the truth. It was through the name of Jesus—"whom ye crucified" that the impotent man was made whole. In addition to this his reply was convincing. The impotent man stands there before them and he is made whole. The Sanhedrin is puzzled. The fisherman-preacher is an unlearned man and they marvelled—but they took notice that he had "been with Jesus."

After all, when the battles come with the seen tribunals of this world; those contests where public opinion is on one side and God and right on the other—the man who "has been with Jesus" has the advantage. Coming into personal touch with the Christ gives to the man the very appearance which confounds the opposer. Peter had truly been with Jesus. He had walked and talked with Him. Those mountain side conferences held in the night, those hours of intimate communion, those days of travel, the wonderful works, the miracles—all these have had their

Continued on Page Eleven)

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson XIII.—Third Quarter, For Sept. 27, 1914.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, John iii, 14-21 (Quarterly Review) — Golden Text, Rev. iii, 11—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

LESSON I.—The Laborers in the Vineyard, Matt. xx, 1-16. Golden Text, Matt. v, 45, "He maketh His sun to rise on the evil and the good and sendeth rain on the just and the unjust." He compares His people Israel to a vineyard in Isa. v and is grieved because they disappoint Him in the matter of fruit. Here it is a question of labor and reward. Many are mere hirelings and serve Him for so much. Better leave it all to Him.

LESSON II.—Greatness Through Service, Mark x, 32-45. Golden Text, Mark x, 45, "The Son of Man also came not to be ministered unto, but to minister and to give His life a ransom for many." While He talked of suffering they thpught only of position in His Kingdom. When Peter asked Him not to think of suffering He said that savored of man and Satan, not of God (Matt. xvi, 23). Let us lay it well to heart.

LESSON III.—Blind Bartimaeus, Mark x, 46-52. Golden Text, Isa. xxxv, 5, 6, "Then the eyes of the blind shall be opened, and the ears of the deaf shall be unstopped." The blind man realized his need and his opportunity and would not be quieted. Such perseverance wins, and he was heard and answered and followed Jesus in the way. More requests would be granted if He could see like results.

LESSON IV.—The Pounds and the Talents, Luke xix, 11-27; Matt. xxv, 14-30. Golden Text, Matt. xxv, 21, "Well done, good and faithful servant; * * * enter thou into the joy of thy Lord." Saved by grace in order to work and then rewarded according to our works. His word to each is, "Occupy till I come." He gives opportunities, works in us and through us and gives us the credit of it.

LESSON V.—The Triumphal Entry, Mark xi, 1-11. Golden Text, Zech. ix, 9, "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion. * * * Behold, thy King cometh unto thee." All that has ever been written concerning Him must be fulfilled (Luke xxiv, 44) and as literally as was this prediction. Literal, unless plainly a figure, is the only way to read the Bible, and we shall always find everything just as He said or as it is written (Luke xix, 32; xxii, 13).

LESSON VI.—The Barren Fig Tree, Mark xi, 12-26. Golden Text, Matt. vii, 20, "By their fruits ye shall know them." The apparent loyalty to Him of the last lesson was not real. They were, like the fig tree, all leaves, no fruit; all outward. Instead of prayer communion with God, it was merchandise even in the house of prayer. Their need and ours was faith in God without doubting.

LESSON VII.—The Wicked Husbandmen, Matt. xxi, 33-46. Golden Text, Matt. xxi, 42, "The stone which the builders rejected, the same was made the head of the corner." This is another vineyard story, but this time it is a question of fruit for the owner, instead of which His servants are ill treated and His own son slain. But the rejected Son will yet be the accepted Messiah at the end of this age.

LESSON VIII.—The Wedding Feast, Matt. xxii, 1-14. Golden Text, Luke xiii, 34, 'Oh Jerusalem, Jerusalem, * * * how often would I, * * * and ye would not!" The lessons of this portion are somewhat similar to the last—a slighted and despised invitation, with ill treatment of the messengers and the self righteous presumption of one who would not accept a wedding garment. Everywhere and at all times it is the same story of man's enmity to God (Rom. viii, 7, 8).

LESSON IX.—A Day of Questions, Matt. xxii, 15-22. Golden Text, Matt. xxii, 21, "Render therefore unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's." The unsaved bear the image of this world and its god and can only render service to him. The saved ones bear the image of God and are expected to serve the Living and True God, living only to please Him and desiring only His approval.

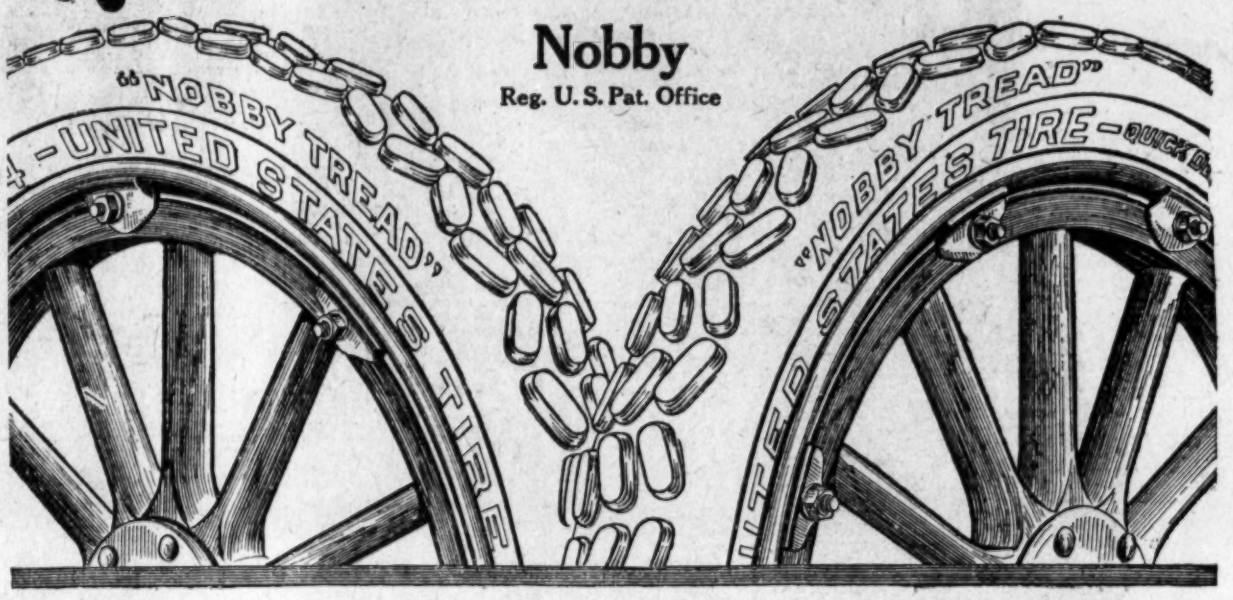
LESSON X.—The Great Commandments, Mark xii, 28-44. Golden Text, Luke x, 27, "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, * * * and thy neighbor as thyself." It is never a question of our keeping the law, which is intended to show us our guilt and is too holy for sinful man to keep, but the one great question for us is, What think ye of Christ? What is our relation to Him? Is our all fully yielded to Him?

LESSON XI.—The Ten Virgins, Matt. xxv, 1-13. Golden Text, Matt. xxv, 13, "Watch, therefore, for we know not the day nor the hour." As we saw in our lesson, this probably refers to Israel at the time of the return of Christ with His church after the marriage of the Lamb, but the message for each believer is to see that our lamp is filled, well trimmed and always burning.

LESSON XII.—The judgment of the nations, Matt. xxv, 31-46. Golden Text, Matt. xxv, 45, "Inasmuch as ye did it not unto one of these least, ye did it not unto me." Salvation depends upon our union with Christ, and all else depends upon our understanding of our oneness with Him. We must see ourselves, if we are redeemed, as sharing His throne and His glory. Then we shall never wonder if we are either sheep or goats in Matt. xxv.

Read Star Business Locals.

Ask these dealers



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Today the majority of serious automobile owners understand this—that is why they are buying "Nobby Treads"—that is why "Nobby Treads" are called BUSINESS BASIS TIRES.

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Today "Nobby Tread" Tires are the largest selling high-grade anti-skid tires in the world.

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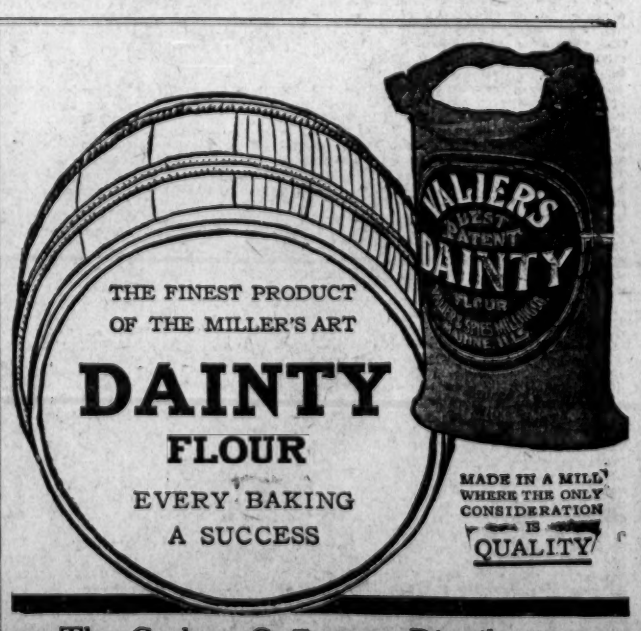

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3,000 BANKERS TO MEET IN RICHMNOD

For Annual Convention of American Association.

OCTOBER 12TH TO 17TH

Virginia Capital Has Made Elaborate and Extensive Preparations for the Entertainment of the Visiting Financiers

Richmond, Va., Sept. 19—Elaborate plants are being made for the entertainment of the delegates and guests who attend the Annual Convention of the American Bankers Association, which will be held in Richmond, October 12th-17th.

Committees of Richmond Bankers having the co-operation of the Municipal Authorities, representative civic organizations and Social Clubs, have prepared a program that promises a week of enjoyment and educational interest, rarely, if ever, surpassed at any prior meeting of this great Organization of the Banking world.

This Convention will doubtless be one of the most important of the thirty-nine annual meetings of this influential body of financial men and over three thousand delegates are expected to attend.

A brief sketch of some of the more important features of the Entertainment program follows:

Trip to Jamestown

One of the most delightful features of the Convention will be a trip down the historic James River and a visit to Jamestown, the site of the landing of the first English settlers in America.

Three steamboats have been chartered for this occasion and arrangements made to anticipate in every possible way the comfort and pleasure of all who take the trip.

A boat trip down the James abounds with interesting views of colonial Estates some of which are in a splendid state of preservation, and the visit to Jamestown Island is an experience that calls forth sentiments of patriotism that leaves a lasting impression in the mind of every American.

Metropolitan Artists

The principal musical event, among others, which is being arranged is a Musicale to be given at the City Auditorium, Wednesday night.

The following artists have been engaged; Alma Gluck, Soprano; Antonio Scotti, Baritone; Zimbalist, Violinist; together with a celebrated Accompanist.

These world famous artists will give a concert program especially arranged for the occasion and Madame Gluck will probably contribute a series of southern melodies, in costume, which will add greatly to the pleasure of the evening's entertainment.

Governor's Ball

The "Governor's Ball," as it is already being referred to, will be the crowning event.

This great reception and Ball will be given on Tuesday night in one of the large armories, possibly that of the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, the second oldest command of its kind in the United States, and His Excellency, Henry Sturat, Governor of Virginia, will head the receiving line.

The flower of Richmond's social world will contribute by their presence to the brilliancy and eclat of this occasion and will vie with each other in the hospitable reception and entertainment of delegates and guests.

Golf Tournament

Richmond will afford opportunity to all lovers of Golf to indulge freely in the game, while in attendance to the Convention, as the Directors of the Country Club of Virginia and the Hermitage Golf Club have tendered the hospitality of their Clubs and Golf Links to all delegates and guests.

Those who want full particulars in reference to the Golf Tournament to be held during the week may correspond with Mr. W. R. Trigg, Chairman of the Golf Committee.

Manufactures Exhibit.

An attractive exhibit of Richmond-Made Goods is permanently housed in three floors of the Chamber of Commerce Building and will be one of the points of special interest which will appeal to delegates and guests to the Convention.

This Exhibit shows the diversity and magnitude of the manufacturing interests of Richmond and is maintained permanently by the City and those manufacturers having displays in the building. The idea is modern, and educational, and Richmond is one of a very few cities which have adopted the plan.

Co-Operative Entertainment.

Numerous banquets, receptions and special functions are being arranged by clubs and other organizations.

Some of these will be given by the City Council, Reserve City Bankers Association, Shriners, Elks, Rotary Club Richmond Clearing House, Chamber of Commerce and Richmond Advertisers Club.

These organizations are co-operating with the Richmond Bankers in carrying out a program which will doubtless, in many respects, be the most unique and enjoyable of any convention ever held by the Association.

Big Factories Will Entertain.

"Little Journeys to Bib Industrial Plants," is the appropriate title of an illustrated booklet which is being prepared and will be presented to each visitor.

Richmond enjoys the distinction of having within its limits some of the largest manufacturing plants in the world, in their respective lines; and several of these are making elaborate plans for the entertainment of those delegates and guests who desire to avail themselves of the opportunity to investigate these wonderful factories.

The tobacco factories will be of especial interest to many who attend this Convention.

Ladies Lavishly Entertained.

Many special functions are being arranged for the pleasure and entertainment of the ladies who accompany delegates and guests.

Chief among these is a reception and tea to be given at the Commonwealth Club on Monday afternoon and the luncheon to be given at the beautiful Country Club of Virginia on Wednesday.

Many minor social events, concerts and theatre parties will be given and there will be automobile rides to various points of interest in and around the city. The special committee in charge of this department have arranged a most enjoyable program for the ladies.

Local Hotel Committee.

Reservations of rooms are being rapidly made by delegates and guests who who will attend the annual meeting of the American Bankers Association, October 12th-17th.

Ample accommodations will be provided if applications are made promptly. All intending to be present would do well to write at once to Mr. Thos. B. McAdams, Chairman of the Hotel Committee. All the local hotels have placed their room lists in charge of the Bankers Committee who will give personal attention to correspondence.

Richmond is well supplied with first class hotels but an early application is advised in order to get the best accommodations.

AN EARNEST PLEA FOR PEACE

Mr. B. F. Hall Controverts Argument "Preparedness" Makes for Peace —Exercise of Reason and Justice.

To The Editor of The Star:

In a recent communication, a valued contributor to your paper quotes with approval the old saw, "In time of peace prefer for war," and advocates a large increase in our standing army, and the addition each year of three battleships to our navy.

It would be a sad pity if men did not grow wiser as the world grows older, and the marvellous progress of the last century furnishes ample proof that they do—at least on some lines. Great advances have been made in the arts and sciences, in agriculture and commerce. We no longer light our houses with the tallow dips of our grandmothers, nor do we kindle our morning fires with the flint and steel of our grandfathers; presidents and members of congress no longer ride to the seat of government on horseback and shoot deer and bears on the way; passengers and freight now cross the ocean in five to ten days by steamers instead of in sixty days by sailing vessels; news is now flashed from continent to continent by submarine or wireless instead of being exchanged by those same slow sailing vessels; up to date farmers receive by telephone daily reports from the weather bureau to regulate the cultivation and protection of their crops. In almost every field of human endeavor for the betterment of home and community life there has been marked progress. And yet, in the one thing that affects most vitally the life and character of nations, we have made but little advance beyond the practices of primitive man, who clothed himself in the raw skins of wild animals and feasted on his human victims slain in battle. Conferences of good and wise men are held in the Peace Palace at the Hague to formulate "rules of civilized warfare." And what a mockery! For when and where was there ever a civilized war? General Sherman knew war, for he made it what it was, and he called it by the right name. And in that same war that he helped to make, it was considered high praise to say of soldiers that they "fought like devils." Perhaps it was not so far from the truth, for in the heat of battle, men often seemed inspired by a spirit neither of this world nor of the better one. Such fighting received "honorable mention" in the reports of battles, which, however, omitted all mention of the screams of wounded horses, the groans, the curses and prayers of wounded and dying men. These scenes, as I have seen them often repeated during four years in the Confederate army, take the glamour and glory out of war and show it in its true nature, as a crime against humanity which should no longer be permitted in this enlightened age. And since the experienc of nations that have tried it proves that preparation for war does not insure peace, why then should we still cling to this old false shibbelth? Would it not be wiser in time of peace to prepare for more peace—for continued peace—by setting forth its virtues and excellencies and by advocating the submission of all international disputes to an international court? A good start has been made in this direction in the score of treaties already negotiated (and others pending) between our government and other nations, requiring twelve months investigation of questions in dispute before war can be declared. And it is a hopeful sign of the times that the majority of our American people, irrespective of party, are beginning to show their appreciation of the statesmanship of our present administration in the preparation and exchange of these treaties, and their approval of the persistence of our wise president, in spite of harsh criticism, in his policy of justice and kindness, which has kept us out of war with our sister republic of Mexico.

The wisdom, justice, and forbearance of one administration, however, does not guarantee the same qualities in the next. And where these qualities are lacking, large armies and navies, instead of insuring peace, only furnish incentives to war, as is shown in the present suicidal war in Europe. "The shoemaker to his last, and everyman to his trade." It is also true that men seek for what they want. And what is more likely than war to gratify the desires of the thousands of choice young men who constitute the officers of large armies and navies? Inspired by laudable ambition for honor and distinction, they see in war the natural theatre in which they hope to win advancement, either by their own deeds of valor, or by the death of those "higher up" who stand in the way of their promotion. Hence they talk war, glorify war, and advocate war, upon any pretext or none at all. Without this war nursey, the ambition-mad rulers of Europe would have needed somthing more than flimsy pretexts disguised under the name of "defense of honor" to fire the patriotism of their subjects and lead them to the slaughter now disgracing their unhappy countries, desolating homes, making widows and orphans, and piling up debts of appalling magnitude upon people already groaning under the heavy burden of taxes required to support the military establishments which made the war.

The American people, excepting the Jingoes, are opposed to making war, or provoking othe nations to make war on us; but should the sur-charged war machine of some other power undertake to vent its "preparedness" on us, our best defense will be found,—not in war-breading armies and navies,—but in the justice of our cause, the confidence of the people in the wisdom of our rulers, and in ample resources to equip and support an army of patriots to defend themselves against unjust aggression. The clamor of the war party, born of militarism, and its blasphemous call upon God for aid in murdering their fellow men may furnish sufficient stimulus to begin the fight, regardless of its merits, but it cannot supply the patriotism, based on reason, which "sticks to the bitter end;" neither does it conserve a nation's resources nor build up its credit. Should the present war in Europe continue many months, final victory will most likely rest on the side that can borrow most money to maintain its army.

Perhaps the best proof that preparation for war leads to war is to be found in a book written in 1911, by General Bernhardi, a military authority in his own country, now engaged in a war which he and his kind helped to bring on. A few brief extracts will show his views and the spirit of the class he represents. Speaking for his country, he says it must be "world power or downfall;" "act on the offensive, strike the first blow;" "what we now wish to attain must be fought for and won against a superior force of hostile interests and powers." On the moral aspects of war he has pronounced opinions such as: "Christian morality is based indeed on the law of love—Love God above all things and thy neighbor as thyself. But this law can claim no significance for the relations of one country to another, since its application to politics would lead to a conflict of duties." And agin: "The efforts towards the abolition of war must not only be termed foolish, but absolutely immoral, and must be stigmatized as unworthy of the human race."

A recent article by George Creel in Harper's Weekly furnishes saner and more refresing reading for those who live peace. One extract will suffice to offset the General's views and conteract his poison. "With the blood of murdered youth there has been written upon the wall of the world a terrible and lasting repudiation of all those ancient lies that have gone to make up the keystone in the frowning arch of militarism. For years the rising tide of pacificism has been stemmed by the assurance that 'preparedness for war,' was the one reliable guarantee of peace, and this in turn was bulwarked by the assertion that encouragement of the martial spirit, the continued elevation of military ideals, was necessary to the preservation of such national values as honor, hardihood, and ambition. Today it is seen that they are lies and always have been lies. It is the nations that have made a fetish of 'preparedness' that are at each other's throats, and honor it a tattered rag beneath their trampling feet. ! ! ! ! Nothing is more incredible than the manner in which the sweat of toiling populations has been minted into gold for the support of this amazing superstition. "The whole article is good reading, but limited space forbids further quotation.

This paper has already grown beyond the usual limits of a daily journal, and yet it covers but a small part of what might be said on the subject. My chief motive in writing it is the hope that it may win others to join the already growing number of men and women whose demand shall yet be heeded that nations as well as men shall settle their differences by the exercise of reason and justice, and not by resort to brute force. It may also serve the further purpose of an apology to my surviving comrades of the Confederate army for my absence from veterans, camps and reunions, and an explanation of my apparent lack of interest in the celebration of events of the war. I honor the men, both dead and living, who without shirking either duty or danger, adventured their lives in a war which they believed to be just, which, however, might have been averted by the exercise of reason and justice on the part of the political leaders on each side. I long for the dawn of a better day, when war and its attendant horrors can be no longer possible. The sufferings of soldiers, often endured in silence, and the tragedies of the battle field are not pleasant memories, and hence I avoid occasions of reviewing them, except as they may possibly serve the interests of peace.

B. F. HALL.

Sunday Morning Thoughts.

(Continued From Page Ten)

place in the building of the fisherman-preacher, he is not ignorant—he is not untaught. Peter learned at the feet of Jesus and Peter was strong in the conviction of duty.

The seen tribunal ordered Peter to keep still. The fisherman and his friends are not to speak or teach in the name of the Lord. Just so, often, today in the world. Men dare not speak their convictions for fear of the opinion of the surrounding world. The mere expression of opinion may result in loss, financial loss, social loss, and hence there are many closed mouths. Did Peter obey? "Whether it be right in the sight of God to hearken unto you more than unto God, judge ye. For we cannot but speak the things we have seen and heard."

Peter confronts an invisible tribunal and recognizes the fact. He takes God into account. The visible may have the power to imprison the body. The invisible has power to imprison the soul. The visible may be able to bring disaster and trouble, pain and suffering. The invisible demands the right. Peter recognizes the supreme authority of the unseen and acknowledges his allegiance. Calm and cool, without a tremor, the fisherman-preacher courteously tells the seen tribunal that he is compelled to speak. In the present world we greatly need men who must speak the truth because it is the truth. Men who will stand for the right because it is right. Men who are willing to be unpopular rather than do or speak wrong. Men of courage. Men of courage with convictions.

Peter, the night fololwing, takes the matter to God. It is a touching scene. Gathere' together, the followers of Christ are talking to Him.

"And now, Lord, behold their threatenings; and grant unto thy servants that with all boldness they may speak the word."

Not a word of prayer that they may escape the danger but an earnest petition for courage and power.

Today the world needs men to whom God has given "all boldness that they may speak His word."

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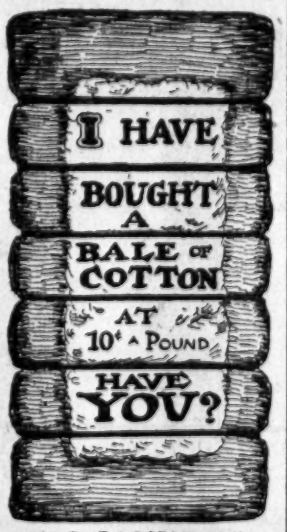

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As in other intercourse, it often happens that two or more people wish to talk with the same person at the same time. Without courtesy confusion is inevitable, and the confusion is greater when the people can not see each other.

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And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 121 years has been to make Men of Boys. Organization Military. Alone among N. C. private schools Bingham's Commandant is a West Point graduate, detailed from the U. S. Army. Within a year A Million Dollar Hotel and U. S. Government Summer Camp for Military Instruction have come to Asheville. Why? Lake for Swimming. Tuition and Board $160 per Half Term. Col. R. Bingham, R. F. D. Box 23 Asheville, N. C.

NEWS of PHOTOPLAYS and PHOTOPLAYERS

Arthur Leslie

Poem Inspiration For Kerrigan Play

"LITTLE MEG AND I," A VICTOR DRAMA RELEASE OF SEPTEMBER 7.

The Lad. . . . .J. Warren Kerrigan
Meg. . . . . .Vera Sisson
Meg's father. . . . . .George Perolat
Capt. Alston, fishermen, etc.

From the poem by C. T. Murphy.

An old captain, on a summer's night, sits down to tell his mates a story—a story of his own life and wrecked romance. It was the story of his youth, and, as the poem goes, he had grown up with, and lived little Meb Anderson, the daughter of a rich shipowner. He had realized the gulf that lay between them, the little girl had promised to wait for him when he went out on his long cruise. The words of the poem, which makes the sub titles for the projected picture, continues:

"Well, mates, we cruised for four long years, till at last one summer's day
Our good ship, the Minerva, cast anchor in the bay.
Oh, how my heart beat high with hope, as I saw her home once more,
And on the pier stood hundreds to welcome us ashore;
But my hear sank down within me as I gazed with anxious eye—
No little Meg stood on the dock as on the dock stood I.
Why, mates, it nearly broke my heart when I went ashore that ray,
For they told me little Mag had wed, while I was far away.
They told me, too, they forced her to it—and wrecked her fair young life—
Just think, mess mates, a child in years, to be an old man's wife."

As the story follows it would seem that the girl's father had forced her into the unwholesome match. Tiem passes.

The old man finishes with:

"One blustering night Jack Glim and I were rowing to the shore,
When right ahead we saw a sight that made us hold our breath—
There, floating in the pale moonlight, was a woman cold in death.
I raised her up; oh, God, mess mates, that had passed her by!
For in the bay lay little Mag and over her stood I."

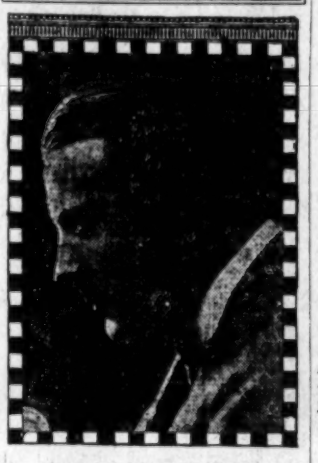
"The Jackpot Club"

If you are among the "small ones" in the world of finance—and most business men, no matter what their specialty is, are—you have, without doubt, felt the crushing heel at one time or another, of "Big Business." The heart which flushes the arteries of the commercial world is the bank and when the bank, no matter through what medium, turns its thumbs down you must retire from the arena of industrial strife. Personal neglect or inefficiency may spell your failure some time—but that accusation is very often unjustly directed against a man when, if the truth could be known, he went to the wall fighting every inch against odds over which he had no power.

Now James Bryant did not amount to much in the world of business—but he had an invention which he felt was worth big money. James Bryant lived in a thriving western town. With the apparent confidence of the local banker to support him, Bryant started out to succeed. Then something happened. You might call it fate—many people look at it that way. In the end Bryant was restored; and fate is ready to admit her share in that scheme. But as to the other—there is a question.

"The Jackpot Club" is the human-interest story of James Bryant told in dramatic, interesting way. One does not realize at first, during the unfolding of the unconventional situations and throbbing incidents, that a big problem—affecting nearly every one—an ever-present problem—is being treated. And yet, that is just what this story does. That is carries away on the wing of pure enjoyment, without ever giving the impression that one is being moralized, is due to the author who has handled his materials as an expert of dramatic qualities, to the director who has staged and directed the piece with matured thought and ripe expereince, and to the players who have given splendid interpretations of the various roles. But, nevertheless, the play, besides telling a bully good story, casts light upon certain facts that one cannot escape. The romance of James Bryant will not soon be forgotten.

"THE SILENT VALLEY"



KING BAGGOT, Director and leading Actor of the Imp Company
In "The Silent Valley," Bijou Tuesday

That love can heal all wounds and turn a man's nature, dominate over bestial instincts and finally ressurrect a lost moul to the paths of goodness is the theme and treatment of this new two-reel Imp drama in which King Baggot appears. The great powerful good that lay dormant within this giant of a man for so long is finally brought to light by a sweet and pretty face, a little slip of a girl, who visits this backwoods neighborhood with a traveling repertoire company. It is one of the strongest dramatic romances of the year.

"BAD MAN" WINS SALVATION LASS

"THE ANGLE OF THE CAMP" A THRILLING POWERS DRAMATIC RELEASE.

Sister Mary of the Salvation Army. . . . .Edna Maison.
Roy Clark, a Gunfighter Ray Gallagher.
The Sheriff. . . . . .Walter Higby.

Roy Clark is a wholesouled Western character, but a bad man when drunk. He has been in trouble several times through his penchant for shooting up the town. Sister Mary of the Salvation Army, is in Goldfield with her fellow Salvationists and Roy is strongly attached to her but she repulses fullattached to her but she repulses him on accouna of his unsovory reputation. Besides she has a mission to fulfill.

A Plague strikes the camp and Mary thereupon earns the title of the "Angel of the Camp," nurses Roy back to health and finally marries him. A prétty romance, full of human interest, with Edna Maison at her best.

EDNA MAISON
"The Angel of the Camp" Bijou Saturday

DUSTIN FARNUM.

Kalem Drama Tells Old Indian Legend

A legend that has been recited around countless Indian campfires has been filmed by Kalem and will be seen by photoplay patrons in "The Vanishing Tribe," a two-act drama which is scheduled to be released for exhibition Wednesday, September 23rd.

Kalem's popular Indian actress, Princess Mona Darkfeather, and a tribe of genuine Hopi Indians actress, trays the roles of the redskins in this legend. The result i sthat the Kalem production is imbued with real indian atmosphere.

Farounder etaoi shrd cmf bm bm bmb

According to the legend, long ago, Prairie Flower, daughter of Chief Gray Eagle, loved Bit Moon, a warrior of another tribe. Unable to get the chief's consent to wed, the lovers eloped. White Star, a maid of Big Moon's tribe, also loved the brave and

MONA DARKFEATHER.

her heart was filled with anger at the turn of events.

With the birth of Prairie Flower's son, White Star hastened to Chief Grey Eagle and informed him of his grandchild. The chief promptly decided to steal the man-child to punish his daughter for her disobedience. He enlisted the aid of White Star.

Fearing just such a procedure, Big Moon and his squaw appealed to the tribal medicine man. After numerous incantations, the medicine man declared that all braves aproaching the child with evil intent, would vanish into thin air.

Several of Grey Eagle's warriors meet this fate. Undaunted, however, the chief and his entire tribe undertake to secure the child. They are just about to capture Big Moon, Prairie Flower, and the infant when the entire tribe vanishes as though swept away by the wind.

Tom Moore Wanted To Be A Chemist

Tom Moore, who appears with Alice Joyce in Kalem's drama, "The Green Rose," at one time in his career yearned to be chemist. In fact, he studied at one of the big universities in New cumbing to the lure of the stage.

It was a discussion on the possibilities of flowers, placed in a bowl of tinted water becoming affected by the tint, that really was responsible for "The Green Rose." Moore, while declaring that the flower's color would not change, nevertheless saw possibilities in the idea for use in a photoplay.

He suggested the idea to a prominent photoplay author and "The Green Rose" was the result. The story tells of how a chemist discovers that a rose treated with anacide, a deadly poison, turns a vivid green. The poison, however, makes handing the rose extremely dangerous. Later the chemist attempts to use his discovery for a criminal purpose. Jere Austin and Marguerite Courtot appear in this production with Alice Joyce and Tom Moore.

whose tins is a portrait of Margarita. Then there is that well-known song, "The Movie Picture Girl," with Margarita Fisher as the theme, and a certain candy bears her signature, and she is on playing cards and what not. Postcards of her have a very ready sale and she is constantly being approached by dealers in somathing or other to lend her name or her pretty face to aid their sale.

Ben Turpin of the Essanay Comedy Company has a mule which he is teaching to count. The mule's front feet, however, are being trained for this purpose. The comedian has a mysterious respect for the animal's posterior propellers.

Although Beverly Bayne wore thousands of dollars worth of jewels in the Essanay production "Under Royal Patronage," her wedding gown, which is one of the features of the play, was not imported, nor was it made by an expensive modiste. Miss Bayne made it herself. She spent about a week on the filmy garment and when she finished it looked like Paquin's.

FLASHES on the SCREEN

By H.H. VAN LOAN

Rapley Holmes, the jovial member of the Essanay stock company, finds it very difficult to refrain from making humorous remarks even while scenes are being taken. Recently a very serious and long scene in "The Place, the Time and the Man" was rehearsed several times, and the director left certain that it could be taken without any mistakes. All went well until the last few feet, then Holmes made one of his side-splitting remarks which sent the entire cast, and even the director, into a fit of laughter.

Margarita Fisher of the "Beauty" films, has never had a cigar named after her; she has escaped that honor. But there is a well-known talcum powder ,the American Lady Powder, which bears her name and upon

BIJOU

The Utmost in Quality and Quantity

Program for Week of September 21

MONDAY

"THE JACKPOT CLUB."
Mammoth Two-Reel Eclair Feature Drama.

"A BOGUS BARON."
Rousing Sterling Comedy, Featuring Ford Sterling.

"SKY PIRATES."
Rousing Keystone Comedy Feature.

TUESDAY

"THE SILENT VALLEY."
Special Release Two-Reel Drama, Featuring King Baggot.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRAL."
Twenty-Seventh Chapter.

"THE BOOB'S NEMESIS."
Big Rex Comedy, With Ella Hall and Robert Leonard.

5c—FIVE CENTS—5c

WEDNESDAY

THE TREY O'HEARTS
Sixth Installment, in Two Reels.

"THE BACHELOR'S HOUSE-KEEPER."
Big Crystal Comedy, Featuring Vivian Prescott and Charlie DeForrest.

"HOW IZZY STUCK TO HIS POST."
Featuring Max Davidson and Miriam Cooper.

THURSDAY

"A DAUGHTER OF THE PLAINS."
Nestor Drama, Featuring William Clifford and Marie Walcamp.

"THE OTHER TRAIN."
Beauty Release With Pretty Margarita Fischer.

"THE SLAVE'S ROMANCE."
Rousing Victor Drama.

"THOSE HAPPY DAYS."
Big Keystone Comedy.

"BEAU AND HOBO."
Rousing Comedy Number.

5c—FIVE CENTS—5c

FRIDAY

"HELPING MOTHER."
Special Release Rex Three-Reel Dramatic Feature.

"MILLICENT THE MILLTANT."
Big Comedy Number.

"SERVANTS' SUPERSEDED."
Another Big Comedy Feature.

SATURDAY

"LITTLE MEG AND I."
Big Victor Drama, With Warren Kerrigan and Vera Sisson.

"THE ANGEL IN THE CAMP."
Powers Drama, With Edna Maison.

"UNIVERSAL IKE JR. NEARLY GETS MARRIED."
Rousing Universal Ike Comedy.

"THE GREAT TOE MYSTERY."
Rousing Keystone Comedy.

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GRAND THEATRE

Programme for Week of September 21

THE HOME OF QUALITY PICTURES

MONDAY

WAR NEWS FROM HEARST-SELIG WEEKLY
KING CALLS VOLUNTEERS.
FIGHT FOR THE GOLF TITLE.
DePALMA WINS CLASSIC.
FEDERALS WIN BATTLE.
FAST HORSES COMPETE.
GEORGIA ENDS CHILD LABOR.

5c

"THE STUFF THAT DREMS ARE MADE OF."
Edison Comedy Featuring Gladys Hulette.

"THE DEADLY BATTLE AT HICKSVILLE."
A Dandy Comedy, Featuring "RUTH ROLAND."

TUESDAY

"THE LADY FROM OLD IRELAND."
A Pathetic Story From Home.

"SHE GAVE HIM A ROSE."
Lubin Comedy Featuring Frances Ne Morer.

"THE RISE OF THE JOHNSONS."
A Great Colored Comedy, by Lubin.

"THE SQUATTER'S GAL."
A Western Story, Featuring G. M. Anderson.

"FARMER RODNEY'S DAUGHTER."
Love Always Finds Its Way.

Clip this out
It will keep you posted where to go for your Amusement

WEDNESDAY

"ETIENNE, OF THE GLAD HEART."
A Story of the Unfaithful Man, in Two Parts.

"DETECTIVE AND MATCHMAKER."
Featuring the Great Trained Horse, "Intellect."

"A TANGO SPREE."
Edison Comedy, All About Tango.

THURSDAY--*Special Feature*

DUSTIN FARNUM
The Stage's Most Popular Star in the Title Role.

"THE SQUAW MAN"
In Six Parts.
The Real Big American Drama—A Supreme Effort of the Photo Play Art.

ADMISSION—Children 5c—Adults 10c

THE PARAMOUNT PICTURES Start October 1st

FRIDAY

"SECOND SIGHT."
A Vitagraph Comedy, Featuring "Dan Crimmins."

"OPERATOR AT BLACK ROCK."
A Thrilling Drama, With Helen Holmes, in Two Parts.

"THE REPORTER OF THE CASE."
A Selig — Thrilling — Dramatic.

SATURDAY

"THE SHIELD OF INNOCENCE."
A Sensational Story in Two Parts.

"THE MAN MASTER."
A Biograph Dramatic, Full of Action.

"MEMORIES IN MEN'S SOULS."
A Vitagraph Love Story, With Van Dyke Brooke, Walter Horton, Norma Talmadge.

READ "THE TREY O'HEARTS" TODAY
See It---Bijou Wednesday

The TREY O HEARTS by LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE

SIXTH INSTALLMENT

The photo-drama corresponding to the installments of "The Trey O'Hearts" may now be seen at the leading moving picture theaters. By this unique arrangement with the Universal Film Mfg. Co. it is therefore not only possible to read "The Trey O'Hearts" in this paper, but also to see each installment of it at the moving picture theaters.

(Copyright, 1914, by Louis Joseph Vance.)

CRACK O' DOOM

SYNOPSIS—**The 3 of Hearts** is the "death sign" employed by **Seneca Trine** in the private war of vengeance which, through his daughter **Judith**, a woman of violent passions like his own, he wages against **Alan Law**, son of the man (now dead) whom **Trine** held responsible for the accident which made him a helpless cripple. **Rose, Judith's** twin and double, loves **Alan**, and learning of her sister's campaign against him, leaves home and joins her fortunes to his. Under dramatic circumstances **Alan** saves **Judith's** life and so wins her love; but failure to shake his constancy to **Rose** kindles **Judith's** jealousy and settles her in her homicidal purpose. She is largely responsible for a shipwreck in Nantucket sound, from which **Rose** and **Alan** escape with their friend **Barcus**, **Judith** pursuing in a chartered schooner with a crew of cut-throats.

I—STRANDED.

Mr. Thomas Barcus picked himself up from the bottom of the lifeboat, where he had been violently precipitated by the impact of grounding, blinked and wiped tears of pain from his eyes, solicitously tested his nose and seemed to derive little if any comfort from the discovery that it was not broken, opened his mouth . . . and remembered the presence of a lady.

"Poor Mr. Barcus!" she said gently. "I'm so sorry. Do forget I'm here—and say it out loud!"

Mr. Barcus dropped his hands and drooped his head at the same time.

"It can't be did," he complained in embittered resignation: "the words have never been invented . . ."

In the bows, Mr. Law (who had barely saved himself a headlong plunge overboard when the shoal took fast hold of the keel) felt tenderly of his excoriated shins, then, rising, compassed the sea, sky and shore with an anxious gaze.

In the offing there was nothing but the flat, limitless expanse of the night-bound tide, near at hand vaguely silvered with the moonlight, in the distances blending into shadows: never a light or shadowy, stealing sail in that quarter to indicate pursuit.

"Where are we?" he wondered aloud.

"Ask me an easy one," Barcus replied: "somewhere on the south shore of the cape—unless somebody's been tampering with the lay of this land. That's a lighthouse over yonder."

Alan took soundings from the bows.

"Barely two feet," he announced, withdrawing the oar from the water, "and eel-grass no end."

"Oh!" Barcus ejaculated with the accent of enlightenment; and leaving the motor, turned to the stern, over which he draped himself in highly unfecorative fashion while groping under water for the propeller.

"That's the answer," he reported; "there's a young bale of the said eel-grass wrapped round the wheel. Which, I suppose, means I've got to go overboard and clear it away."

Like Mr. Law, he wore neither shoes nor other garments that could be more damaged by salt water than they had been—but only shirt, trousers and a belt.

"If you've nothing better to do, my critical friend," he observed as he stooped to hack and tear at the mass of weed embarrassing the propeller, "you might step out and give us a trial shove. Don't strain yourself—just see if you can move her."

The boat budged not an inch—but Mr. Law's feet did, slipping on the treacherous mud bottom with the upshot of his downfall: with a mighty splash he disappeared momentarily beneath the surface—and left his temper behind when he emerged.

As for Mr. Barcus, he suffered like loss within five minutes; when, with much pains and patience having freed the wheel, he climbed aboard and sought to restart the motor. After a few affecting coughs it relapsed into stubborn silence.

Studious examination at length brought out the fact that the gasoline tank was empty.

"Not so much as a smell left," Barcus reported.

"It's no use," he conceded at length. "We're here for keeps."

"Why not wade ashore?" Rose Trine suggested mildly from the place she had taken in the stern in order to lighten the bows. "It isn't so far—and what's one more wetting?"

"That's the only sensible remark that's been uttered by any party to this lunatic enterprise since you hove within earshot of me, Mr. Law," said Mr. Barcus. "Respectfully submitted."

"The verdict of the lower court stands approved," Alan responded gravely.

"But there's no sense in Miss Trine wading," Barcus suggested. "We're web-footed as it is; and she's too tired."

"Well, what then?"

"We can carry her, can't we?"

II—THE ROCKET.

"Gee!" he grunted frankly, when after a toilsome progress from the boat, Rose at length slipped from the seat formed by the clasped hands of the two men. "And it was me who suggested this!"

The girl responded with a quiet laugh of the most natural effect imaginable—until it ended in a sigh, and without the least warning she crumpled upon herself, and would have fallen heavily, in a dead faint, but for Alan's quickness.

"Good Lord!" Barcus exclaimed, as Alan gently lowered the inert body of the girl to the sands. "And to think I didn't understand she was so nearly all in—chaffing her like that! I'd like to kick myself!"

"Don't be impatient," Alan advised grimly; "I'm busy just at present, but . . . Meantime, you might fetch some water to revive her."

It was an order by no means easy to fill: Barcus had only his cupped hands for a vessel, and little water remained in them by the time he had dashed from the shallows back to the spot where Rose lay unconscious, while the few drops he did manage to sprinkle into her face availed nothing toward rousing her from the trance-like slumbers of exhaustion into which she passed from her fainting fit. . . .

In the end Alan gave up the effort. "She's all right," he reported, releasing the wrist whose pulse he had been timing. "She fainted, right enough, but now she's just asleep—and needs it, God knows! It would be kinder to let her rest, at least until I see what sort of a reception that lighthouse is inclined to offer us."

"You'll go, then?" Barcus inquired. "I'd just as lief, myself . . ."

"No; let me," Alan insisted. "It's not far—not more than a quarter of a mile. And she'll be safe enough here, in your care, the little time I'm gone."

Barcus nodded. His face was drawn and gray in the moon-glare. "Thank God!" he breathed brokenly, "you're able. I'm not."

He sat down suddenly and rested his head on his knees. "Don't be longer than you can help," he muttered thickly.

He had come to the headland of the lighthouse itself before the ground began to shelve more gently to the beach; and was on the point of addressing himself to the dark and silent cottage

Two Men Shadowed Him.

They Carried Her Ashore.

of the lightkeeper when he paused, struck by sight of what till then had been hidden from him.

The promontory, he found, formed the eastern extremity of a wide-armed if shallow harbor where rode at moorings a considerable number of small craft—pleasure vessels assorted about equally with fishing boats. And barely an eighth of a mile on, long-legged wharfs stood knee-deep in the water, like tentacles flung out from the sleepy little fishing village that dotted the rising ground—a community of perhaps two hundred dwellings.

Nor was this all: even as Alan hove in view of the village, he heard a series of staccato snorts, the harsh tolling of a brazen bell, the rumble of a train pulling out from a station. And then he saw its jewel-string of lights flash athwart the landscape and vanish as its noise died away diminuendo.

Where one train ran, another must. He need only now secure something to revive Rose, help her somehow up the beach, and in another hour or two, of a certainty, they would be speeding northwards, up the cape, toward Boston and the land of law and order.

A surly citizen, this agent, ill-pleased to have his plans disordered by chance-flung strangers. He greeted Alan's breathless query with a grunt of ingrained churlishness.

"Nah," he averred, "they ain't no more trains till mornin'. Can't y' see I'm shuttin' up?"

"But surely there must be a telegraph station—"

"You bet your life they is—right here in this depot. An' I'm shuttin' it up, too."

"But I must send a telegram," Alan protested. "I tell you, I must. It's a matter of life and death."

"Sure, young feller. It always is—after business hours."

"Won't you open up again—"

"I tell you, no!"

In desperation Alan rammed a hand into his trousers pocket. "Will a dollar influence your better judgment?" he suggested shrewdly.

"Let's see your dollar," the other returned with no less craft—open incredulity informing his countenance.

And, surely enough, Alan brought forth an empty hand.

"Make a light," he said sharply. "My money's in a belt round my waist. Open up your office. You'll get your dollar, all right."

"All right," he grumbled, reopening the door of the telegraph booth and making a second light inside. "There's blanks and a pencil. Write your message. It ain't often I do this—but I'll make an exception for you."

Alan delayed long enough only to make a few inquiries, drawing out the information that, for one who had not patience to wait the morning train northbound, the quickest way to any city of importance was by boat across Buzzard's bay to New Bedford.

Boats, it was implied, were plentiful, readily to be chartered.

A time-table supplied all other needful advice. Alan wrote his message swiftly.

Addressed to Digby, his man of business in New York, it required that gentleman to arrange for a motor-car to be held in waiting on the waterfront of New Bedford from three a. m. until called for in the name of Mr. Law, as well as for a special train at Providence, on similar provisions.

He found his sweetheart and his friend much as he had left them, with this difference: that Mr. Barcus now lay flat on his back and snoring lustily.

He was placated quickly enough, however, by Alan's news.

But when it was the turn of Rose—they faltered. None the less, it had to be done. Alan hardened his heart with the reminder of their urgent necessity, and eventually brought her to with the aid of a few drops of brandy.

Between them, they helped her up the beach, past the point, and at length to the door of the hotel, where—reanimated by the mere promise of food—Rose disengaged their arms and entered without more assistance; while Barcus was deterred from treading her heels in his own famished eagerness, by the hand of Alan falling heavily upon his arm.

"Wait!" the latter admonished in a half-whisper. "Look there!"

Barcus followed the direction of his gesture—and was transfixed by the sight of a rocket spearing into the night-draped sky from a point invisible beyond the headland of the lighthouse.

The two consulted one another with startled and fearful eyes.

As with one voice they murmured one word: "Judith!" To this Alan added gravely: "Or some spy of hers!"

Then rousing, Alan released his friend, with a smart shove urging him across the threshold of the hotel.

"Go on," he insisted, "join Rose and get your supper. I'll be with you as soon as I can arrange for a boat. Tell her nothing more than that—that I thought it unwise to wait until everybody was abed before looking round."

He turned to find his landlord approaching from the direction of the hotel barroom. And for the time it seemed that the wind of their luck must have veered to a favoring quarter; for the question was barely uttered before the landlord lifted a willing voice and hailed a fellow townsman idling nearby.

"Hey, Jake—come here!"

Introduced as Mr. Breed, Jake pleaded guilty to ownership of the fastest and stanchest power-cruiser in the adjacent waters, which he was avariciously keen to charter.

They observed it religiously: within ten minutes they stood upon a float at the foot of a flight of wooden steps down the side of the town wharf, while the promised rowboat of Mr. Breed drew in, at most leisurely pace, to meet them.

If the boat-owner's indifference to Alan's clearly expressed wishes in this respect exasperated, it was forgotten in the relief of at length getting aboard and away from the wharf. The burden of Alan's solicitude seemed to grow lighter with every squeal of the greaseless oar-locks, with every dip and splash of the blades which, wielded by a crew of villainous countenance, brought them nearer the handsome motorboat which Mr. Breed designated as his own. It was not until Alan looked up suddenly to find Mr. Breed covering him with a revolver of most vicious character that he had the least apprehension of any danger nearer than the offing, where Judith's schooner might be lurking, waiting for its prey to come out and be devoured.

"I'll take that money-belt of yours, young feller," Mr. Breed announced, "and be quick about it—not forgetting what's in your trousers-pocket!"

In the passion of his indignation, Alan neglected entirely to play the game by the rules. The indifference he displayed toward the weapon was positively unprofessional—for he knocked it aside as if it had been nothing more dangerous than a straw. And in the same flutter of an eyelash, he launched himself like a wildcat at the throat of Mr. Breed.

Before that one knew what was happening he had gone over the stern and had involuntarily disarmed himself as well.

"And just for this," he added before getting out of earshot—"I'm going to treat my party to a joy-ride in your pretty powerboat."

He concluded this speech abruptly as Barcus brought them up under the quarter of the power cruiser.

Within two minutes the motor was spinning contentedly, the mooring had been slipped, and the motorboat was heading out of the harbor.

Within five she had left it well astern and was shooting rapidly westwards, making nothing of the buffets of a very tolerable sea kicked up by the freshening southwesterly wind.

"My friend," he observed languidly, "as our acquaintance ripens I am more and more impressed that neither of us was born to die a natural death, whether abed or at the hands of those who mislike us; but rather to be hanged as common pirates."

"You have the courage of ignorance," Barcus replied coolly; "if you'll take the trouble to glance astern, I promise you a sight that will move you to suspend judgment for the time being."

At this Alan sat up with a start.

Black against the loom of the Elizabeth islands, through which they had navigated while he nodded, shone the milk-white sails of an able schooner.

Sheets all taut and every inch of canvas fat with the beam wind, she footed it merrily in their wake—a silver jet spouting from her cutwater.

III—HELL-FIRE.

But by this stage in his history, Mr. Law had arrived at a state of mind immune to surprise at the discovery that he had once more failed to elude the vigilance and pertinacity of the woman who sought his life.

He viewed the schooner with no more display of emotion that resided in narrowing eyelids and a tightening of the muscles about his mouth.

"Much farther to go?" he inquired presently, in a colorless voice.

"At our present pace—say, two hours."

"And will that enable us to hold our own?"

"Just about," Barcus allowed, squinting critically at the chase; "she's some footer, that schooner; and this is just the wind she likes best."

"How much lead have we got?"

"A mile or so—none too much."

"Anything to be done to mend matters?"

"Nothing—but pray, if you remember how."

In the end, they made it by a narrow margin. The face of Judith Trine was distinctly revealed by the chill gray light of early dawn to those aboard the power cruiser as she swept up through the reaches of New Bedford harbor and aimed for the first wharf that promised a fair landing on the main waterfront of the city.

There was neither a policeman nor a watchman of any sort in sight.

Nor was there, for all his hopes and prayers, based on the telegram to Digby, a sign of a motor-car.

Still, not much of the street was revealed. The docks on either hand were walled and roofed, cutting off the view.

If they ran for it, they must surely be overhauled. Something must be done to hinder the crew of the schooner from landing.

"Here!" he cried sharply to Barcus. "You take Rose and hurry to the street and find that motor-car. I know she's there. Digby never failed me yet!"

"But you—"

"Don't waste time worrying about me. I'll be with you in three shakes. I'm only going to put a spoke in Judith's wheel. I've got a scheme!"

As for his scheme—he had none other than to give them battle, to sacrifice himself if need be, to make sure the escape of Rose.

Sheer luck smiled on him to this extent, that in turning his eye lighted on a four-foot length of stout, three-inch scantling: an excellently formidable club.

But soon, disarmed, his case was desperate—and there were two already safe upon the dock and others madly scrambling up to re-enforce them.

Wildly cast about for some substitute weapon, he leaped toward a small pyramid of little but heavy kegs, and seizing one, swung it overhead and cast it full force into the midriff of his nearest enemy; so that this one doubled up convulsively, with a sickish grunt, and vanished in turn over the end of the wharf.

His fellow followed with less injury. But Alan had no time to wonder whether the man had tripped and thrown himself, in his effort to escape a second hurtling keg, or had turned coward and fled. It was enough that he had returned, precipitately and heavily, to the schooner.

The keg, meeting with no resistance, pursued him even to the deck, where the force of its impact split its seams.

None of the combatants, however, Alan least of all, noticed that the powder that filtered out was black and coarse. Alan, indeed, had only the haziest notion that they were powder-kegs he used as ammunition. That they were heavy and hurt when they collided with human flesh and bone was all that interested him.

In the same breath he heard a friendly voice shout warning far up the dock, and knew that Barcus was coming to his aid.

A glance over-shoulder, too, discovered the cause of the warning: two men who had thus far escaped his attentions and who were maneuvering to fall upon him from behind. The bound required to evade them brought him face to face with Judith as she landed on the dock.

"Oh," she cried, "I hate you, I hate you!"

"So, you've said, my dear, but—"

His final words were not audible even to himself. In his confidence (now that Barcus was taking care of the others) and his impatience with the woman, and in his perhaps unworthy wish to demonstrate conclusively how cheap he held her, Alan had tossed the pistol over the end of the wharf.

It was an old-fashioned weapon, and the force with which it struck the deck released the hammer.

Instantly the .44 cartridge blazed into the open head of a broken powder keg.

And with a roar like the Trump of Doom and a mighty gust of flame and smoke, the decks of the schooner were riven and shattered; her masts tottered and fell . . .

IV—ANTICLIMAX.

Alan came to himself supported by Barcus—his senses still reeling from the concussion of that thunderbolt which he had so unwittingly loosed—the cloud of sulphurous smoke not yet dissipated by the wind.

Judith lay at his feet, stunned; and round about other figures of men insensible, if not, for all he could say, dead.

And then Barcus was hustling him unceremoniously down the wharf.

"Come! Come!" he rallied Alan. "Pull yourself together and keep a stiff upper lip. Rose is waiting in the car, and if you don't want to be arrested, you'll stir your stumps, my son! That explosion is going to bring the worthy burghers of New Bedford buzzing round our ears like a swarm of hornets!"

His prediction was justified even before it was made: already the nearby dwellings were vomiting half-clothed humanity; already a score of people were galloping down toward the head of the wharf; and in their number a policeman appeared as if by magic.

And while the man hesitated, Alan grabbed him by the shoulder, threw him bodily from the car, dropped into his seat, cried a warning to Rose, and threw in the clutch. The machine responded without a jar: they were a hundred feet distant from the scene of the accident before Alan was fairly settled in his place.

Yet his congratulations were premature: they were not ten minutes out of the environs of the city when Rose left her seat and knelt behind his, to communicate the intelligence that they were already being pursued.

A heavy touring car, she said it was, driven by a man, a woman in the seat by his side—Judith the latter, the man an old employe of her father's by the name of Marrophat.

Marrophat!

Alan remembered that one.

He could only trust in his skill as a driver: and skill is the lesser factor in such a race.

As they approached at express speed the stretch where the road paralleled the tracks Alan sought to hug the left hand side of the road, but in vain.

He heard the far hoot-toot of a freight locomotive . . .

The sun swung in the heavens like a ball on a string. There was a crash, a roar . . . There was nothing—oblivion . . .

The car had turned turtle, pinning Rose and Alan beneath it. . . .

"Alan!" she gasped. "You are not killed?"

"No—not even much hurt, I fancy," he replied. "And you?"

"Not much—"

The deep-throated roar of the locomotive bellowing danger silenced him. He closed his eyes.

Then abruptly the weight was lifted from his chest. He saw a man dragging Rose from under the machine, and saw that the man was Marrophat. And almost immediately someone lifted his head and shoulders, caught him with two hands beneath his arm pits, and drew him clear of the machine.

And the face of his rescuer was the face of Judith Trine.

"Well, if you must know—it's true. I can't bring myself to kill you. I would to God I could. But I I can't. . . . For all that, you shall die—I could not save you if I would! And this I promise you: you shall never see Rose again before you die!"

And while he stood gaping, she swung from him and ran, quickly covering the little distance between him and the car.

As she jumped into this and dropped down upon the seat beside her half-conscious sister, Marrophat swung the car away.

It vanished in a dust-cloud as a throng of railroad employees surrounded and assailed him with clamorous questions.

END OF CRACK O' DOOM

(To be continued.)

TWO FOR ONE

Our patrons in and around Wilmington are being offered the highest grade premiem ever presented through a Wilmington Store. ¶Aluminum ware as a cooking utensil has passed the experiment stage. ¶It has stood the test both from the

Sanitary And Economy Standpoint

A recent contract entered into by us enables our patrons to secure a complete outfit of modern cooking ware with little cost.

To commence the plan and start our patrons on their way in good shape we shall for THIS WEEK ONLY punch on the Aluminum cards 2 for 1, in other words, you will receive double credit on your punch card.

Trade $1.00 and $2.00 will be punched, trade $5.00 and $10.00 will be punched and so on.

We grant this additional inducement for THIS WEEK'S PURCHASES as an incentive to new patrons to commence trading for an "Aluminum Kitchen" and as a stimulus for those who have already commenced.

Anticipate your needs and make your purchases as large as possible this week. Induce your friends to make their purchases on your card.

For particulars, call at store or phone us.

Gaylord-Platt Company

Be Ready for the Fall Opening, Sept. 29 and 30th

With the Man in The Street

"A Protest for Vulgarity" — now comes George Jean Nathan, the feature play critic of Smart Set, with what he denominates a "Protest for vulgarity." Mind you George Jean is preaching no sermon, nor is he seeking to tear down civilization. But he starts out in his usual ripping style and in two paragraphs demolishes the cherished standards of all well regulated modern farces and all so called problem novels. George says that their disguised immorality makes him sick at the stomach.

Now of course there is nothing new about that, for many others have said the same thing. Anthony Comstock has devoted a life to demolishing evil wherever he can find it. He has fought to have books of immoral tendencies excluded from the mails and he has accomplished wonders, vecause he is a fighter from way back. Now George says that he wants Comstock to get busy on the American farce. He declares that he knows of no more fertile or prolific field for the reformer than is to be found here. "Up and at it," he says to Comstock.

George is no reformer nor is he waging a reform now. He is writing "stuff" that he thinks people will read with avidity. This is nothing new, for that is what most writers are doing or would like to do. George has the happy faculty of doing it. He knows what he is doing and how to do it. So his condemnation of the feminized novel and the effeminate American farce means nothing more nor less than that he perceives that the American public is tired of that sort of thing.

George says that the way to get rid of the veiled wickedness of these plays and books is to produce plays and books that are openly, avowedly vulgar instead of pretending to be decent and in their essence as full of indecency as anything written in the Elizabethan age even dared to be.

Perhaps he is right. Let the public learn to call a spade a spade and if they want indencency in what they read and in the theatre let them be open faced about it. Instead of pretending to be refined and cultured let them be openly barbarous. Of course it can be easily argued that the public would not stand for such a thing. That perhaps is true. But a few vulgar plays and a few vulgar books might help to start the pendulum in the opposite direction.

One beneficial result of the European war is going to be that people will turn away from some of the gush they have been reading and hearing and turn back to the study of those things that are primitive, unrefined and althogether barbarous. But there will be more honesty in it, and much less hypocrisy than in the literature of the last few years. We read George Jean Nathan's article with much pleasure, even through he is a rank heretic judged by both the standard of pure in heart and of the many so called, educated, cultured men and women who pride themselves that they are not prudes and that they have gotten away from Puritanical ideas. We are with George when he says that he is a prude and also a Puritan and is proud of it. Let us have more old fashioned ideas and less of modern, rectified, contaminated wickedness. If we must be vulgar, let us do so openly and squarely, and not pretend to be good while at the same time practicing the arts of deceit and hypocrisy.

The Red Gods Call—Silently, sweetly and compellingly it comes, this mysterious message from the mighty outdoors, and to those whose souls are attuned to feel its subtle strength, it seldom cals in vain.

Since the days of the cave man the Call of the Red Gods has whispered its wonderful appeal to the hearts of thousands who are not immune to its music, and it knows no race nor class nor creed. And once in a man's blood, it never loses its hold.

Many mediums voice this call, for it sounds in the song of surf on the strand and shrieks in the bowling north east gale; it blends its magic in the whisper of the southwinds through the swaying fronds of the long leaf pine; its weird sweetness lingers long in the pulsing plaint of the whiporwill from the shadowy copse by the riverside, and echoes in the throbbing howl of the lone wolf under the desert sky; the thunder of the cataract carries its deeptoned harmony and the clear, crisp call of little Bobwhite flings it back from the harvest fields. The moonlight paints its picture in the silvery pathway across quiet waters and the flaming glory of the sunset portrays its beauty on the canopy of the evening clouds.

To those who may heed its call, and lose the noises of the busy mart in the silence of the great open spaces, it brings forgetfulness from a thousand cares and opens for their inspection the bountiful beauties of Nature—mother of all. To those who hear but cannot heed, the call still serves, for it kindles in their breasts a kindlier sympathy for the weaknesses of one's fellowman, and a readier appreciation for a world that is not altogether bad.

"The Summer Breeze"—East winds since the days of Job have been proverbial for pessimism and general sourness. When the wind is from the east the most optimistic man gets blue and the most jovial assume a solemn air that is quite depressing. In these parts the northeast wind is about as bad, although the devotee of the rod and line in the early autumn is in his glory when the wind comes from that quarter, for then he catches visions of drum and blue fish in abundance.

Tuesday night when the northeast wind that blew for several days the past week had assumed its height the Man in the street wended his way down Front street along towards the midnight hour in search of some stray bit of news and also, it should be said, he was headed towards an eating place where he could relieve his hunger with the proverbial piece of pie and a glass of milk.

From the opposite direction came a strong stalwart man, weighing 190 pounds or more, in his shirt sleeves, whistling merrily as he walked along the street. He was a stranger but that made no difference with him for he was evidently a friend of all mankind.

"Aint this a fine summer breeze, son," he exclaimed as he passed the Man in the street.

That he was enjoying the wind was evident; that he meant what he said was also apparent. A natural born optimist even an east wind could not depress him nor would he for a moment be sad even though troubles should pile upon him as they did upon poor old Job.

The Prayer of the World Worn—Vouschafe to us this day, Oh Ruler of All Things, a new outlook on life, that we may live again. Grant us forgetfulness of shattered ideals and hopes that are dead, of mistakes we have made ,and wrongs we have done. Purge us of cynicism, skepticism and scorn, and cleanse our souls of doubts of things worth while. Restore to us an unbroken faith in our fellowmen. Lead to look once more on a vision of brotherhood of man. Hold up to us again the hopes of the days of our youth. Grant us respect for others, that we may respect ourselves, and install in our souls once more a belief in the cardinal principles of liberty and justice and a recogniton of the fact that right for the sake of right is the truest compass of life.

PROGRESS IN THE SOUTH

Industrial and Other Developmental Enterprises Reported the Manufacturers Record.

(Special Star Correspondence)

Baltimore, Sept. 17.—Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in this week's issue of the Manufacturers Record are the following:

Allentown Power Co., Florence, Ala., was incorporated with $200,000 capital stock to develop waterpower on Cypress creek; will build two hydro-electric power plants, beautify surrounding hills which will front on two lakes to be formed by dams erected for waterpower, subdivide land and build homes, etc.; one lake to be two miles, the other five miles long.

City of Houston, Tex., votes October 28, on $3,000,000 bonds for wharves, warehouses, slips and rail terminals on city's water frontage near turning basin ;is having plans prepared for pier with slips and warehouses on ship channel below turning basin; first wharves with 1000 foot frontage; will use creosoted timber.

Waldensien Hosiery Mills, Valdese, N. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $125,000 to manufacture hosiery.

Beckley Utilities Co., Beckley, W. Va., plans to expend $100,000 to construct electric-light plant and $60,000 to construct water-works.

Big Salkahachie Cypress Co., Varnville, S. C., will develop 14,000 acres of timber land in Salkahatchie River valley; will build saw and planing mills with annual capacity of 17,000,000 feet, mill building to be of wood and concrete and cost within $40,000.

Alexandria Cotton Oil Co., Alexandria, La., was incorporated with capital stock of $80,000 to establish cottonseed oil mill.

Illinois Central Railroad is reported to expend $50,000 to build roundhouse, turntables, coal chute, water tank and eleven small buildings.

Raven Collieries Co., Red Ash, Va., was incorporated with $50,000 capital stock to develop coal properties.

Sumter Cooperage Co., Sumter, S. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $40,000 to establish cooperage plant.

Bettie Francis Citton Mills, Alexandria City, Ala., will construct mail mill building and warehouse and install 8000 spindles and accompanying machinery for the production of cotton yarns, weekly production 20,000 lbs.

West Dallas Gravel & Sand Co., Dallas, Tex., was incorporated with $30,000 capital stock to develop gravel and sand deposits.

Meadow River Lumber Co., Cincinnati, will develop 40,000 acres of timber land in Fayette and Nicholas counties, W. Va., buy additional timber lands, retire bonds, build additional railroads, saw mills, establish towns, etc.

Axton Fisher Tobacco Co., Louisville, Ky., will expend $35,000 to $40,000 to erect tobacco factory, including $5,000 power house.

Hamilton Light & Power Co., Hamilton, Mo., was incorporated with capital stock of $30,000 to establish electric plant, etc.

Adluh Milling Co., Columbia, S. C., was incorporated with $25,000 capital stock, will build feed mill with daily capacity of 1200 bushels of meal and 60 tons of feed.

Factoria Canning Co., Little Rock, Ark., was incorporated with capital stock of $25,000 to establish canning plant.

"I BELONG TO UNCLE SAM."

Sister of Mr. H. H. Ford Writes Popular Song—Talented Musician.

Mrs. Richard Baxter Hester, of Raleigh, sister of Mr. H. H. Ford, of this city, has written a popular song which is attracting much praise from the public. This song, which is entitled, "I Belong to Uncle Sam," like several others of Mrs. Baxter's composition is written under the name of Oro Ford Hester. Mrs. Hester is a professional pianist of much talent and among other compositions which she has written is "I am Going Back to Carolina Fair." The words of her latest composition follow:

"I Belong to Uncle Sam."
(Dedicated to U. S. A. and Woodrow Wilson.)

Do you see those flaming headlines?
Have you got the war news scare?
Far across the seas a rumble,
War on land and sea and air.
Ain't you glad that we're not in it,
And I hope that we won't begin it,
Ain't you glad we're free today
In the good old U. S. A.
Ain't you glad? You bet I am,
I belong to Uncle Sam.

Chorus.
Oh! I should worry, I should care,
Woodrow Wilson's in the chair
The "Dove of Peace" is in the air,
The Stars and Stripes float everywhere
Yankee Doodle, Dixie Land,
I feel so good I can hardly stand.
Ain't you glad? You bet I am,
I belong to Uncle Sam.

Do you hear those cannon booming
On the foreign distant shore?
English, French and German fighting,
And a dozen more.
Oh! we've no Kaiser, we've no King
But Woodrow Wilson's the real thing.
So we won't fight and we won't scrap
And wipe each other off the map.
Ain't you glad? You bet I am,
I belong to Uncle Sam.

If we're called to join the struggle,
I tell you just what I would do,
I'd go and fight for Uncle Sammy,
For the Red, the White and Blue.
I'd take my gun and march away
While the band begins to play
"My County 'Tis of Thee,
Sweet Land of Liberty."
Ain't you glad? You bet I am,
I belong to Uncle Sam.

Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers
Chicago New York

The Style Book

YOU may have seen the new Style Book; it's worth seeing; if you haven't received a copy, let us know, and we'll see that you get one.

Men who care about looks—young men especially—want to know about correct style; this book tells them.

Here are some of the things it shows;

Fifteen attractive style illustrations.
What to wear, and when.
How much you ought to pay.
How ready clothes save your money.
How you can be fitted.

And whenever you're ready to look we're ready to show you the clothes. Special values at $25; and from $18 to $50.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON SITUATION BETTER

Decided Strength in Southern Spot Markets the Feature—May Hasten Opening of Exchange.

New York, Sept. 19.—The feature in cotton circles today and one which, if continued much longer, will go far towards making possible the re-opening of the exchange, was the decided strength reported in Southern spot markets. It gave much confidence to the long interest here and will doubtless have an effet in the liquidation of straddles.

The conference committee reported sales yesterday of 400 all at 9.50. The heavy rains reported from the central and eastern belts were expected to delay picking and the movement and perhaps the quantity of cotton also, and this had a stimulating effect on sentiment. The committee which went to Washington yesterday to confer with the secretary of agriculture over certain perplexing sections of the Lever bill is expected to make a report early next week.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 8¾; receipts, 1,371; exports, 193; stock, 4,997.

Galveston—Middling, 8¾; receipts, 6,713; exports, 2,587; stock, 70,791.

Mobile—Receipts, 213; exports, 52; stock, 6,067.

Savannah—Middling, 8¾; receipts, 2,199; exports, 447; sales, 266; stock, 25,078.

Charleston — Middling, 8¼; receipts, 740; exports, 400; stock, 7,048.

Wilmington—Receipts, 429; exports, 400; stock, 9,394.

Norfolk—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 511; exports, 214; sales, 1; stock, 14,426.

Baltimore—Stock, 3,437.

Boston—Exports, 2,284; stock, 3,000.

Philadelphia—Exports, 1,450; stock, 70.

New York—Exports, 3,284; stock, 85,612.

Minor Ports—Exports, 1,077; sales, 1,027; stock, 6,466.

Total today—Receipts, 13,023; exports, 9,659; stock, 281,132.

Total for week—Receipts, 13,023; exports, 9,659.

Total for season—Receipts, 202,863; exports, 53,747.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 8½; receipts, 9,264; shipments, 5,433; sales, 1,405; stock, 43,339.

Memphis—Middling, 8 3-8 receipts, 1,122; shipments, 223; sales, 450; stock, 8,706.

Augusta—Middling, 9; receipts, 1,761; shipments, 273; sales, 1,934; stock, 25,497.

St. Louis—Receipts, 8; stock, 18,702.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 256; shipments, 50; stock, 4,738.

Little Rock—Receipts, 130; shipments, 188; stock, 5,128.

Total today—Receipts, 12,551; shipments, 9,136; stock, 111,110.

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

New York, Sept. 19.—The statement of the average condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows the cash reserve decreased $3,319,100, leaving a deficit of $38,384,100 below legal requirements.

The statement follows:

Average condition:

Loans increased $67,288,000.

Specie decreased $289,000.

Legal tenders increased, $11,663,000.

Net deposits increased $63,942,000.

Circulation increased $5,200,000.

Banks' cash reserve in vault, $342,607,000.

Trust companies' cash reserve in vault, $66,190,000.

Aggregate cash reserve, $408,797,000.

Trust companies' reserve, with Clearing House members carrying 25 per cent. cash reserve, $49,594,000.

State banks and trust companies in Greater New York, not included in the clearing house statement:

Loans and investments increased $16,340,000.

Gold decrease, $151,200.

Currency and bank notes increased $286,100.

Total deposits increased $19,925,500.

DRY GOODS REVIEW.

Cotton Goods and Cotton Yarns Generally Firmer.

New York, Sept. 19.—Cotton goods and cotton yarn markets are generally firmer and higher than they were a week ago although price revisions of finished goods are now becomming more common in keeping with the revisions made on gray goods and brown goods some time ago. The inability to get dye stuffs continues to restrict trade in all colored goods lines and prices on those lines are generally higher than on bleached and unbleached lines. Financial conditions hamper trade a great deal for export and with the south. Jobbers are buying cautiously in ordering goods for spring delivery on fancies of nearly every description, yet prices on these lines hold very steady. Owing to the sharp advance in cotton in the south this week, and the uncertainty among manufacturers and selling agents as to the prices at which additional cotton supplies for mills can be bought, lines of coton duck are held much firmer and some mills are declining all late business that is offered. It is admitted that mills are piling up goods in several directions and are still holding many goods awaiting shipping orders that have been held up by financial conditions. Prices on cotton goods are as follows:

Print cloths, 28 inch 64x64's 3 3-8c; 64x60's 3 1-4c; 38 1-2 inch, 64x64's, 4 1-4c; brown sheetings, southern standards, 7 1-2c; denims 9 oz. 13 1-2c; tickings 8 oz. 13c; standard prints 5 1-4c; staple ginghams 6 1-4c; dress ginghams 9 1-4c.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, Sept. 19.—Cotton seed oil, quiet. After a steady opening in sympathy with lard, prices eased under moderate selling and on 800 September notices. Closing prices were unchanged to 8 points lower. The market closed easier. Spot, 5.60 to 5.80; Sept., 5.77 to 5.85; Oct., 5.90 to 6.00; Nov., 5.91 to 5.92; Dec., 5.95 to 5.97; Jan., 6.09 to 6.10; Mar., 6.91 to 6.21. Total sales, 3,900.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Sept. 19.—Mercantile paper, 7. Sterling exchange, firm; for cables, 4.96; for demand, 4.9525. Bar silver, 51¾. Exchanges, $156,181,795; balances, $7,868,872. Exchanges for the week, $1,122,925,989; balances for the week, $70,108,198.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Mariner (Br.), 1,555 ton., Morrison, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Frank Huckins, 457 tons, Hunter, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Sept. 19.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Quiet; 2.00 per barrel; per gallon, 10c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Nominal, $3.00 per barrel for soft; $3.00 per barrel for virgin; $2.00 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 38 ; rosin, firm ,3.60; tar, firm, 2.20-10 1-2; crude firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine ... ...(—)

Rosin ... ...(—)

Tar 60

Crude Turpentine 2

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 24 casks; rosin, 82 barrels; tar, 10 barrels; crude turpentine, 9 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, steady, 8¼; last year, 13.

Receipts, 429 bales; same day last year, 3,163 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 2,731 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 23,516 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Sept. 19.

Atlantic Coast Line—371 bales cotton; 4 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—49 bales cotton.

Clyde Line—2 bales cotton.

River—7 bales cotton.

Schr. Addie May—56 barrels tar.

Total—429 bales cotton; 60 barrels tar; 2 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Sept. 10.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES— Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, $1.25 per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8@9c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 22c., dull; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.

EGGS—25c@26c. per doz.; good demand.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 80c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c.

Virginias — Weaker. Fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 75c. per bushel.

Spanish—Weaker, 75c. per bushel.

WHEAT RUSHES UPWARD

On Account of Broadening European Demand—Net Gain Only 1¾ to 2 Cents, However—Corn Gains.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Broadening European demand carried wheat prices up today with a rush. The extreme advance was 3¾, but not all of the gain was held, and the market closed unsettled, 1¾ to 2c. above last night.

Corn bulged 1 1-8 to 1 1-4c, net, and oats, 7-8c to 1c.

In provisions the outcome was unchanged to 20c. higher.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—Sept., 1.10 3-4; Dec., 1.13 1-4; May, 1.20¾.

Corn—Dec. 72 7-8; May 74 3-4.

Oats—Dec. 50 1-2; May 53 3-8.

Pork—Jan., 20.87.

Lard—Oct., 9.65; Jan., 10.22.

Ribs—Oct., 11.05; Jan., 10.80.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.13¼ to 113¾; No. 1, hard, 1.11¾ to 1.13¼.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 79¼ to 80.

Oats—Standard, 49 1-2 to 50 1-4.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Saturday, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.75 to $6.25 per barrel.

Corn — Domestic, $1.10; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.

Meal—96 lbs., $2.10 to $2.20.

Oats—Mixed, 63c.; white, 65c. per bushel.

Middlings—$34.00 to $35.00.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.

D. S. Sides—14½ to 15½; Plates, 13c. to 13½c.

Lard—9¼c. to 9¾c.

Coffee—9c. to 15c.

Rice—4½ to 6¼c. Fancy head rice, 5 to 6c. f. o. b. mill.

Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 7¼ to 7½c.

Molasses—As it stands, 35c. to 40c. per gallon.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Sept. 9.—Spanish — Market, weak and unsettled; 90c. bid.

Virginias—Market, quiet. Jumbo, 4c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3¼c. to 3¾c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb. Machine Picked, 3¼c. to 3½c. per lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, Sept. 19. — Hogs — Strong. Bulk, 8.50 to 9.10; light, 8.85 to 9.50; mixed, 8.35 to 9.50; heavy, 8.15 to 9.30; rough, 8.15 to 8.30; pigs, 5.25 to 9.00.

Cattle—Slow. Beaves, 6.90 to 11.00; steers, 6.35 to 9.25; stockers and feeders, 5.50 to 8.35; cows and heifers, 5.70 to 9.35; calves, 8.50 to 12.25.

Sheep—Weak. Sheep, 5.20 to 5.90; yearlings, 6.00 to 6.90; lambs, 7.00 to 8.40.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Sept. 19.—Turpentine, nominal, 45½; no sales. Receipts, 105; shipments, 147; stocks, 28,293.

Rosin—Nominal; no sales; receipts, 655; shipments, 400; stocks, 109,472.

Quote: A, B, 3.50; C, D, 3.52 1-2; E, F, G, H, I, 3.55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 6.00; W G, 6.25; W W, 6.35.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Sept. 19.—Cotton, spot, in moderate demand. Sales 1,400, on the basis of 5.90 for middling. Imports, 1,935 bales; no American.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

September 20, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 69 degrees; at 8 P. M., 74 degrees; maximum, 83 degrees; minimum, 68 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 3.30 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 2.6 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Generally fair Sunday and Monday.

The Port Calendar, Sept. 20, 1914.

Sun rises ... ...5:59 A. M.

Sun sets ... ...6:12 P. M.

Day's length.. .. .. ..12 hrs. 12 min.

The Tides.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	9:57	10:16	4:59	5:22
Southport	7:50	8:19	1:48	2:17
Masonboro Inl	7:39	8:08	1:28	1:57

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

September 19, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	—	66		.—
Asheville	clear	84	60	.44
Atlanta	clear	82	66	.30
Augusta	clear	84	70	.12
Birmingh	clear	84	70	.12
Boston	clear	66	58	.0
Charleston pt	cldy	82	72	.0
Charlotte	cldy	82	66	.0
Chicago	clear	78	68	.0
Galveston	clear	82	74	.0
Jacksonv.	rain	86	72	.0
Memphis	cldy	80	68	.16
Mobile	clear	84	70	.24
Montgom'y	pt cldy	86	70	.0
New Orl.	cldy	86	74	.20
New York	clear	78	66	.0
Oklahoma	pt cldy	84	66	.0
Palestine	pt cldy	82	68	.0
Pittsburg	clear	86	54	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	84	66	.0
Savannah	clear	82	72	.02
Shreveport	cldy	80	70	.0
St. Louis	clear	84	70	.0
Washt'n.	pt cldy	80	60	.0

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Sept. 19.—Cotton yarns were firmer today. Linens were steady. Burlaps were irregular. Underwear and hosiery for early delivery were in good demand.

NEW YOR KPRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Sept. 19.—Sugar, raw, easy; molasses sugar, 5.00 to 5.12; centrifugal, 5.65 to 5.77; refined, quiet.

Butter—Quiet.

Cheese—Steady.

The Polvogt Co. Fall opening Wednesday and Thursday. Everybody welcome. (advertisement)

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"The Progressive Railway of the South."

Bulletin of Special Rates in Effect Daily

Limited returning to October 31st.

WASHINGTON.. ... ...$16.00
BALTIMORE 18.00
PHILADELPHIA 22.80
NEW YORK $26.00

Summer Excursion fares are on sale to all Principal Mountain and Seashore Resorts.

DALLAS, TEX. $49.75
On sale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 10, 11, 12, limited returning October 20th.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale October 4, 5, 6, limited returning October 17th.
On sale October 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

YOUKON, FLA. $21.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited returning October 31.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA. $7.50
TAMPA, FLA. $9.05
On sale September 22, limited returning September 29.

FORT WORTH, TEX. $51.35
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 26.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—

WILMINGTON

NEW YORK $26.00
PHILALELPHIA .22.80
BALTIMORE 18.00
WASHINGTON 16.00
On sale Daily until September 30, limited returning October 31.

DALLAS, TEX. $49.75
On ale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

YOUKON, FLA. $21.30
On sale October 6 to 18, inclusive, limited returning October 31.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA. $7.50
TAMPA, FLA. 9.50
On sale September 22, limited returning Sept. 29.

RICHMOND, VA. $8.10
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 20.

FORT WORTH, TEX. $53.35
On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 26.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31
On sale October 24, 25 and 26, limited returning November 15.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale October 4, 5 and 6, limited returning October 17.
On sale October 12, 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 28.

SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10, limited returning November 20.

Summer Excursion Tickets are on sale to Many Mountain, Lake, Seashore and Pleasure Resorts.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 180, or apply to **C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the**

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. **T. C. WHITE,** Gen. Pass. Agt.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 20, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ‡ 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‡ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 57. ‡ 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate stations.	No. 58. ‡ 8:15 A.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Breiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:40 A.M.

* Daily - ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

$7.50 JACKSONVILLE (ROUND TRIP) $9.50 TAMPA

FLORIDA

FROM WILMINGTON

Proportionate Fares
From Other Points in N. C., Va. and S. C.

Atlantic Coast Line

The Standard Railroad of the South.

Tickets will be Sold for All Trains

Tuesday, September 22

Limited, returning, to reach Original Starting Point not later than Midnight of Tuesday, September 29, 1914.

THROUGH SLEEPERS

From Wilmington, for Reservations and information.

PHONE 160

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Manager, T. C. WHITE, General Pass. Agent,

FLORIDA

5TH ANNUAL EXCURSION

—VIA—

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

From Wilmington to Jacksonville $7.50
From Wilmington to Tampa $9.50

ROUND TRIP.

Tuesday, Sept. 22, 1914

TICKETS GOOD UNTIL SEPTEMBER 29th

Proportionately Law Rates from Other Points

Do Not Miss This Opportunity to Visit Florida at the GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

And See the Beautiful Manatee and St. Petersburg Sections.

One Whole Week in Florida

Special Train, composed of Up-to-Date Equipment, Day Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars. Make Reservations Early. Diagrams Now Open.

JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

H. E. PLEASANTS, Trav. Pass. Agent, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

Effective Sept. 8th.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Beach.
* 6:25 A.M.	*6:05 A.M.
6:55 "	7:10 "
* 7:25 "	7:40 "
* 8:00 "	* 8:15 "
8:30 "	* 8:45 "
10:00 "	9:15 "
	x 10:35 "
11:30 "	10:45 "
1:10 P.M.	12:15 P.M.
2:00 "	1:50 "
2:30 "	2:45 "
3:00 "	3:15 "
3:30 "	3:45 "
4:00 "	4:15 "
4:30 "	4:45 "
5:00 "	5:15 "
5:30 "	5:45 "
6:10 "	6:25 "
6:40 "	6:55 "
7:10 "	7:25 "
8:30 "	7:50 "
‡ x 9:15 "	9:15 "
10:00	! x 9:45 "
11:15 "	10:45 "
12:00 Midnight.	12:00 Midnight

* Daily, except Sunday.
x Sundays only.
‡ To Wrightsville only.
! Leave Wrightsville.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	5:15 P. M.

Freight Office open from 8:00 A. M. to 9:30 A. M. and 2:00 P. M. to 3:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Leave 9th and Orange Sts.	Leave Beach.
11:00 A. M.	12:45 P. M.

Freight Office open Sunday from 10:00 to 11:00 A. M.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 9, 1914.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations, Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville and all points North and South, at Hamlet. Through Pullman sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Sept. 9th.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Sept. 11th.

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Sept. 7th
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Sept. 14th

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Sat., Sept. 5th.
Steamship Navahoe, Sat., Sept. 12th.

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:30 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	1:00 a.m.	1:00 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	3:45 p.m.	3:40 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:35 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Alleghany mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

Auto Top Deparment

We have secured the services of Mr. Charles Pierce, an expert Auto. Upholsterer and Top Coverer, and are prepared to handle anything in this line, in addition to our Auto. Paint Department.

Five machines are now in our shop, being re-covered.

J. T. & J. O. BROWN.

THE ORTON HOTEL

WILMINGTON, N. C.

AMERICAN PLAN

Noted For It's Excellent Cuisine

Large, Light Sample Rooms. Located in the Centre of the Business District.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

YOUR LIVER REGULATES YOUR HEALTH

Polk Miller's Liver Pills Are Known and Used Nationally Because They Assist Nature in Her Most Vital Processes.

You cannot afford to overload your stomach and expect to keep the most vital organ of your body in a healthy condition. You may get temporary relief from stringent drugs which, over-stimulate, but serious reaction follows—delicate nerve tissues are destroyed, the liver becomes sluggish and is unable to throw off its impurities, without regular and ever increasing doses. Polk Miller's Liver Pills soothingly and effectively assists nature in her most delicate and serious task of throwing off the impurities of the body without injuding the stomach or making you a slave to the drug habit. Their ability to cure headache, dizziness, indigestion and the attendant evils such as drowsiness, lack of ambition and mental depression have made them a standard remedy for 5 years. Free sample, on request. 10 cents at your druggists or general store. 2¼c coupon in each box. Polk Miller Drug Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK

FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS. MOTOR BOAT BUILDERS

Railroad and Wharf Facilities

WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

Oysters! Oysters!! Oysters! Oysters!!

ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT

EVERGLADE CAFE

—113 Princess Street—

RUN BY AMERICANS.

Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.

Open Day and Night

SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McKEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 154.

Made By Imperial Blue Print Co. Garrell Building Wilmington, N. C.

Blue Prints 2 1-2c Sq. Ft.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
21-23 I. O. O. F. Bldg., N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess, WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 581.

WOMEN TO THE RESCUE NOW

Miss Clark Launches Movement to Make Cotton Fabrics "The" Dress Goods.

Washington, Sept. 19.—Miss Genevieve Clark, daughter of the Speaker of the House, has launched a movement to make cotton fabrics the dress goods of the Congressional set and thereby contribute to efforts to relieve the stagnation in the cotton market caused by the European war.

With Miss Callie Hoke Smith, daughter of the Senator from Georgia, and Miss Lucy Burleson, daughter of the Postmaster General, the Speaker's daughter hopes to see the movement spread among American women, who will be asked to banish silks and satins for the fabrics of American mills now running on reduced time.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No, 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—5000 FELT HATS. WE CAN clean, block and shape your last year's felt hat like the latest style $5 hat. American Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street, phone 418-W. se20-1t*

$2.50 BUYS A MACHINE GUARANteed to earn $3.00 to $30 yearly.$ 1.25 down, $1.25 when entirely satisfied machine has earned you $3.00. Used in every home, school, church, business house. Write for descriptive circular. Absolute satisfaction or money refunded. Economy Sales Co. Wilmington, N. C. se20-1t

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—WE WILL be closed on Monday on account of holiday. Will be open Tuesday with all kinds fresh meat, groceries, fruits and vegetables. May Bros. Dellcatessan, 130 Market street, phone 1322. se20-1t

BOARDERS WANTED — ELECTRIC lights, hot and cold water. 305 North Fourth street. se20-1t

WANTED POSITION BY STATIONARY engineer. Will consider any kind of work. Address "Engineer" care Star. se20-1t

FOR RENT—ONE SIX-ROOM COTtage with light and bath, corner Eighth and Dock. Price $21.00. Apply to E. V. McKenzie. se20-1t*

WANTED—THE CARE OF A CHILD in absence of mother, day or night, or sit up with temporary invalid or any position of trust. References exchanged. Address "M" care Star. se20-1t*

WANT TO BUY—WE HAVE SEVERAL customers looking for investments if you want cash for your property list it with us Monday. J. G. Wright and Son, 124 Princess street, Real Estate Agents. se20-1t

FOR RENT—OCTOBER 1ST, 1914: 419 Red Cross street 6 room apartment; 10 South Eighth street, seven room house; 720 Market, 10 rooms; 414 Dock street, 8 rooms; 419 S. Front, 8 rooms; 811 Dock 8 rooms; 504 Dock, 8 room apt.; 106 North 16th, 6 rooms; 412 Dock, 8 rooms; 315 South Fifth, 6 rooms; 113 1-2 Market, 14 rooms; 103 South Second, 7 roms. Call and let us show you these nice houses. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess st. se20-1t

A MOST DESIRABLE CORNER HOUSE Market and Nighth streets, for ret. This house has ten rooms, two bath rooms, is comfortable, roomy and convenient. Number 720. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. se20-1t

TWO DOORS SOUTH OF CORNER Market and Eighth stretts is a house of seven rooms, comfortable and convenient. Owner will put in first class condition throughout. Paint, paper, etc. Number 10 South Eighth street. Price reasonable. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princes street. se20-1t

NEW SERIES STOCK ORTON BUILDing and Loan association opens Saturday, October 3rd. Office James & James, Inc. Southern Building, Thos. E. Cooper, preisdent; W. G. James, sec. and trea. se20-1t

A HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENT IN the splendid "Carolina" consists of a neat, handy kitchen, fitted with a gas stove and hood; kitchenette and dumb waiter, which opens through swinging doors into the dining room. These apartments are from four rooms up, in size.

There are two desirable housekeeping apartments for rent in the Carolina.

The "Bachelor Apartments" are identical with the "Housekeeping," but have no kitchen. We have only one of these left.

The entire building is steam heated with water for all purposes from a splendid artesian well. Two elevators insure continuous service. The location is the best in the city. The Cafe run for occupants of the Carolina, serves dainty, good meals at a low figure.

To be thoroughly comfortable; to have the protection of close neighbors, and splendid people; to save money, secure an apartment in the Carolina.

Rent includes all of the above, and rents range from $15.00 to $42.50 per month.

For full particulars, apply to J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. se20-3t

FOR RENT—APARTMENT, THREE rooms and bath, second floor, 806 Market street. Electric lights, gas connection. Apply Miss Carrie White with A. D. Brown. se20-1t

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping. Terms reasonable. Apply 614 South Sixth street. se20-1t*

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FRONT room furnished. Nice business section. Phone 1472-W. se20-1t*

FOR RENT—TO FAMILY THAT DON'T object to children, a very desirable first floor flat of four very large, bright onside communicating rooms. Kitchen and pantry, also enclosed back porch, and use of bath. Reasonable. Apply 120 North Seventh street. se, 20-1t*

THERE ARE SOME IN WILMINGTON that have never seen what is to be seen in window 123 Princess. Look it over. se 20-1t

WILL GIVE YOU PART WARD TRACT Market street road, 330 feet deep with frontage to suit. Ask L. W. Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess. se 20-1t

SPLENDID COTTAGE ON GRACE street near Seventh, can sell at special bargain. Talk with L. W. Moore's Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess. se 20-1t

CONSULT OUR RENT LIST. HAVE few desirable left. L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agent, 123 Princess. se 20-1t

640 ACRES LAND MIDDLE SOUND, S room house, 200 acres upland, 240 acres cleared with sound frantage. Price and terms reasonable. L. W. Moore, Real Estate Agency, 123 Princess. se 20-1t

CAROLINA BUILDING AND LOAN ASsociation opens series Saturday, October 3rd. 25 cents per share per week. L. W. Moore, secretary, 123 Princess. se 20-1t

SAVE MONEY—START WITH CARO-Lina Building & Loan Association Saturday, October 3rd. E. T. Taylor, President; L. W. Moore, secretary. se 20-1t.

FOR RENT—THE SPRINGER BUILDing, Water and Chesnut, also building No. 8 Grace street. These stores are modern and especially suitable for wholesale business. W. A. McGirt. se 20-1t

FOR SALE—SEVERAL SUBURBAN lots situated just right for attractive homes. See our list for prices. W. A. McGirt, city and suburban Real Estate. se 20-1t

LIST YOUR PROPERTY FOR SALE or rent with L. W. Moore, 123 Princess. se 20-1t.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE NICELY furnished, front rooms, also one small one, at 106 Walnut street. Phone 1223-J. se 20-1t*

FOR RENT—THE STORE FORMERly occupied by Holmes Grocery Company. Splendid location for any business. 'Phone 145. W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Insurance. se 20-1t

LAND FOR SALE—84 ACRES NEAR Acorn Branch on new sand-clay road. Good soil and the price very reasonable. Write or phone W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Farm Lands. se 20-1t

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE SPACIOUS halls in desirable building on North Front street. Especially suitable for clubs or fraternal orders. W. A. McGirt, Masonic Temple Building. se 20-1t

FOR SALE—37 ACRES GOOD LAND in Masonboro township. For price and terms write or phone W. A. McGirt, Real Estate and Farm Lands. se 20-1t

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FIVE ROOM corner apartment, and bath, in the attractive Cape Fear Apartment House. Possession October 1st. James & James, Inc., Southern Building, phone 163. se 20-1t

ATTRACTIVE FOUR ROOM FURNISHed apartment for rent in northern part of city. Only few blocks from postoffice. Apply "C. M." care Star. se 20-1t

WE WILL MOVE INTO OUR NEW office, 205 Princess street, early this week. Stop in and see us. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. se20-1t

SALESMAN — CAPABLE SPECIALTY man for N. C. Staple line on new and exceptional terms. Vacancy Oct. 1st. Attractive commission contract. $35 weekly for expenses. Miles P. Bixler Co., 1938 Carlin Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio. se20-1t*

MISS ELIZABETH THAMES WILL open a private school at 319 South Front street October 5th for pupils in the primary grades. Phone 1149. se20-1t*

MUST HAVE A POSITION AT CLERIcal work, salesmanship or bookkeeping. Have experience. Can furnish unqualified references as to character, habits and ability. "Honorbound" care Star. se20-3t*

WANTED—CIGAR SALESMAN TO sell cigars, cigarettes, tobacco, to dea ers. $100 per month; $5 per day traveling expenses. Amber Tobacco Co. Boston, Mass. se20-1t*

FOR RENT—CHARMING THREE room apartment, with bath and kitchenette, in one of the most desirable parts of the city, for $25. House is steam heated. Water and sewerage bills also paid. Apply to "A. C. L" care Star. se 20-1t

FOR RENT OCTOBER FIRST—NO. 520 Dock street, 12 rooms, $50; No. 121 South Seventh, $35; No. 110 South Sixth, $25; No. 319 South Fifth, $32.50; No. 1612 Market, $20; No. 510 Market $35; No. 504 Dock, $32.50; No. 310 Grace, $32.50. Apartments No. 219 South Fifth, $20, and others. Cut this out for reference. James Owen Reilly, Real Estate and Insurance. se 20-2t

VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, NO. 508 Market street, for rent. Possession October 1st, 1914. For terms phone 776. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se 20-2t

HOTEL—NOS. 22 and 24 NORTH Front street, now occupied by Southern Hotel for rent. Possession October 1st. James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. se 20-2t

FOR SALE — IRON LATHES, DRILL presses, shapers and all kinds of iron wood-working tools, new or second-hand. Call at the machinery yard, Wilmington Iron Works. se20-1t

WILL CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF sample of mouldings, shingless, etc., in our new office, 205 Princess street. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. se20-1t

FOR SALE --- AUTOMOBOLES, GASOlene engines, auto parts, bar iron, angle, channel and beams, pipe, pulleys, hangers, gears, sprockets, chain, cable, smoke stacks, boiler flues, and everything in the line of iron and steel. Wilmington Iron Works. se20-1t

THE PARTY WHO TOOK WRONG raincoat from rack in Sheriff's office at the court house will kindly return and exchange for his own. se20-1t

WANT TO BUY — WE HAVE SEVER-al customers looking for investments. If you want cash for your property, list it with us Monday. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street, Real Estate Agents. se20-1t

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture. Two bedroom suites, kitchen furnished complete. Will sell cheap in part or entire stock. Address "W," care Star. se20-1t*

SPECIAL — APPLES, $1.00 PER BUSH-el; Irish potatoes, onions, peaches, for next week. W. J. Kirkham Pro. Co. 'Phone 418-J. se20-1t*

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE IN good condition. This is a high priced carriage, and will be sold at a reasonable price. Address "Martin," care Star. se20-2t*

FOR RENT — ONE MEDIUM SIZE room; price reasonable. All conveniences, hot and cold water and use of 'phone. Apply 205 Red Cross street. se20-1t*

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD GOODS, fine pictures, good walnut bedroom suite; birdseye maple furniture, willow cradle, pillows, hair bolsters. 520 North Third street. se20-1t*

WANTED — EMPLOYMENT. AN ELderly woman must have work at once. Is capable, dependable, has good executive ability. Can clerk, sew, preserve; is a good cook. Address "R. T.," care Star. se20-1t*

LOST — FRIDAY, PORTION GOLD watch chain, between 5th and Red Cross and Southern Building via Walnut to Front. Valuable for association. Reward. J. R. Hunt, Freight Traffic Dept., A. C. L. se20-1t*

WANT TO BUY — WE HAVE SEVER-al customers looking for investments. If you want cash for your property, list it with us Monday. J. G. Wright & Son, 124 Princess street. Real Estate Agents. se20-1t

"B. & L."—ONLY TWO LETTERS BUT they have spelled "Home," "Income," "Financial Independence" for hundreds. We start new series Saturday, October 3rd. Progressive Building and Loan Association. J. M. Solky, President; N. F. King, Jr., Sec-Treas. Office 215 Princess street. se20-22-24-26-27-29, oc-1-3-4-9t

HOW ABOUT SOME OF THOSE 5x18 Juniper Shingles at $5.25 this week. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. se20-1t

IN TIME OF WAR PREPARE FOR peace—systematic saving paves the road to prosperity. Progressive Building and Loan Association opens new series of stock Saturday, October 10th. Books open now. B. F. King, Jr., Sec. and Treas. Office 215 Princess street. oc-3-4-9t

WHY DELAY STARTING THAT Building and Loan stock? We open Ninth series Saturday, October 3rd. Progressive B. & L. Association, J. M. Solky, president; W. N. Harris, vice president; J. W. Little, Atty.; B. F. King, Jr., Sec.-treas; office 215 Princess street. se 29-22-24-26-27-29 oc| 3-4-9t

LLEWELLEN SETTER PUP, THREE months old for sale or exchange for a hammerless gun or tree dog. This pup is fine stock. Address M. L. Teachey, Teachey, N. C. se20-1t*

FOR SALE—PIGEONS. RURE BRED Belgian Carneaux pigeons, $1.50 per pair. Will sell a few pairs to relieve overcrowded pens. Guaranteed matings. Box 514, City. se20-1t*

LOST—AUGUST 18TH IN THE SHOPping district of the city on North Front street towards Union station or in the depot, a gold bar pin, small diamond in center and two turpuoises one at either end. Liberal reward for its return. Please address Mrs. A. O. Trust, East Arcadia, N. C. se20-1t*

BUSINESS, PROFESSIONAL AND laboring men, farmers, mechanics and clerks, all are holders of Building and Loan stock. Why? Because it is the proven path to prosperity. Join this thrifty throng by subscribing to the 9th series (opens October 3rd.) Progressive Building and Loan Association, B. F. King, Jr., Secty. 215 Princess street. se 20-22-24-26--27-29, oct 3-4-9t

FOR SALE—10 ACRES OF GOOD productive land, located on the Masonboro road about one mile below Winter park, cut your expence, by owning a farm. Watson & Applewhite, phone 65. se20 -1t

FOR RENT, FOR RENT—STORE Redcross between 5 and 6th, No. 8 South 2nd. St. 4th and Church St. No. 419 Castle St. 709 Nixon St, these stores are now ready for occupancy see Watson and Applewhit, 210 Princess St. se20-1t

WATSON AND APPLEWHITE'S RENT List for this week shows several new houses. Phone 65. se20-1t

WHY WORRY ABOUT GETTING A tenant for your house, try my agency for quick results, there is no excuse for your house being vacant. Phone 65, and I will do the work. Watson and Applewhite. se20-1t

PERSONAL — BRING YOUR FALL suits and overcoats here. We will sanitary clean and press them for 50 cents, like new. American Practical Hatter and Tailor, 128 Market street, phone 418-W. se20-1t*

ONE OF OUR REPRESENTATIVE customers, who always want the "best" told us yesterday that we had furnished him some of the best lumber he had ever seen anywhere, "too nice to paint," as he expressed it. We have the same kind for you, if you want it. Clark-Lynch Lumber Co. se 20-1t

I HAVE A CONTRACT TO DISTRIBute a million free packages borax soap powder. Want reliable men and women to help. $15 weekly. Waverly Brown, 730 N. Franklin, Chicago. se 20-1t*

GOOD SECOND HAND BICYCLE FOR sale. See J. J. Windley, at C. W. Polvogt Co. se20-1t*

PEARS! PEARS—DELIVERED ANYwhere, charges prepaid, for 75 cents per bushel. Oscar High, Whiteville, N. C. se 20-su-we-tf

INVESTIGATIONS AND DETECTIVE work of all kinds. Connected eight years with the largest detective agency in the United States. An interview will establish advertiser's reliability. Address "Investigator", care Star. se 20-1t*

YOU MAKE $10 ON EACH SHARE. A guaranteed Ford self-starter. The livest proposition of the century; a guaranteed Ford automobile self-starter to sell for $25; agencies and territorial rights now being allotted; get in quick; give qualifications. Ohio Self-Starter Co., for Ford Cars, 124 E. Pearl St., Cincinnati, Ohio. se 20-1t

FOR RENT—ONE VERY DESIRABLE room with bath adjoining in private family. For further information phone 1092. se 20-1t*

WANT TO BUY FOR SPOT CASH, ALL sacrificed, wrecked and bankrupt stock of merchandise. Any merchant wishing to close out quick will do well to communicate with The Wreck Salvage Company, (buyers of big stocks) Hendersonville, N. C. Box 325. se 20-1t

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS — Three rooms, unfurnished and bath, location the best. P. O. Box 61, City. se 20-1t*

MOVING DAY WILL SOON BE HERE. We have the best facilities for moving your furniture i nthe city, including capable and experienced men and the largest vans to handle same. Rates reasonable. Schloss, Bear-Davis Co., 208 Market street, Phone 124. se 20-1t*

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED 17 EXtra nice Ohio draft horses, weighing 1,300 to 1,500. They are right and we will make the price right. Schloss-Bear-Davis Co., 208 Market street. Phone 124. se 20-1t*

PHONE 779-W FOR ASTERS, 50 CTS. per dozen, fresh cut, colors, shell pink and lavender. Funeral designs and bouquets. 416 South Second street. se 20-1t.

ONLY FOUR DAYS MORE IN WHICH to take advantage of uncalled for made-to-measure suits at the one price of $10.00. Remember these are $18.00 to $25.00 values and this is a rare opportunity. Store open Tuesday at 8 A. M. I. Shrier, The Reliable Tailor and Men's Furnisher, N. E. corner Front and Princess street. se 20-1t

FOR SALE—TWENTY HOLSTEIN cows, heavy milkers; 300 cords dry pine wood, four feet long. Four dollars delivered. Twenty pure bred Berkshire pigs. W.H. McEachern, 211 Market street, Phone 92. se 20-1t*

FOR RENT—TWO NEW WALL PApered large rooms, light, gas, bath, city water, also large hall $10.00 per month. Small family accepted. R. E. L. C., care Star. se 20-1t*

FRONT ROOM FOR RENT—UNFURnished; electric lights, telephone, hot and cold water. 210 Chesnut street. Phone 604-W. se 20-1t*

LOST—SMALL PURSE CONTAINING three keys. Kindly return to Star office and receive reward. se 20-1t*

MY RENTING LIST IS REDUCED TO an apartment at $35, a dwelling at $40 and one at $20, all good value at respective prices. F. A. Lord, Insurance and Real Estate. se 20-1t

EXPERIENCED CAPABLE SALESMAN to travel for old established house with line that sells to practically all classes of merchants. High commissions with weekly advance, to right man. D. W. Barrows, Detroit, Mich. se 20-1t*

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN private family by gentleman, wife and child, six years old. "Q. G. A." care Star. se 20-1t*

WANTED—COMBINATION MAN FOR cafe to do light cooking and serve table, that can give references and price per month in first letter. Address Box 191, Laurinburg, N. C. se 20-4t*

WANTED—BOARDERS WITH OR without rooms. Bath convenient, close to business section. Rates reasonable. Phone 579-W. 314 Red cross street. se 20-1t*

FOR SALE—ONE MORE HEATING plant suitable for large store or house. Call to see this at our Machinery Yard. Wilmington Iron Works. se 20-1t.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL SMALL BOILers and engines, planers, pumps, saw mill and wood working machinery. All at the machinery yard. Wilmington Iron Works. se 20-1t.

FOR RENT—WELL FURNISHED room with use of bath and telephone. 415 Red Cross street. Phone 1787-J. se 20-1t*

FOR SALE—FISHELS STRAIN WHITE Rocks, nine hens and cockerel; also Belgian hares. Address C. B. Hagood, Wrightsville Beach, N. C. se 20-1t*

FOR RENT—114 ORANGE, SIX ROOMS and bath, $25; 14 South Ninth, seven rooms and bath, $25; 1122 Market, seven rooms and sewerage, $16; 421 South Fourth, nine room, sewerage, $20; Wood yard corner Eighth and Brunswick, $5. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 20-tf

MARRIED COUPLE DESIRE, FOR approximately two months, two furnished rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. Phone 681-W. se 20-1t*

$350 WILL BUY TWO LOTS AT WINter Park. Quick sale, terms reasonable. W. P. Farrar, Box 345, City. se 20-1t*

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS ON MARket street, (119), four rooms and bath, newly papered and painted, $30 for lower floor and $25 for two upper floors. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 20-tf

FOR RENT—LARGE STORE ROOM on Dock, between Front and Second, $35 per month. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 20-1t

FOR SALE — MACHINERY, 2 80-horsepower return tubular boilers; 2 80-horse power center crank engine; 2 Glen Cove planers and matchers; 1 gang rip saw; 1 boiler feed pump, duplex; 1 7 1-2 horsepower electric motor, D. C. Address Box 167, Burgaw, N. C. se18-3t

FOR RENT—106 NORTH FOURTH, upper flat, five rooms and bath; large yard. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. se 20-1t

EXTRA FANCY DRESSED CHICKENS today. Very best of beef, veal, lamb and pork. All pork sausage. Fresh vegetables, full supply. Extra choice celery and lettuce. Our native beef and veal is the best to be found. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'phone 72. se19-tf

FOR RENT — FROM OCTOBER 1ST, eight room house less than three miles from city, with garden, stables, garage, fire wood, fruit trees. Ideal place for chickens; $25 per month. Apply 1403 South Fourth st. se19-2t

"FARRIS' HOT SUPPER ROLLS SAVES hours in the kitchen." Cream puffs made daily. Farris' Bakery; 'Phone 626. se19-3t

COLONIAL INN HOTEL, AMERICAN plan, $1.50 to $2.50 per day. European rooms, 50 cents to $1 per day; private bath, $1.50; special rates to regular and table boarders. Mrs. Elizabeth McIntosh. se19-5t*

SACRIFICE — KOHLER AND CAMPbell Piano in perfect condition. Practically new. Will sell for less than half its original cost if can sell this week. Terms cash. Can be seen at Chas. M. Stieff, 213 Princess street, or address P. O. Box 487. se19-2t

WANTED — COMPETENT CYPRESS shingle grader, to commence work at once. Carolina Lumber Co., Fayetteville, N. C. se19-tf

FOR RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED front room; electric lights and bath; convenient to business section. Apply 402 North Fourth street, second floor. se19-2t*

BUTTER — CLOVER HILL BRAND Fox River Butter Co.; best butter on earth, in tub and block. Also fresh eggs, noodles, egg soup, pastels, macaroni and sphagetti. 'Phone 1038. C. R. Pape, corner Seventh and Chestnut. se19-7t

WANTED TO BUY BULL PUP. APPLY Box 702, City. se19-2t

BLANKETS — BLANKETS—WE HAVE installed the Cohen system for cleaning blankets. All blankets cleaned by this system are handled with full understanding that you are to be satisfied or no pay. We are the only one in the city with the Cohen System. Let us have your blankets now. City Laundry Co.; 'Phone 249. se18-6t

FEATHER BEDS AND PILLOWS — We steam clean feather pillows and beds, making them clean and sweet to sleep on. City Laundry Co., 'Phone 249. se18-6t

ONE GOOD ALL-AROUND HORSE FOR sale. City Laundry Co. se18-tf

FOR RENT — A MODERN HOUSE, centrally located. Eight rooms, on car line. Call 819 Market street; 'phone 528-J. se18-4t

WANTED — A YOUNG COUNTRY BOY 14 or 15, to work in grocery store. Answer in own handwriting and state age and experience, if any. "R. S. P.," care Star. se18-6t*

FOR SALE — 28 FOOT SPEED BOAT, built by expert in Norfolk Navy Yard. Equipped with twenty-one horse power motor. Speed, twenty miles. Address P. O. Box 39, Jacksonville, N. C. se18-7t*

WANTED — IF IN NEED OF CLERK or stenographer, give me personal interview. Am man 25 years old and experienced. Address "Jim," care Star. se18-3t*

POSITION WANTED BY THOROUGHly experienced business man with executive ability, familiar with bookkeeping. Most any kind of clerical work or salesman. Best of references. Address "H. M.," care Star. se18-3t*

CLARENDON HOTEL, AMERICAN and European. Dining room under personal management of Miss Anna Herring. Special attention to the commercial travelers. Special rates to regular boarders by week or month. se17-6t*

WANTED — TO BORROW, SEVERAL hundred dollars, on valuable piece pine timber on main line A. C. L., Robeson county, this State. Would sell. Address "C. W.," care Star. se17-4t*

FOR RENT OCTOBER 1ST, THREE brick apartments with every modern convenience, located at McRae and Grace streets. Each apartment has six rooms and bath, and in a well located section of the city. Will be glad to show them to prospective tenants. D. R. Foster & Co., Sole Agents. se16-5t

FOR RENT — SUNSET PARK — NEW 10 room house. Block from car line. Every city convenience. Apply Fidelity, 14 Princess street; 'Phone 312. se16-tf

PRAYING FOR PEACE? YES. AND in the meantime have your clothes cleaned, pressed or dyed and save your money. Out-of-town trade especially solicited. Most improved methods. Our slogan is "Good Work." Coster, the Cleanser, 122 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.; 'Phone 148. se16,w,f,su-1mo

FOR RENT — AN ATTRACTIVE NEW house at Winter Park, one block from station. Immediate possession. Terms reasonable. 'Phone 669-3. se15-6t*

CYPRESS — WHEN IN NEED OF poles, post, piling, boat boards, tank plank, lumber, or anything in cypress, write us. Sykes & Blasingame, General Delivery, Wilmington, N. C. se15-6t*

FOR RENT—COUPLE OF NICELY furnished rooms. Modern conveniences. One block from postoffice. Phone 773, 216 N. Second street. au30-tf.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co. has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tf

DR. J. W. POWELL WISHES TO ANnounce the removal of his dental offices to the new Murchison Bank building, where he will be pleased to have his friends call. Second floor. se1-30t

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 671, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

AUTO REPAIRS AT MOST REASONable rates. We have secured the services of Mr. J. E. Platt, as manager of our Repair Department, temporarily located at Eighth and Princess. All work guaranteed. Try Platt and get the Best. Moon Motor Sales Company; 'Phone connection. se13-su,tu,th,sa-tf

MISS ELIZABETH M'KOY'S PRIVATE School, at 402 South Third street, will be open for pupils on the morning of the 28th of September. 'Phone 1829-W. se17,20,23-3t

THE CAROLINA DINING ROOM — from October 1st—will be under my management. Every effort will be made to furnish high class table board at reasonable prices. Mrs. Geo. P. Cotchett, No. 2 Carolina Apartments. se3,6,9,13,16,20,23,27-8t

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. jy17-w,su-tf

TIRED OF HOUSEKEEPING? THE Carolina Dining Room, from October 1st, offers relief. Excellent table board, at reasonable rates. Mrs. Geo. P. Cotchett, No. 2, Carolina Apartment. se12,16,20,23,27-5t

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS ARE EASY to get. My free booklet, Y-1319, tells how. Write today—now. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C. se2,we,su-17t

THOUSANDS GOVERNMENT JOBS open to men and women yearly. $60 to $150 a month. Comman education sufficient. Write immediately for list of positions open to you. Franklin Institute, Dept. 297-R, Rochester, N. Y. au20-su,6t.*

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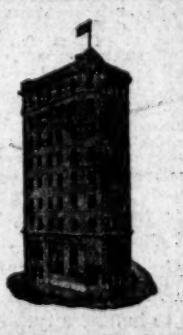

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